

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.1111, 50.0548, 53.1416)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.1111, 50.0548, 53.1416)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(55.2442, 50.2127,  
53.2347)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E1AFBA
RGB	225, 175, 186
RGB Percent	88%, 69%, 73%
CMY	0.1176, 0.3137, 0.2706
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.17, 0.12
HSL	347°, 45%, 78%
HSV	347°, 22%, 88%
XYZ	55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347
YIQ	191.2040, 26.2690, 14.0210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

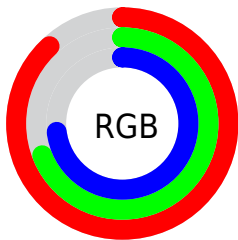
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	225, 175, 186
Decimal	14790586
CIE Lab	76.20, 19.86, 1.41
CIE LCh	76, 19.910, 4.051
Yxy	50.2127, 0.3481, 0.3164
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292980666 (0xFFE1AFBA)
YUV	191.2040, -2.5656, 29.6391
Hunter-Lab	70.8609, 15.1546, 5.0607

# Details

The XYZ color **55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **56.7440, 67.8206, 73.7216**, and the grayscale version is **49.6445, 52.2299, 56.8784**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.8429, 84.8226, 95.8524**, and **27.5554, 24.0475, 25.3796** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.4718, 41.4725, 42.6634**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.9783, 60.5084, 65.2586**.

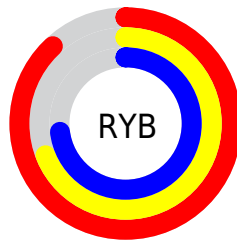
# Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (69%)

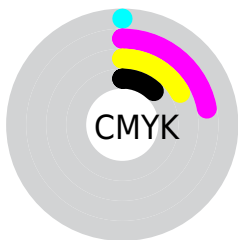
Blue (73%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (73%)

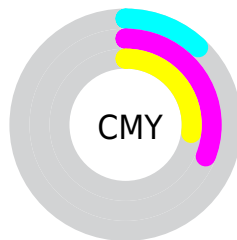


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (31%)


Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 55.2442, 50.2127,  
53.2347

 55.2442, 50.2127,  
53.2347


396.9583,  
387.4971, 416.2767

 39.8319, 35.5824,  
37.6012

 97.0449, 90.4899,  
96.3947

 27.5911, 24.1119,  
25.3739

124.1640,  
116.9057, 124.7582

 18.1565, 15.4166,  
16.1343


155.9160,  
148.0188, 158.2021

 11.1628, 9.1123,  
9.4638

192.6664,  
184.2135, 197.1450

 6.2445, 4.8145,  
4.9440

234.7805,  
225.8743, 242.0053

 3.0364, 2.1388,  
2.1563

282.6236,

 1.1730, 0.6863,

273.3856, 293.2017

0.6490

336.5611,  
327.1317, 351.1527

■ 0.0849, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.2442, 50.2127,  
53.2347

■ 55.2442, 50.2127,  
53.2347

■ 49.4718, 41.4725,  
42.6634

■ 61.9783, 60.5084,  
65.2586

■ 44.6125, 34.2054,  
33.4858

■ 69.7112, 72.4230,  
78.7843

■ 40.6197, 28.3318,  
25.6438

■ 78.4835, 86.0251,  
93.8629

■ 37.4409, 23.7617,  
19.0737

■ 84.8615, 94.7476,  
108.4232

■ 35.0178, 20.3946,  
13.7066

■ 33.2841, 18.1150,  
9.4665

■ 32.1610, 16.7848,  
6.2680

■ 31.6162, 16.2335,  
4.4267

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.4704, 50.2127, 64.1637



55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347



53.9188, 50.2127, 43.9584

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347



43.8209, 50.2127, 39.3577



44.6553, 50.2127, 75.3032

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347



56.7440, 67.8206, 73.7216

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.0259, 50.2127, 67.0011



55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347



41.5621, 50.2127, 46.1678

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347



47.2207, 50.2127, 36.6351



40.9222, 50.2127, 56.1372



48.2342, 50.2127, 77.8312



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347



52.0617, 50.2127, 39.6721



40.9222, 50.2127, 56.1372



43.6373, 50.2127, 73.0464

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.2456, 50.2150, 53.2357



87.4562, 88.2707, 95.7070



56.4596, 50.2947, 77.9666



18.5859, 18.6881, 20.2519



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.2456, 50.2150, 53.2357



69.4076, 60.6719, 63.4916



56.8453, 55.2138, 48.2216



13.8300, 13.7496, 14.8751



18.2544, 9.3688, 2.7395



1.2987, 0.6627, 0.3657



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.2456, 50.2150, 53.2357



69.4076, 60.6719, 63.4916



54.7318, 61.4723, 80.2152



13.8300, 13.7496, 14.8751



18.2544, 9.3688, 2.7395

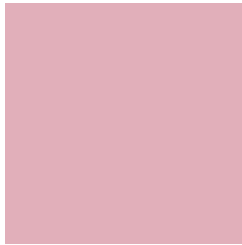


1.2987, 0.6627, 0.3657



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

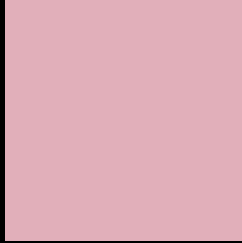
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.2442, 50.2127,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347

### Protanopia

48.6312, 50.3381, 57.6052

### Deuteranopia

51.4973, 50.3686, 52.9068



## Tritanopia

55.4584, 50.2983, 54.3625

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347

## Protanomaly

50.8564, 50.2812, 55.7400

## Deuteranomaly

52.6086, 50.0391, 52.7847

## Tritanomaly

55.3509, 50.2554, 53.7967

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347

## Achromatopsia

49.5206, 52.0996, 56.7364

## Achromatomaly

51.1629, 51.0686, 55.3048

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 175, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 175, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 175, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 175, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

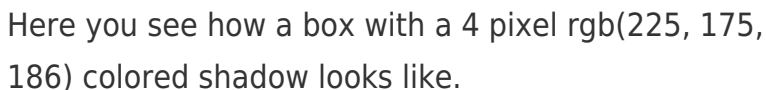
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 175, 186) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 175, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 175, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 175, 186); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 175, 186); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 175, 186) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.2442, 50.2127, 53.2347 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 175, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
175, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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