

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.4693, 57.7676, 14.1879)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.4693, 57.7676, 14.1879)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(55.4693, 57.7677,  
14.1880)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECC447
RGB	236, 196, 71
RGB Percent	93%, 77%, 28%
CMY	0.0745, 0.2313, 0.7216
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.70, 0.07
HSL	45°, 81%, 60%
HSV	45°, 70%, 93%
XYZ	55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880
YIQ	193.7100, 63.9650, -30.3950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

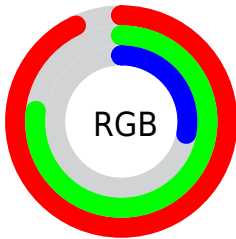
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	124, 236, 71
Decimal	15516743
CIELab	80.61, 1.42, 65.17
CIELCh	81, 65.188, 88.754
Yxy	57.7677, 0.4353, 0.4533
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293706823 (0xFFECC447)
YUV	193.7100, -60.4960, 37.0883
Hunter-Lab	76.0051, -2.7377, 42.1358

# Details

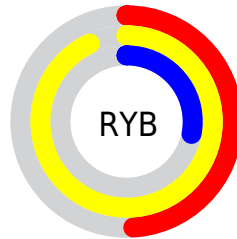
The XYZ color **55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. The color can be described as light muted yellow. A complement of this color would be **23.4231, 18.7640, 81.7435**, and the grayscale version is **51.4279, 54.1062, 58.9216**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.8163, 92.3872, 33.3644**, and **27.7270, 28.8750, 4.1121** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.5886, 54.9922, 10.5224**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.6959, 60.7647, 19.4202**.

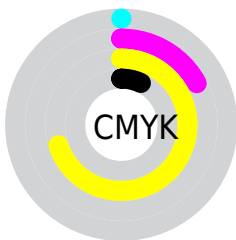
# Distribution



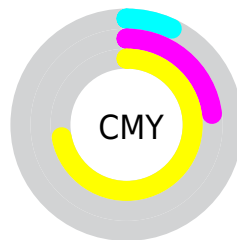
- Red (93%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (72%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



55.4693, 57.7677,  
14.1880

55.4693, 57.7677,  
14.1880

397.7960,  
416.3198, 229.8662

40.0129, 41.6219,  
8.1113

97.3725, 101.5845,  
34.1442

27.7329, 28.8054,  
4.0775

124.5501,  
130.0243, 48.8607

18.2638, 18.9336,  
1.6679

156.3654,  
163.3309, 67.2942

11.2404, 11.6223,  
0.3386

193.1839,  
201.8887, 89.8633

6.2972, 6.4871,  
0.0000

235.3708,  
246.0821, 116.9866

3.0690, 3.1434,  
0.0000

283.2915,

1.1904, 1.2071,

296.2955, 149.0824

0.0000

337.3115,  
352.9133, 186.5695

■ 0.0987, 0.0675,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.4693, 57.7677,  
14.1880

■ 55.4693, 57.7677,  
14.1880

■ 53.5886, 54.9922,  
10.5224

■ 57.6959, 60.7647,  
19.4202

■ 52.0129, 52.4144,  
8.2291


■ 60.2952, 63.9882,  
26.3762


■ 50.6821, 50.0115,  
6.9878


■ 63.2959, 67.4526,  
35.1977


■ 50.6710, 49.9912,  
6.9786


■ 66.7224, 71.1685,  
46.0106

 70.5968, 75.1457,  
58.9300

 74.9400, 79.3933,  
74.0620

 79.7712, 83.9196,  
91.5057

 84.3252, 88.4195,  
107.2300

 86.0524, 91.8739,  
107.8057

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.3977, 57.7677, 18.5314



55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880



43.4130, 57.7677, 17.8292

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880



35.2606, 57.7677, 105.5314



80.0341, 57.7677, 109.5090

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880



23.4231, 18.7640, 81.7435

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.2682, 57.7677, 152.3967



55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880



42.5875, 57.7677, 149.5172

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880



32.9509, 57.7677, 61.3064



54.3475, 57.7677, 169.3864



84.9315, 57.7677, 64.5194



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880



37.7110, 57.7677, 25.6929



54.3475, 57.7677, 169.3864



76.6660, 57.7677, 125.2312

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.4706, 57.7705, 14.1891



83.5938, 89.0145, 68.3120



39.7840, 23.5152, 17.8452



17.6105, 18.7668, 13.6702



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.4706, 57.7705, 14.1891



63.0118, 64.1687, 11.1443



53.5739, 72.0142, 17.0384



16.0247, 16.9723, 15.9501



28.0370, 27.7683, 3.8821



2.2754, 2.3282, 0.3295



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.4231, 18.7640, 81.7435



22.8462, 15.4668, 96.3890



24.1080, 14.0244, 80.7925



14.5277, 15.1418, 19.0792



9.2420, 5.1310, 44.2462



0.7990, 0.5495, 3.4988



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

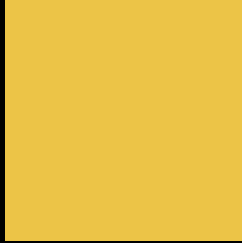
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.4693, 57.7677,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880

### Protanopia

52.7968, 58.0885, 14.5604

### Deuteranopia

59.0404, 57.6319, 14.3156



## Tritanopia

65.1326, 57.5370, 61.0990

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880

## Protanomaly

53.5880, 57.8087, 14.4647

## Deuteranomaly

57.6755, 57.5796, 14.2050

## Tritanomaly

60.2687, 57.1107, 37.5527

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880

## Achromatopsia

51.2775, 53.9479, 58.7493

## Achromatomaly

51.2344, 54.7554, 36.3023

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 196, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 196, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 196, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 196, 71) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 196, 71) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 196, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 196, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 196, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 196, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 196,  
71) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.4693, 57.7677, 14.1880 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 196, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
196, 71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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