

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.3890, 58.1358, 38.6732)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.3890, 58.1358, 38.6732)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(55.4696, 58.2400,  
38.8897)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DBC79A
RGB	219, 199, 154
RGB Percent	86%, 78%, 60%
CMY	0.1412, 0.2196, 0.3961
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.30, 0.14
HSL	42°, 47%, 73%
HSV	42°, 30%, 86%
XYZ	55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897
YIQ	199.8500, 26.3650, -9.7550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

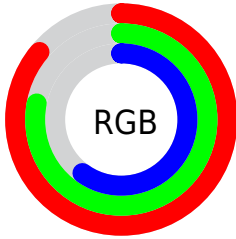
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	183, 219, 154
Decimal	14403482
CIE Lab	80.87, 0.29, 25.12
CIE LCh	81, 25.121, 89.345
Yxy	58.2400, 0.3635, 0.3817
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292593562 (0xFFDBC79A)
YUV	199.8500, -22.6040, 16.7946
Hunter-Lab	76.3151, -3.8089, 23.2068

# Details

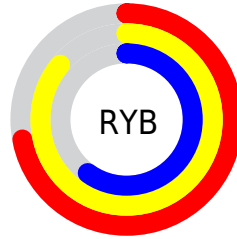
The XYZ color **55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **41.2484, 42.2555, 73.0002**, and the grayscale version is **54.9320, 57.7927, 62.9363**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.5086, 97.3834, 74.4536**, and **27.6778, 29.0166, 16.9739** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.2940, 54.5462, 29.6386**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.0496, 62.2095, 49.9187**.

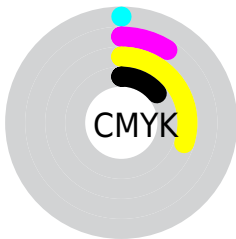
# Distribution



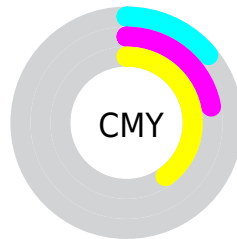
- Red (86%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 55.4696, 58.2400,  
38.8897

■ 55.4696, 58.2400,  
38.8897

397.7971,  
418.0796, 356.8333

■ 40.0132, 42.0016,  
26.3668

■ 97.3730, 102.2723,  
74.6883

■ 27.7331, 29.1026,  
16.8700

■ 124.5506,  
130.8350, 98.8010

■ 18.2640, 19.1584,  
9.9809

156.3660,  
164.2745, 127.6140

■ 11.2405, 11.7848,  
5.2808

193.1845,  
202.9754, 161.5460

■ 6.2973, 6.5973,  
2.3514

235.3716,  
247.3220, 201.0153

■ 3.0691, 3.2116,  
0.7598

283.2924,

■ 1.1904, 1.2432,

297.6986, 246.4406

0.0000

337.3125,  
354.4897, 298.2404

■ 0.0988, 0.0965,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.4696, 58.2400,  
38.8897

■ 55.4696, 58.2400,  
38.8897

■ 52.2940, 54.5462,  
29.6386

■ 59.0496, 62.2095,  
49.9187

■ 49.4994, 51.1111,  
22.0660

■ 63.0472, 66.4552,  
62.8105

■ 47.0665, 47.9277,  
16.0685

■ 67.4803, 70.9875,  
77.6487

■ 44.9723, 44.9853,  
11.5293

■ 72.3644, 75.8142,  
94.5108

43.1908, 42.2720,  
8.3155

76.3147, 80.3825,  
106.1009

41.6910, 39.7739,  
6.2696

78.2551, 84.2633,  
106.7477

40.4208, 37.4686,  
5.1219

80.2691, 88.2913,  
107.4190

40.3820, 37.3972,  
5.0900

82.3574, 92.4679,  
108.1151

83.0235, 93.8001,  
108.3372

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.6071, 58.2400, 41.8465



55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897



50.6021, 58.2400, 41.5992

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897



47.0953, 58.2400, 78.4948



64.4025, 58.2400, 79.1494

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897



41.2484, 42.2555, 73.0002

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.3974, 58.2400, 91.7675



55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897



50.4161, 58.2400, 91.3499

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897



45.9542, 58.2400, 63.0871



55.2413, 58.2400, 96.5430



65.9585, 58.2400, 63.7409



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897



48.1165, 58.2400, 46.5392



55.2413, 58.2400, 96.5430



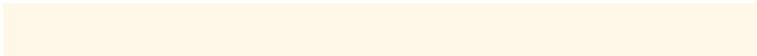
63.2861, 58.2400, 83.9409

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.4711, 58.2427, 38.8909



89.3616, 94.1870, 89.8512



48.4665, 41.2507, 45.7516



18.9405, 19.9655, 18.6188



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.4711, 58.2427, 38.8909



75.2724, 78.7188, 45.9713



56.9201, 66.2739, 40.3647



13.8067, 14.5527, 13.8068



24.0457, 22.3770, 3.0518



1.6328, 1.5997, 0.2227



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.2484, 42.2555, 73.0002



51.9220, 52.4813, 102.0011



40.0508, 36.3244, 71.9185



12.6638, 13.2673, 16.5455



8.8703, 5.6101, 40.3537



0.6498, 0.5138, 2.6394



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

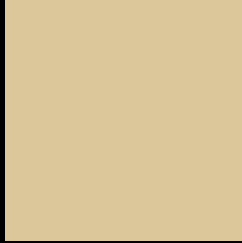
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

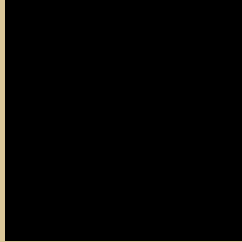
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

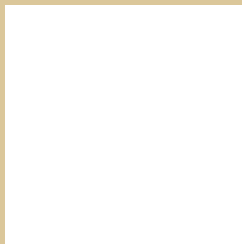
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.4696, 58.2400,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897

### Protanopia

54.5346, 58.4360, 39.4153

### Deuteranopia

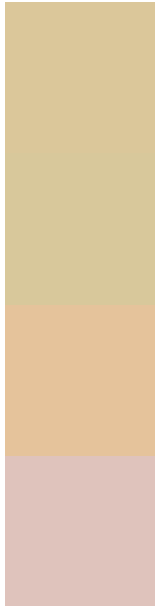
59.2473, 58.1687, 39.1153



## Tritanopia

61.1635, 58.2118, 67.0438

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897

## Protanomaly

54.8896, 58.2740, 39.3654

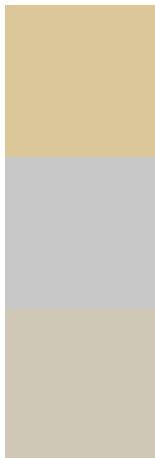
## Deuteranomaly

57.7446, 58.0548, 39.1726

## Tritanomaly

59.0236, 58.3490, 55.7286

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897

## Achromatopsia

54.8990, 57.7580, 62.8985

## Achromatomaly

54.9336, 57.9928, 53.0982

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 199, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 199, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 199, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 199, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 199, 154) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 199, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 199, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 199, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 199, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 199,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.4696, 58.2400, 38.8897 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 199, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
199, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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