

Converting Colors

XYZ(55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(55.3610, 59.2928,
67.5583)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C3CCCF
RGB	195, 204, 207
RGB Percent	76%, 80%, 81%
CMY	0.2353, 0.2000, 0.1882
CMYK	0.06, 0.01, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	195°, 11%, 79%
HSV	195°, 6%, 81%
XYZ	55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583
YIQ	201.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

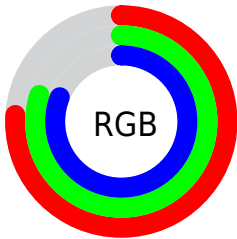
Format	Color
R_{YB}	195, 200, 207
Decimal	12831951
CIE _{Lab}	81.45, -2.49, -2.56
CIE _{LCh}	81, 3.570, 225.853
Yxy	59.2928, 0.3038, 0.3254
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291022031 (0xFFC3CCCF)
YUV	201.6510, 2.6371, -5.8329
Hunter-Lab	77.0018, -6.4193, 1.8826

Details

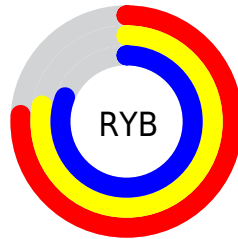
The XYZ color **55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **55.7767, 57.5932, 59.8075**, and the grayscale version is **55.9099, 58.8216, 64.0567**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.9549, 99.4354, 108.8487**, and **27.6406, 29.7753, 34.4274** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.1710, 54.3094, 66.9236**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.3367, 64.7450, 68.2439**.

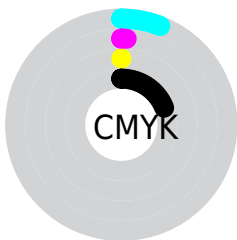
Distribution



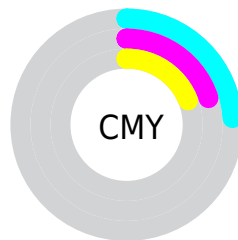
- Red (76%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55.3610, 59.2928,
67.5583

■ 55.3610, 59.2928,
67.5583

397.3931,
421.9861, 470.4850

■ 39.9258, 42.8489,
49.0740

97.2149, 103.8031,
117.3683

■ 27.6647, 29.7666,
34.3122

124.3644,
132.6383, 149.5310

■ 18.2122, 19.6615,
22.8542

156.1493,
166.3726, 187.0904

■ 11.2030, 12.1492,
14.2816

192.9350,
205.3905, 230.4649

■ 6.2719, 6.8454,
8.1758

235.0869,
250.0765, 280.0731

■ 3.0533, 3.3656,
4.1183

282.9703,

■ 1.1820, 1.3254,

300.8148, 336.3334

1.6905

336.9506,
357.9899, 399.6645

■ 0.0921, 0.1608,
0.3542

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 55.3610, 59.2928,
67.5583

■ 55.3610, 59.2928,
67.5583

■ 49.1710, 54.3094,
66.9236

■ 62.3367, 64.7450,
68.2439

■ 43.7308, 49.7709,
66.3343

■ 70.1219, 70.6740,
68.9780

■ 39.0093, 45.6624,
65.7901

■ 77.9683, 76.6963,
69.7269

■ 34.9713, 41.9649,
65.2892

■ 79.3421, 79.4440,
70.1848

■ 31.5783, 38.6581,
64.8298

■ 80.7583, 82.2764,
70.6569

■ 28.7878, 35.7196,
64.4097

■ 82.2172, 85.1941,
71.1432

■ 26.5521, 33.1239,
64.0265

■ 83.7190, 88.1978,
71.6438

■ 24.8157, 30.8420,
63.6776

■ 85.2643, 91.2883,
72.1589

■ 23.5098, 28.8377,
63.3595

■ 86.8532, 94.4662,
72.6885

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.9849, 59.2928, 65.6906



55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583



56.0055, 59.2928, 68.6335

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583



57.7611, 59.2928, 65.5710



55.9644, 59.2928, 60.6810

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583



55.7767, 57.5932, 59.8075

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.7080, 59.2928, 60.6505



55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583



57.7498, 59.2928, 63.4420

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583



57.3935, 59.2928, 67.4690



57.3629, 59.2928, 61.6513



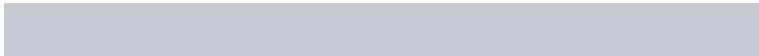
55.3311, 59.2928, 61.7354

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583



56.5027, 59.2928, 68.7412



57.3629, 59.2928, 61.6513



56.2096, 59.2928, 60.5514

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.3627, 59.2953, 67.5596



92.7935, 98.2356, 108.6784



54.9894, 60.2967, 62.0463



19.8853, 21.0450, 23.2640



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

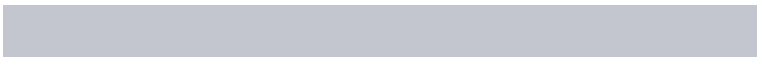
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.3627, 59.2953, 67.5596



87.3795, 93.9591, 108.1383



54.0089, 56.5877, 67.1083



12.1670, 13.1012, 15.1312



14.5913, 17.8292, 39.8648



0.8766, 1.1185, 2.2493

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.1476, 56.6564, 65.1061



88.9081, 88.8515, 103.3530



57.1287, 60.2972, 60.2582



12.3941, 12.3443, 14.4201



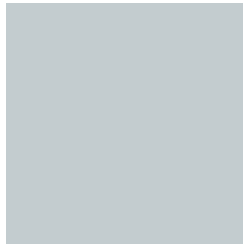
19.9958, 9.8711, 20.6816



1.1487, 0.5642, 1.3180

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

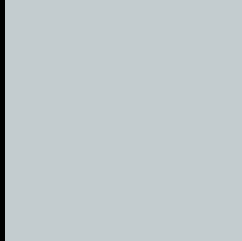
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

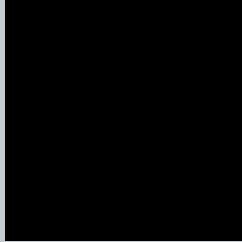
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

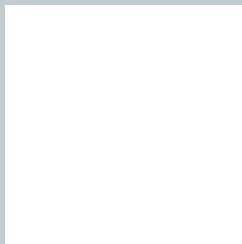
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583.

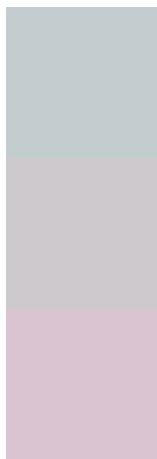


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.3610, 59.2928,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583

Protanopia

57.0829, 59.1602, 66.1681

Deuteranopia

60.4620, 59.1434, 68.5507



Tritanopia

56.8014, 59.1733, 74.7575

Trichromacy



Original Color

55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583

Protanomaly

56.3485, 59.1148, 66.8329

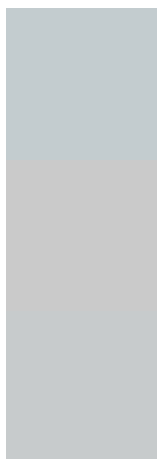
Deuteranomaly

58.3869, 59.1026, 68.0051

Tritanomaly

56.2585, 59.3027, 72.0997

Monochromacy



Original Color

55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583

Achromatopsia

56.1383, 59.0619, 64.3184

Achromatomaly

55.8082, 59.2136, 65.6147

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(195, 204, 207) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 204, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 204, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 204, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 204, 207) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 204, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 204, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 204, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 204, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 204,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.3610, 59.2928, 67.5583 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 204, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
204, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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