

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.5865, 64.0658, 27.2358)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.5865, 64.0658, 27.2358)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(55.4611, 63.8963,  
27.1794)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7D678
RGB	215, 214, 120
RGB Percent	84%, 84%, 47%
CMY	0.1569, 0.1608, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.44, 0.16
HSL	59°, 54%, 66%
HSV	59°, 44%, 84%
XYZ	55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794
YIQ	203.5830, 30.7700, -29.0220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

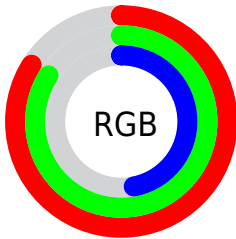
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	121, 215, 120
Decimal	14145144
CIELab	83.91, -12.84, 46.33
CIELCh	84, 48.079, 105.485
Yxy	63.8963, 0.3785, 0.4360
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292335224 (0xFFD7D678)
YUV	203.5830, -41.2064, 10.0127
Hunter-Lab	79.9352, -16.0386, 35.7949

# Details

The XYZ color **55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **26.8488, 22.5735, 67.2320**, and the grayscale version is **57.3708, 60.3586, 65.7305**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.6400, 95.8360, 54.0816**, and **27.5729, 32.4950, 10.4492** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.2438, 63.3206, 21.0432**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.9745, 64.5952, 34.8611**.

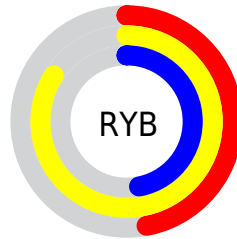
# Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (84%)

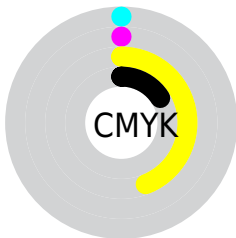
Blue (47%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (47%)

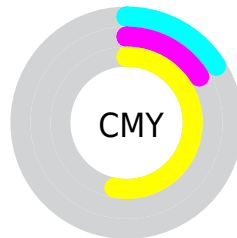


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (44%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (16%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 55.4611, 63.8963,  
27.1794

■ 55.4611, 63.8963,  
27.1794

397.7655,  
438.8151, 302.3123

■ 40.0063, 46.5667,  
17.4744

■ 97.3606, 110.4616,  
56.1788

■ 27.7277, 32.6932,  
10.4078

■ 124.5360,  
140.4660, 76.3103

■ 18.2599, 21.8916,  
5.5610

■ 156.3490,  
175.4642, 100.7544

■ 11.2376, 13.7772,  
2.5156

193.1650,  
215.8406, 129.9296

■ 6.2953, 7.9659,  
0.8484

235.3493,  
261.9794, 164.2545

■ 3.0678, 4.0731,  
0.0000

283.2672,

■ 1.1897, 1.7146,

314.2652, 204.1475

0.0000

337.2842,  
373.0823, 250.0273

■ 0.0982, 0.4331,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.4611, 63.8963,  
27.1794

■ 55.4611, 63.8963,  
27.1794

■ 54.2438, 63.3206,  
21.0432

■ 56.9745, 64.5952,  
34.8611

■ 53.2982, 62.8515,  
16.3441


■ 58.7975, 65.4157,  
44.1791


■ 52.6035, 62.4828,  
12.9658


■ 60.9481, 66.3673,  
55.2220

■ 52.1339, 62.2043,  
10.7724


■ 63.4417, 67.4563,  
68.0708


 51.8580, 62.0033,  
9.5988


 66.2927, 68.6884,  
82.8015

 51.7557, 61.9098,  
9.2220

 69.5147, 70.0691,  
99.4855

 70.5229, 70.5643,  
104.5111

 70.5805, 70.6794,  
104.5302

 70.6381, 70.7946,  
104.5494

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.9734, 63.8963, 27.0432



55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794



47.3514, 63.8963, 36.2016

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794



47.5581, 63.8963, 119.9263



82.6275, 63.8963, 85.2173

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794



26.8488, 22.5735, 67.2320

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.4209, 63.8963, 118.9261



55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794



55.7749, 63.8963, 142.5760

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794



43.1628, 63.8963, 86.3130



66.3257, 63.8963, 142.1644



82.5181, 63.8963, 55.1493



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794



44.0409, 63.8963, 48.0924



66.3257, 63.8963, 142.1644



81.1818, 63.8963, 96.6503

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.4627, 63.8992, 27.1807



90.0541, 97.8247, 83.1376



38.2283, 29.2755, 21.9140



19.1126, 20.8670, 16.9579



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.4627, 63.8992, 27.1807



79.9315, 93.2333, 31.5046



44.0711, 58.4013, 26.7199



13.4612, 14.4966, 13.2494



30.9614, 37.0401, 5.5176



1.8711, 2.2414, 0.3340



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.8488, 22.5735, 67.2320



32.6445, 24.9415, 97.7014



34.6912, 26.4380, 67.5646



11.7529, 12.0293, 15.6400



7.3558, 2.9734, 38.6394

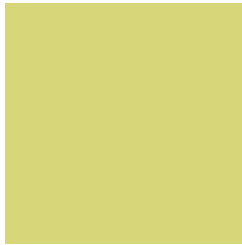


0.4474, 0.1868, 2.3318



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

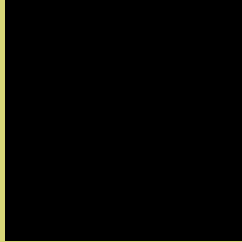
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.4611, 63.8963,

27.1794.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794

### Protanopia

58.7036, 63.7319, 26.3470

### Deuteranopia

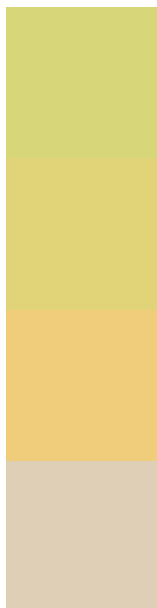
65.1025, 63.8094, 27.6241



## Tritanopia

65.3749, 63.9426, 75.2262

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794

## Protanomaly

57.6754, 63.9280, 26.7523

## Deuteranomaly

61.2794, 63.5930, 27.4573

## Tritanomaly

60.8805, 63.5326, 53.3102

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794

## Achromatopsia

57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568

## Achromatomaly

56.1111, 61.5388, 48.4560

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 214, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 214, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 214, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 214, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 214, 120) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 214, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 214, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 214, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 214, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 214,  
120) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.4611, 63.8963, 27.1794 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 214, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
214, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor