

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.1145, 49.5671, 70.5586)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.1145, 49.5671, 70.5586)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(55.0052, 49.4233,  
70.2589)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6AED6
RGB	214, 174, 214
RGB Percent	84%, 68%, 84%
CMY	0.1608, 0.3176, 0.1608
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	300°, 33%, 76%
HSV	300°, 19%, 84%
XYZ	55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589
YIQ	190.5200, 11.0000, 20.9200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

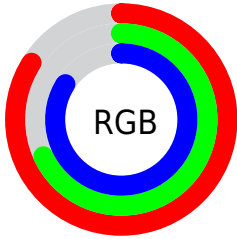
Format	Color
RYB	214, 174, 214
Decimal	14069462
CIELab	75.71, 21.35, -14.70
CIELCh	76, 25.922, 325.454
Yxy	49.4233, 0.3149, 0.2829
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292259542 (0xFFD6AED6)
YUV	190.5200, 11.5756, 20.5920
Hunter-Lab	70.3017, 16.6333, -10.0427

# Details

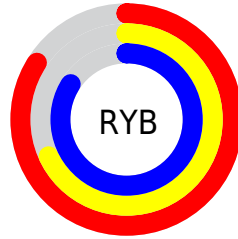
The XYZ color **55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **49.1441, 60.1492, 49.0668**, and the grayscale version is **49.1755, 51.7365, 56.3410**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.5868, 85.0736, 106.4123**, and **27.3935, 23.5489, 35.9025** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.1963, 41.8047, 68.9898**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.4757, 58.3634, 71.7497**.

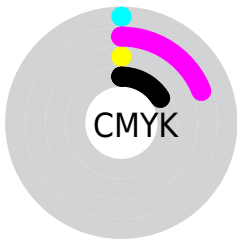
# Distribution



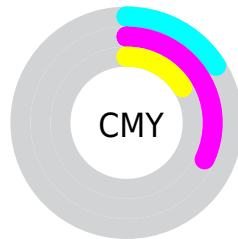
- Red (84%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 55.0052, 49.4233,  
70.2589

■ 55.0052, 49.4233,  
70.2589

396.0677,  
384.4064, 480.2722

■ 39.6397, 34.9554,  
51.2595

■ 96.6969, 89.3198,  
121.2625

■ 27.4407, 23.6285,  
36.0370

123.7538,  
115.5172, 154.1037

■ 18.0428, 15.0583,  
24.1729

155.4385,  
146.3932, 192.3960

■ 11.0806, 8.8603,  
15.2485

192.1165,  
182.3323, 236.5579

■ 6.1888, 4.6502,  
8.8454

234.1531,  
223.7187, 287.0080

■ 3.0019, 2.0435,  
4.5451

281.9136,

■ 1.1548, 0.6326,

270.9369, 344.1647

1.9289

335.7633,  
324.3714, 408.4465

■ 0.0702, 0.0000,  
0.5110

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.0052, 49.4233,  
70.2589

■ 55.0052, 49.4233,  
70.2589

■ 51.1963, 41.8047,  
68.9898

■ 59.4757, 58.3634,  
71.7497

■ 48.0135, 35.4391,  
67.9287

■ 64.6324, 68.6768,  
73.4687

■ 45.4245, 30.2611,  
67.0657

■ 70.5041, 80.4202,  
75.4260

■ 43.3926, 26.1974,  
66.3883

■ 75.6298, 90.6715,  
77.1346

41.8770, 23.1662,  
65.8830

75.6298, 90.6715,  
77.1347

40.8312, 21.0746,  
65.5343

75.6298, 90.6715,  
77.1348

40.2004, 19.8131,  
65.3240

75.6298, 90.6715,  
77.1349

39.9000, 19.2123,  
65.2237

75.6298, 90.6715,  
77.1350

39.8696, 19.1514,  
65.2136

75.6298, 90.6715,  
77.1351

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.0599, 49.4233, 81.4207



55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589



56.8022, 49.4233, 55.9383

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589



47.7115, 49.4233, 31.5084



39.1159, 49.4233, 66.0081

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589



49.1441, 60.1492, 49.0668

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.3527, 49.4233, 51.7434



55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589



43.1146, 49.4233, 33.2803

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589



52.4127, 49.4233, 34.8261



39.7677, 49.4233, 40.1583



41.9277, 49.4233, 78.6877



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589



56.4567, 49.4233, 47.0650



39.7677, 49.4233, 40.1583



38.6198, 49.4233, 61.1782

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.0067, 49.4254, 70.2600



90.3618, 90.6237, 107.3372



44.7314, 44.1284, 69.7793



19.2369, 19.1886, 22.9398



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.0067, 49.4254, 70.2600



79.6904, 69.2808, 103.7798



52.6069, 48.4655, 57.6229



12.9531, 12.6327, 15.6932



24.0982, 11.5756, 39.4168



1.4535, 0.6982, 2.3774



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.0067, 49.4254, 70.2600



79.6904, 69.2808, 103.7798



51.2415, 60.9882, 60.1120



12.9531, 12.6327, 15.6932



24.0982, 11.5756, 39.4168

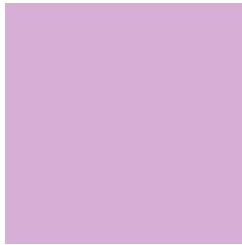


1.4535, 0.6982, 2.3774



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

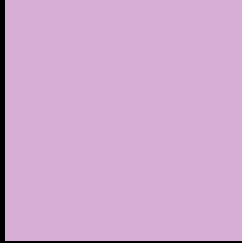
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.0052, 49.4233,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589

### Protanopia

48.9905, 49.5021, 75.3794

### Deuteranopia

50.6039, 49.5468, 69.1837



## Tritanopia

52.2988, 49.4954, 56.6663

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589

## Protanomaly

50.9170, 49.3162, 73.1650

## Deuteranomaly

52.2177, 49.4618, 69.7457

## Tritanomaly

53.2988, 49.6115, 61.4104

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589

## Achromatopsia

49.5206, 52.0996, 56.7364

## Achromatomaly

51.2110, 50.9636, 61.1707

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 174, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 174, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 174, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 174, 214) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 174, 214) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 174, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 174, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 174, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 174, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 174,  
214) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.0052, 49.4233, 70.2589 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 174, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
174, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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