

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.4427, 50.5184, 75.0658)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.4427, 50.5184, 75.0658)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(55.3516, 50.3664,  
75.2109)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D2B1DD
RGB	210, 177, 221
RGB Percent	82%, 69%, 87%
CMY	0.1765, 0.3059, 0.1333
CMYK	0.05, 0.20, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	285°, 39%, 78%
HSV	285°, 20%, 87%
XYZ	55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109
YIQ	191.8830, 5.5440, 20.6800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

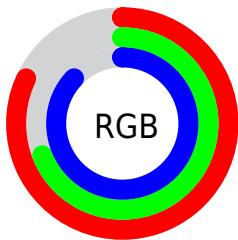
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	210, 177, 221
Decimal	13808093
CIE Lab	76.29, 19.73, -17.67
CIE LCh	76, 26.481, 318.149
Yxy	50.3664, 0.3059, 0.2784
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291998173 (0xFFD2B1DD)
YUV	191.8830, 14.3547, 15.8886
Hunter-Lab	70.9693, 15.0226, -13.1551

# Details

The XYZ color **55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **54.5331, 65.5799, 51.3815**, and the grayscale version is **49.9527, 52.5541, 57.2314**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.4289, 86.7578, 106.6930**, and **27.6082, 24.1370, 39.2802** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.7894, 41.5363, 73.8004**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.6781, 60.6426, 76.8617**.

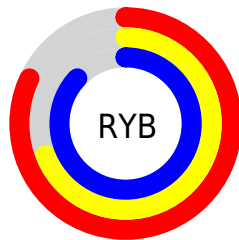
# Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (69%)

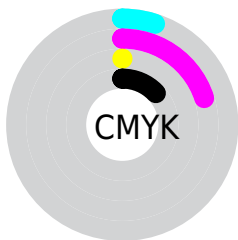
Blue (87%)



Red (82%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (87%)

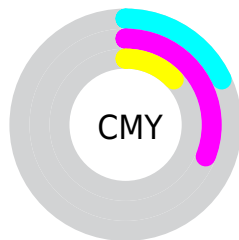


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (18%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 55.3516, 50.3664,  
75.2109

■ 55.3516, 50.3664,  
75.2109

397.3581,  
388.0971, 497.9169

■ 39.9183, 35.7046,  
55.2829

■ 97.2012, 90.7175,  
128.3607

■ 27.6587, 24.2062,  
39.2281

124.3482,  
117.1756, 162.4196

■ 18.2077, 15.4866,  
26.6281

156.1305,  
148.3347, 202.0259

■ 11.1998, 9.1616,  
17.0641

192.9134,  
184.5790, 247.5981

■ 6.2697, 4.8467,  
10.1178

235.0622,  
226.2930, 299.5547

■ 3.0520, 2.1576,  
5.3705

282.9424,

■ 1.1813, 0.6967,

273.8611, 358.3144

2.4037

336.9192,  
327.6676, 424.2956

■ 0.0915, 0.0000,  
0.7885

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.3516, 50.3664,  
75.2109

■ 55.3516, 50.3664,  
75.2109

■ 49.7894, 41.5363,  
73.8004

■ 61.6781, 60.6426,  
76.8617

■ 44.9523, 34.0775,  
72.6157

■ 68.7965, 72.4221,  
78.7602

■ 40.8046, 27.9185,  
71.6455

■ 76.7386, 85.7667,  
80.9174

■ 37.3054, 22.9783,  
70.8764

■ 82.1233, 93.9135,  
82.2061

34.4092, 19.1670,  
70.2933

83.9463, 94.8533,  
82.2914

32.0644, 16.3816,  
69.8793

85.8263, 95.8224,  
82.3794

30.2095, 14.5005,  
69.6140

87.7636, 96.8212,  
82.4700

28.7374, 13.3103,  
69.4618

89.7589, 97.8498,  
82.5634

28.7245, 13.3003,  
69.4606

90.0513, 98.0005,  
82.5771

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.9116, 50.3664, 85.1882



55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109



57.8506, 50.3664, 60.6577

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109



49.8621, 50.3664, 32.1724



39.3500, 50.3664, 63.8181

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109



54.5331, 65.5799, 51.3815

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.1119, 50.3664, 49.4075



55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109



44.9553, 50.3664, 32.7210

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109



54.5376, 50.3664, 36.8702



41.0981, 50.3664, 38.5265



41.7725, 50.3664, 77.8667



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109



57.9724, 50.3664, 51.0506



41.0981, 50.3664, 38.5265



39.0183, 50.3664, 58.8134

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.3531, 50.3686, 75.2120



88.9685, 89.9054, 107.2721



49.3249, 50.8504, 75.6227



18.9065, 19.0183, 22.9244



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.3531, 50.3686, 75.2120



73.1305, 64.1873, 103.1427



57.2669, 51.5084, 68.3779



13.2799, 13.1024, 16.4812



16.7949, 7.7823, 40.3553



1.1649, 0.5438, 2.6180



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.6198, 50.4495, 54.4384



72.0084, 64.3630, 69.0150



52.9879, 64.6606, 56.8537



13.1889, 13.1047, 14.2561



17.7647, 9.1069, 3.1410



1.1854, 0.6038, 0.3853



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

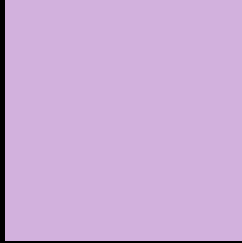
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

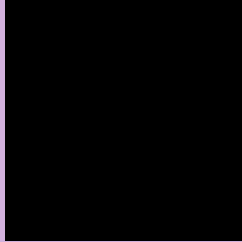
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.3516, 50.3664,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109

### Protanopia

50.2259, 50.6704, 79.8062

### Deuteranopia

51.7970, 50.6548, 74.7575



## Tritanopia

51.9413, 50.1551, 59.1679

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109

## Protanomaly

51.7593, 50.2504, 78.2054

## Deuteranomaly

52.9953, 50.3572, 74.6369

## Tritanomaly

53.0728, 50.3157, 64.6723

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109

## Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

## Achromatomaly

52.1030, 51.9946, 63.7897

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 177, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 177, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 177, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 177, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 177, 221) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 177, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 177, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 177, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 177, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 177,  
221) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.3516, 50.3664, 75.2109 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 177, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
177, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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