

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.2342, 59.3036, 25.9807)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.2342, 59.3036, 25.9807)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(55.1908, 59.4203,  
26.0132)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0CA77
RGB	224, 202, 119
RGB Percent	88%, 79%, 47%
CMY	0.1216, 0.2078, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.47, 0.12
HSL	47°, 63%, 67%
HSV	47°, 47%, 88%
XYZ	55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132
YIQ	199.1160, 39.7550, -21.1490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

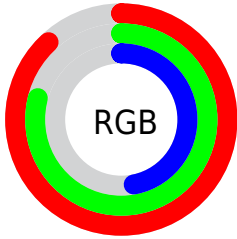
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">147, 224, 119</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14731895</a>
<a href="#">CIELab</a>	<a href="#">81.52, -3.22, 44.04</a>
<a href="#">CIElCh</a>	<a href="#">82, 44.158, 94.177</a>
<a href="#">Yxy</a>	<a href="#">59.4203, 0.3925, 0.4225</a>
<a href="#">Android (android.graphics.Color)</a>	<a href="#">4292921975 (0xFFE0CA77)</a>
<a href="#">YUV</a>	<a href="#">199.1160, -39.4972, 21.8233</a>
<a href="#">Hunter-Lab</a>	<a href="#">77.0846, -7.0960, 33.9510</a>

# Details

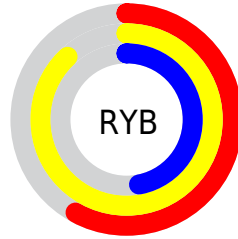
The XYZ color **55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **30.5869, 28.3526, 74.3813**, and the grayscale version is **54.5756, 57.4178, 62.5279**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.5428, 95.7971, 53.5700**, and **27.5696, 29.8127, 9.7702** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.9172, 56.7781, 19.3826**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.8179, 62.2618, 34.3270**.

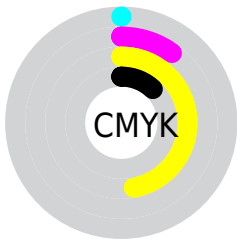
# Distribution



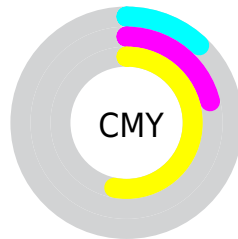
- Red (88%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 55.1908, 59.4203,  
26.0132

■ 55.1908, 59.4203,  
26.0132

396.7594,  
422.4577, 296.4544

■ 39.7890, 42.9516,  
16.6077

■ 96.9671, 103.9883,  
54.2806

■ 27.5575, 29.8471,  
9.7962

■ 124.0723,  
132.8563, 73.9795

■ 18.1311, 19.7226,  
5.1602

■ 155.8094,  
166.6262, 97.9467

■ 11.1444, 12.1935,  
2.2812

192.5436,  
205.6824, 126.6005

■ 6.2321, 6.8756,  
0.7206

234.6404,  
250.4092, 160.3597

■ 3.0287, 3.3844,  
0.0000

282.4650,

■ 1.1690, 1.3356,

301.1911, 199.6427

0.0000

336.3829,  
358.4125, 244.8681

■ 0.0816, 0.1685,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.1908, 59.4203,  
26.0132

■ 55.1908, 59.4203,  
26.0132

■ 52.9172, 56.7781,  
19.3826

■ 57.8179, 62.2618,  
34.3270

■ 50.9697, 54.3173,  
14.3123


■ 60.8147, 65.3031,  
44.4280


■ 49.3240, 52.0298,  
10.6686


■ 64.2018, 68.5550,  
56.4159


■ 47.9497, 49.9030,  
8.2937


■ 67.9968, 72.0249,  
70.3822


 46.8079, 47.9208,  
6.9837


 72.2161, 75.7200,  
86.4123

 46.4780, 47.3225,  
6.6845

 76.8752, 79.6468,  
104.5866

 78.4560, 82.3986,  
106.3772

 79.8161, 85.1187,  
106.8305

 81.2119, 87.9102,  
107.2958

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.5905, 59.4203, 28.8068



55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132



47.0573, 59.4203, 31.0262

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132



42.9948, 59.4203, 97.7653



74.0613, 59.4203, 89.5399

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132



30.5869, 28.3526, 74.3813

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.0772, 59.4203, 116.6963



55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132



49.0735, 59.4203, 122.2842

# Square

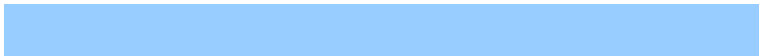
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132



40.5206, 59.4203, 68.4826



57.7835, 59.4203, 130.0161



76.1534, 59.4203, 61.0566



# Rectangle

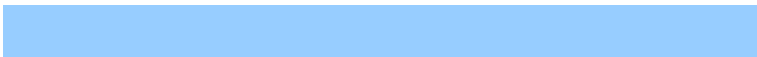
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132



43.2399, 59.4203, 39.2149



57.7835, 59.4203, 130.0161



72.1730, 59.4203, 99.3541

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.1922, 59.4231, 26.0144



87.4863, 93.2315, 80.6095



42.2014, 30.9871, 29.2505



18.4974, 19.7434, 16.4239



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.1922, 59.4231, 26.0144



71.1247, 76.3321, 26.3726



52.2980, 66.1457, 27.4646



14.6153, 15.5165, 14.5315



27.1394, 27.7167, 3.9195



1.9430, 2.0449, 0.2923



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.5869, 28.3526, 74.3813



34.4473, 30.0573, 98.5938



32.4008, 24.9423, 73.6275



13.1835, 13.7062, 17.3384



8.4886, 4.4468, 41.4593



0.6530, 0.4374, 2.8953



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

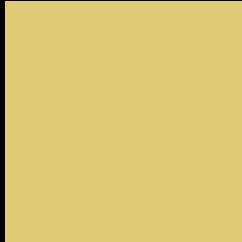
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132.



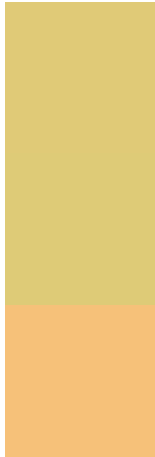
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.1908, 59.4203,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132

### Protanopia

54.8099, 59.5734, 26.0628

### Deuteranopia

60.5272, 59.1132, 26.3090



## Tritanopia

63.7164, 59.5279, 67.1633

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132

## Protanomaly

55.1171, 59.7318, 26.0772

## Deuteranomaly

58.3900, 59.0131, 26.0825

## Tritanomaly

60.1109, 59.3980, 48.8542

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132

## Achromatopsia

54.2854, 57.1125, 62.1955

## Achromatomaly

53.9224, 57.6207, 46.3101

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 202, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 202, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 202, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 202, 119) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 202, 119) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 202, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 202, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 202, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 202, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 202,  
119) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.1908, 59.4203, 26.0132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 202, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
202, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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