

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.4280, 63.9948, 79.1237)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.4280, 63.9948, 79.1237)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(55.3657, 63.8377,  
79.2159)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADD9DF
RGB	173, 217, 223
RGB Percent	68%, 85%, 87%
CMY	0.3216, 0.1490, 0.1255
CMYK	0.22, 0.03, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	187°, 44%, 78%
HSV	187°, 22%, 87%
XYZ	55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159
YIQ	204.5280, -28.1500, -7.4620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

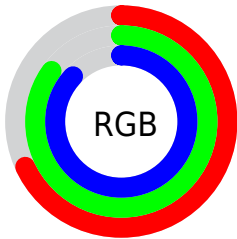
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	173, 196, 223
Decimal	11393503
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	83.88, -12.94, -7.67
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	84, 15.046, 210.648
Yxy	63.8377, 0.2790, 0.3217
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289583583 (0xFFADD9DF)
YUV	204.5280, 9.1067, -27.6501
Hunter-Lab	79.8985, -16.1307, -2.8545

# Details

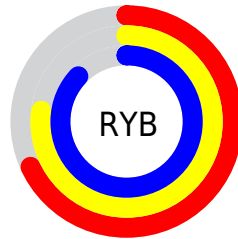
The XYZ color **55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **54.0949, 50.9454, 46.5186**, and the grayscale version is **57.6870, 60.6913, 66.0928**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.1231, 95.3980, 108.4822**, and **27.5960, 32.5898, 41.8818** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.1569, 60.1388, 78.7775**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.4125, 67.9884, 79.6994**.

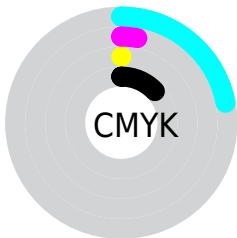
# Distribution



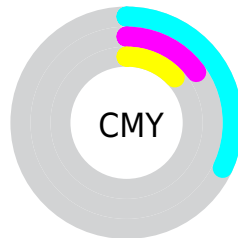
- Red (68%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 55.3657, 63.8377,  
79.2159

■ 55.3657, 63.8377,  
79.2159

397.4106,  
438.6033, 511.9233

■ 39.9296, 46.5192,  
58.5510

■ 97.2218, 110.3772,  
134.0642

■ 27.6676, 32.6558,  
41.8341

124.3724,  
140.3670, 169.0846

■ 18.2144, 21.8629,  
28.6468

156.1586,  
175.3493, 209.7273

■ 11.2047, 13.7562,  
18.5705

192.9458,  
215.7086, 256.4108

■ 6.2730, 7.9513,  
11.1867

235.0992,  
261.8293, 309.5536

■ 3.0540, 4.0638,  
6.0768

282.9842,

■ 1.1824, 1.7093,

314.0957, 369.5742

2.8223

336.9662,  
372.8922, 436.8913

■ 0.0924, 0.4297,  
1.0046

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.3657, 63.8377,  
79.2159

■ 55.3657, 63.8377,  
79.2159

■ 50.1569, 60.1388,  
78.7775

■ 61.4125, 67.9884,  
79.6994

■ 45.7395, 56.8629,  
78.3780

■ 68.3296, 72.6028,  
80.2255

■ 42.0711, 53.9894,  
78.0167

■ 76.1546, 77.7020,  
80.7973

■ 39.1028, 51.4933,  
77.6914

■ 82.2214, 81.9116,  
81.2901

36.7802, 49.3463,  
77.3994

82.9617, 83.3922,  
81.5369

35.0402, 47.5158,  
77.1378

83.7134, 84.8956,  
81.7874

33.8073, 45.9629,  
76.9030

84.4766, 86.4220,  
82.0418

33.1168, 44.9223,  
76.7386

85.2513, 87.9715,  
82.3001

86.0377, 89.5441,  
82.5622

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.5343, 63.8377, 69.7148



55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159



57.6106, 63.8377, 86.6290

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159



66.3915, 63.8377, 78.8269



60.6038, 63.8377, 52.8355

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159



54.0949, 50.9454, 46.5186

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.8478, 63.8377, 54.8066



55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159



67.2620, 63.8377, 69.3024

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159



63.9769, 63.8377, 86.3905



66.3151, 63.8377, 60.6282



57.4903, 63.8377, 54.9827



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159



59.6480, 63.8377, 89.0800



66.3151, 63.8377, 60.6282



61.7154, 63.8377, 53.0365

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.3676, 63.8403, 79.2173



88.1059, 95.4119, 108.3804



51.7422, 64.9087, 52.3622



18.7362, 20.3406, 23.1886



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.3676, 63.8403, 79.2173



71.5181, 84.0417, 107.0600



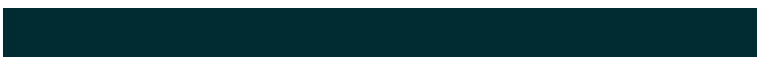
49.4403, 51.9857, 77.2416



13.9689, 15.2770, 17.6002



19.5273, 26.5241, 45.1388



1.3936, 1.9187, 3.1421



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.9009, 50.5862, 72.3611



75.5792, 63.1405, 95.9909



59.5286, 61.8128, 48.3299



14.2205, 13.9058, 16.9315



23.7967, 11.5857, 31.9246

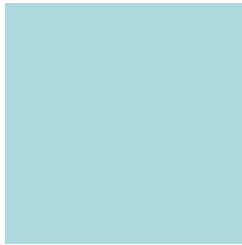


1.6697, 0.8112, 2.3195



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

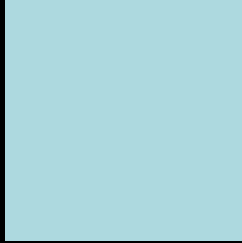
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.3657, 63.8377,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159

### Protanopia

61.4156, 63.3370, 74.6340

### Deuteranopia

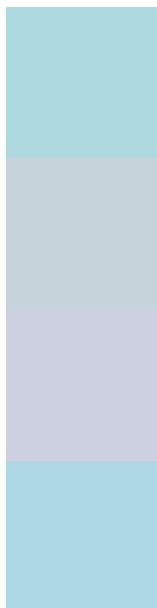
64.9022, 63.5750, 80.8020



## Tritanopia

56.6876, 63.5980, 86.3787

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159

## Protanomaly

59.1064, 63.5733, 76.1735

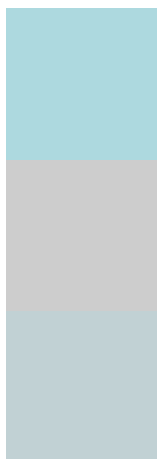
## Deuteranomaly

61.0483, 63.3854, 80.2512

## Tritanomaly

56.1543, 63.7675, 83.4775

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159

## Achromatopsia

58.0276, 61.0496, 66.4830

## Achromatomaly

56.6764, 61.6919, 71.2079

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 217, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 217, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 217, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 217, 223) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 217, 223) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 217, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 217, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 217, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 217, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 217,  
223) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.3657, 63.8377, 79.2159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 217, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
217, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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