

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.6701, 38.2460, 43.3466)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.6701, 38.2460, 43.3466)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(55.6459, 38.1576,  
43.4620)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF7AAC
RGB	255, 122, 172
RGB Percent	100%, 48%, 67%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5215, 0.3255
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.33, 0.00
HSL	337°, 100%, 74%
HSV	337°, 52%, 100%
XYZ	55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620
YIQ	167.4670, 63.2180, 43.7460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

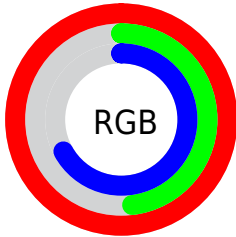
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 122, 172
Decimal	16743084
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	68.14, 55.62, -2.20
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	68, 55.667, 357.740
Yxy	38.1576, 0.4054, 0.2780
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294933164 (0xFFFF7AAC)
YUV	167.4670, 2.2348, 76.7664
Hunter-Lab	61.7718, 52.6974, 1.5245

# Details

The XYZ color **55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. A complement of this color would be **54.8074, 80.0662, 70.3276**, and the grayscale version is **36.9274, 38.8505, 42.3082**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.0255, 58.6468, 80.2496**, and **27.9030, 16.9725, 19.5747** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.4774, 32.1219, 34.9779**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.8208, 45.9128, 53.1854**.

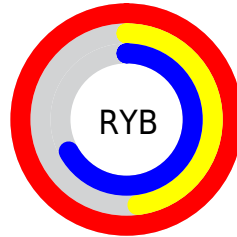
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (48%)

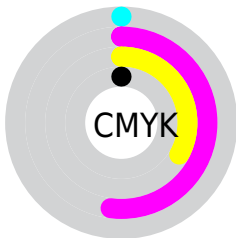
Blue (67%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (67%)

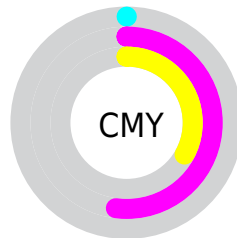


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (52%)


Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 55.6459, 38.1576,  
43.4620

 55.6459, 38.1576,  
43.4620


398.4524,  
338.2955, 376.4852


 40.1550, 26.1050,  
29.9137


 97.6295, 72.3496,  
81.7014

 27.8441, 16.9022,  
19.5216


 124.8528, 95.2579,  
107.2296

 18.3481, 10.1648,  
11.8672


 156.7177,  
122.5535, 137.5881

 11.3014, 5.5084,  
6.5318

193.5895,  
154.6208, 173.1955

 6.3387, 2.5485,  
3.0971

235.8335,  
191.8443, 214.4704

 3.0947, 0.9009,  
1.1444

283.8150,

 1.2040, 0.0000,

234.6083, 261.8313

0.0000

337.8996,  
283.2973, 315.6967

■ 0.1096, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.6459, 38.1576,  
43.4620

■ 55.6459, 38.1576,  
43.4620

■ 51.4774, 32.1219,  
34.9779

■ 60.8208, 45.9128,  
53.1854

■ 48.2401, 27.6660,  
27.6751

■ 67.0636, 55.5015,  
64.1977

■ 45.8523, 24.6375,  
21.4932

■ 74.4346, 67.0343,  
76.5481

■ 44.2154, 22.8506,  
16.3636

■ 82.9883, 80.6116,  
90.2822

■ 43.3447, 22.1019,  
13.0134

■ 92.7757, 96.3268,  
105.4436

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.3029, 38.1576, 72.6632



55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620



53.1481, 38.1576, 23.0240

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620



29.0363, 38.1576, 11.9644



28.0638, 38.1576, 96.5386

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620



54.8074, 80.0662, 70.3276

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.4034, 38.1576, 68.0233



55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620



23.8987, 38.1576, 20.8894

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620



36.9302, 38.1576, 9.7378



22.0085, 38.1576, 39.6894



35.6130, 38.1576, 110.0080



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620



48.6982, 38.1576, 15.2499



22.0085, 38.1576, 39.6894



26.1559, 38.1576, 87.9514

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.6469, 38.1595, 43.4627



79.5552, 75.1416, 84.8333



49.9177, 33.9811, 98.5358



16.6506, 15.4842, 17.5520



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.6469, 38.1595, 43.4627



51.1685, 31.6856, 34.3150



53.7736, 40.7058, 23.4376



18.2918, 18.1000, 20.1538



22.7150, 11.5753, 7.1496



2.2626, 1.1474, 0.9644



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.6469, 38.1595, 43.4627



51.1685, 31.6856, 34.3150



57.0856, 73.3750, 105.7618



18.2918, 18.1000, 20.1538



22.7150, 11.5753, 7.1496



2.2626, 1.1474, 0.9644



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

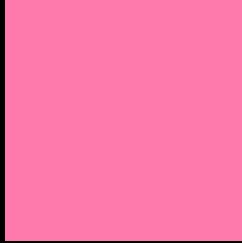
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

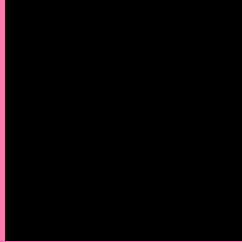
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.6459, 38.1576,

43.4620.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620

### Protanopia

38.0620, 38.4047, 59.4396

### Deuteranopia

39.1562, 38.3102, 41.4072



## Tritanopia

52.5826, 38.2309, 28.6527

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620



## Protanomaly

42.1809, 36.6383, 52.9928



## Deuteranomaly

43.7961, 37.2499, 41.9274



## Tritanomaly

53.4739, 38.0064, 33.3717

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620



## Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822



## Achromatomaly

41.7812, 37.1399, 42.5027

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 122, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 122, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 122, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 122, 172) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 122, 172) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 122, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 122, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 122, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 122, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 122,  
172) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.6459, 38.1576, 43.4620 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 122, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
122, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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