

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.6474, 57.4560, 63.0803)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.6474, 57.4560, 63.0803)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(55.5212, 57.3957,  
62.7958)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CCC6C8
RGB	204, 198, 200
RGB Percent	80%, 78%, 78%
CMY	0.2000, 0.2235, 0.2157
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.02, 0.20
HSL	340°, 6%, 79%
HSV	340°, 3%, 80%
XYZ	55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958
YIQ	200.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

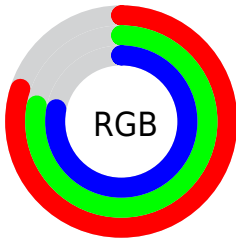
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	204, 198, 200
Decimal	13420232
CIE Lab	80.40, 2.44, -0.27
CIE LCh	80, 2.459, 353.766
Yxy	57.3957, 0.3160, 0.3266
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291610312 (0xFFCCC6C8)
YUV	200.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887
Hunter-Lab	75.7599, -1.7650, 3.8878

# Details

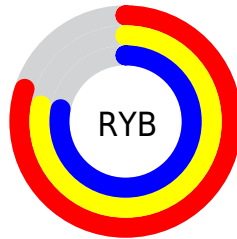
The XYZ color **55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **55.5443, 59.4571, 64.4288**, and the grayscale version is **54.9134, 57.7732, 62.9150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **27.7392, 28.5059, 31.2343** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.6488, 48.0833, 53.3383**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.1664, 68.0258, 73.2107**.

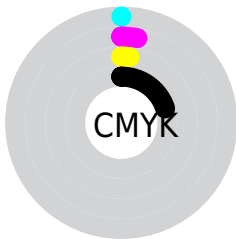
# Distribution



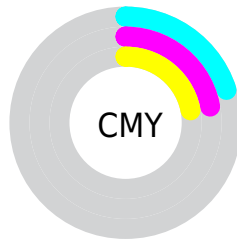
- Red (80%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 55.5212, 57.3957,  
62.7958

■ 55.5212, 57.3957,  
62.7958

397.9889,  
414.9304, 452.9156

■ 40.0547, 41.3230,  
45.2361

97.4481, 101.0423,  
110.4576

■ 27.7656, 28.5716,  
31.2991

124.6391,  
129.3851, 141.3968

■ 18.2886, 18.7570,  
20.5664

156.4690,  
162.5866, 177.6328

■ 11.2583, 11.4948,  
12.6193

193.3031,  
201.0314, 219.5843

■ 6.3094, 6.4007,  
7.0393

235.5068,  
245.1038, 267.6698

■ 3.0766, 3.0902,  
3.4078

283.4454,

■ 1.1944, 1.1790,

295.1881, 322.3078

1.3065

337.4844,  
351.6689, 383.9169

■ 0.1019, 0.0445,  
0.0671

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.5212, 57.3957,  
62.7958

■ 55.5212, 57.3957,  
62.7958

■ 49.6488, 48.0833,  
53.3383

■ 62.1664, 68.0258,  
73.2107

■ 44.5159, 40.0297,  
44.8069

■ 69.6067, 80.0146,  
84.6058

■ 40.0935, 33.1828,  
37.1738

■ 76.5131, 90.6979,  
96.5556

■ 36.3492, 27.4838,  
30.4084

■ 78.6208, 91.5410,  
107.6548

■ 33.2477, 22.8690,  
24.4782

■ 78.7121, 91.5775,  
108.1354

■ 30.7505, 19.2685,  
19.3488

■ 28.8148, 16.6041,  
14.9828

■ 27.3917, 14.7858,  
11.3394

■ 26.4230, 13.7059,  
8.3729

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.3377, 57.3957, 64.1478



55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958



55.4439, 57.3957, 61.3832

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958



54.1636, 57.3957, 59.9902



53.9825, 57.3957, 64.7579

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958



55.5443, 59.4571, 64.4288

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.6714, 57.3957, 63.6185



55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958



53.7755, 57.3957, 60.8692

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958



54.6581, 57.3957, 59.7776



53.5959, 57.3957, 62.1935



54.4478, 57.3957, 65.2918



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958



55.2552, 57.3957, 60.5954



53.5959, 57.3957, 62.1935



53.8566, 57.3957, 64.4322

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.5228, 57.3982, 62.7970



93.9692, 98.2747, 107.1947



55.4522, 57.3070, 65.2660



20.1247, 21.0530, 22.9621



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.5228, 57.3982, 62.7970



90.8057, 93.2334, 102.1764



55.5201, 57.7638, 61.6524



11.9779, 12.2489, 13.4369



16.3676, 8.3576, 4.3886



0.8795, 0.4452, 0.4115



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.5228, 57.3982, 62.7970



90.8057, 93.2334, 102.1764



55.5455, 59.0788, 65.6031



11.9779, 12.2489, 13.4369



16.3676, 8.3576, 4.3886

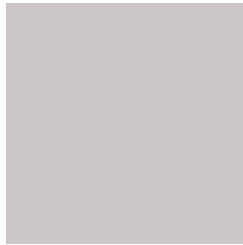


0.8795, 0.4452, 0.4115



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

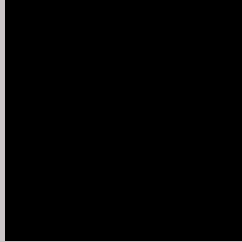
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

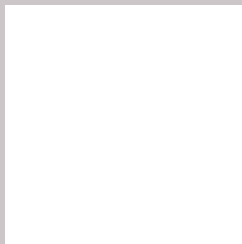
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958.



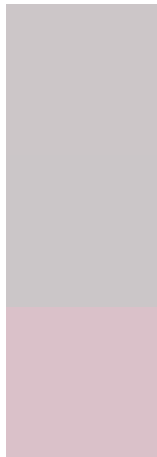
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.5212, 57.3957,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958

### Protanopia

55.2480, 57.2548, 62.7830

### Deuteranopia

58.5260, 57.2624, 63.2264



## Tritanopia

57.0772, 57.3551, 70.3497

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958

## Protanomaly

55.2480, 57.2548, 62.7830

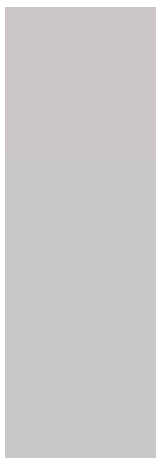
## Deuteranomaly

57.4983, 57.3934, 63.3059

## Tritanomaly

56.5283, 57.4657, 67.7871

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958

## Achromatopsia

54.8990, 57.7580, 62.8985

## Achromatomaly

54.9361, 57.4345, 62.8341

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(204, 198, 200) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 198, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 198, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 198, 200) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 198, 200) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 198, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 198, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 198, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 198, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 198,  
200) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.5212, 57.3957, 62.7958 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 198, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
198, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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