

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.2388, 64.7930, 72.8170)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.2388, 64.7930, 72.8170)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(55.0210, 64.5811,  
72.5163)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AFDBD5
RGB	175, 219, 213
RGB Percent	69%, 86%, 84%
CMY	0.3137, 0.1412, 0.1647
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.03, 0.14
HSL	172°, 38%, 77%
HSV	172°, 20%, 86%
XYZ	55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163
YIQ	205.1600, -24.2980, -11.1940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

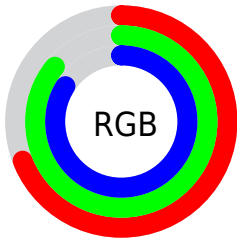
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	175, 199, 219
Decimal	11525077
CIELab	84.27, -15.48, -1.78
CIElCh	84, 15.580, 186.572
Yxy	64.5811, 0.2864, 0.3362
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289715157 (0xFFAFDBD5)
YUV	205.1600, 3.8651, -26.4503
Hunter-Lab	80.3624, -18.4221, 2.7524

# Details

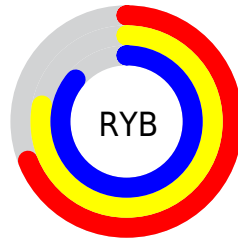
The XYZ color **55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **52.8862, 49.0580, 50.4006**, and the grayscale version is **58.1189, 61.1456, 66.5876**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.7650, 95.7289, 108.5123**, and **27.4731, 33.1571, 37.2997** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.1234, 62.1014, 70.3268**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.7265, 67.4799, 74.7828**.

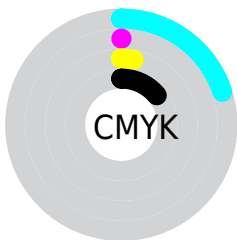
# Distribution



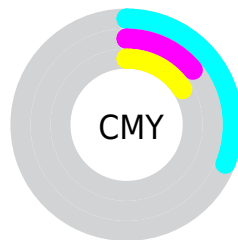
- Red (69%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 55.0210, 64.5811,  
72.5163

■ 55.0210, 64.5811,  
72.5163

396.1266,  
441.2851, 488.3624

■ 39.6524, 47.1215,  
53.0911

■ 96.7199, 111.4474,  
124.5048

■ 27.4507, 33.1317,  
37.4873

123.7809,  
141.6229, 157.9053

■ 18.0503, 22.2274,  
25.2863

155.4701,  
176.8057, 196.8012

■ 11.0860, 14.0241,  
16.0695

192.1529,  
217.3804, 241.6112

■ 6.1924, 8.1374,  
9.4185

234.1946,  
263.7313, 292.7538

■ 3.0042, 4.1830,  
4.9146

281.9605,

■ 1.1560, 1.7764,

316.2428, 350.6475

2.1394

335.8161,  
375.2993, 415.7109

■ 0.0712, 0.4724,  
0.6391

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.0210, 64.5811,  
72.5163

■ 55.0210, 64.5811,  
72.5163

■ 50.1234, 62.1014,  
70.3268

■ 60.7265, 67.4799,  
74.7828

■ 45.9897, 60.0130,  
68.2080

■ 67.2701, 70.8082,  
77.1238

■ 42.5802, 58.2972,  
66.1592

■ 74.6873, 74.5861,  
79.5425

■ 39.8493, 56.9304,  
64.1781

■ 80.1568, 77.3590,  
81.9072

■ 37.7462, 55.8864,  
62.2620

■ 80.5679, 77.5235,  
84.0723

■ 36.2131, 55.1355,  
60.4081

■ 80.9863, 77.6908,  
86.2752

■ 35.1811, 54.6422,  
58.6129

■ 81.4118, 77.8610,  
88.5160

■ 34.5318, 54.3450,  
56.8863

■ 81.8446, 78.0341,  
90.7950

■ 82.2846, 78.2101,  
93.1123

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.4905, 64.5811, 63.0264



55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163



56.2039, 64.5811, 82.2649

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163



65.4233, 64.5811, 86.7182



64.0598, 64.5811, 54.2761

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163



52.8862, 49.0580, 50.4006

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.8696, 64.5811, 59.5874



55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163



67.6772, 64.5811, 78.1510

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163



62.1453, 64.5811, 90.9461



68.2161, 64.5811, 68.1643



60.6258, 64.5811, 53.0715



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163



57.7975, 64.5811, 87.4080



68.2161, 64.5811, 68.1643



65.1125, 64.5811, 55.6145

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.0229, 64.5838, 72.5178



89.3091, 97.0791, 106.8867



52.2685, 63.6574, 50.0909



18.9878, 20.7138, 22.8318



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

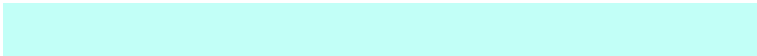


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.0229, 64.5838, 72.5178



74.6915, 89.6568, 101.0824



51.9653, 57.2265, 75.3278



13.3645, 14.7974, 16.3822



20.5049, 32.2346, 33.8876



1.3500, 2.0969, 2.3090



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.8862, 49.0580, 50.4006



71.1656, 64.0259, 64.5771



55.4537, 55.1578, 48.2825



13.1280, 13.0803, 13.9354



17.4835, 8.9944, 1.6601

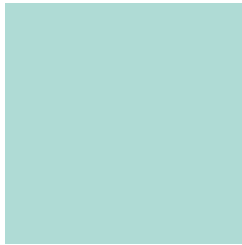


1.1565, 0.5922, 0.2332



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

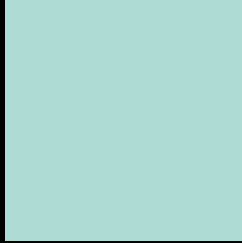
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

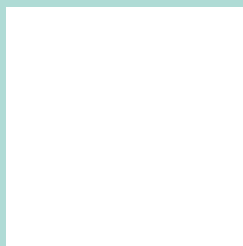
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163.



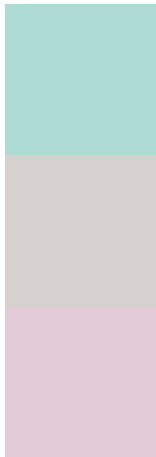
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.0210, 64.5811,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163

### Protanopia

61.7945, 64.4021, 68.2054

### Deuteranopia

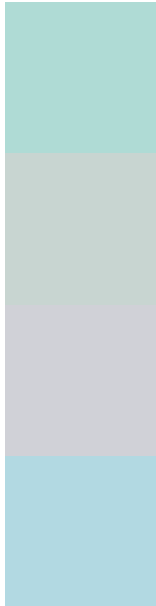
65.4292, 64.0006, 73.8706



## **Tritanopia**

57.8543, 64.5786, 86.5065

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163

## Protanomaly

59.1223, 64.4713, 69.6497

## Deuteranomaly

61.0786, 63.9171, 73.4080

## Tritanomaly

56.9004, 64.5817, 81.4180

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163

## Achromatopsia

58.0276, 61.0496, 66.4830

## Achromatomaly

56.6799, 62.1166, 68.6769

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 219, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 219, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 219, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 219, 213) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

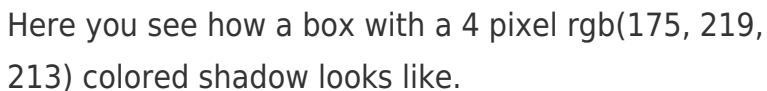
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 219, 213) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 219, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 219, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 219, 213); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 219, 213); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 219, 213) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.0210, 64.5811, 72.5163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 219, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
219, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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