

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(55.7297, 53.5226,  
65.1512)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4BACD
RGB	212, 186, 205
RGB Percent	83%, 73%, 80%
CMY	0.1686, 0.2706, 0.1961
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.03, 0.17
HSL	316°, 23%, 78%
HSV	316°, 12%, 83%
XYZ	55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512
YIQ	195.9400, 9.3970, 11.4210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

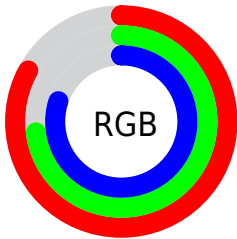
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	212, 186, 205
Decimal	13941453
CIE Lab	78.18, 12.53, -6.15
CIE LCh	78, 13.959, 333.864
Yxy	53.5226, 0.3195, 0.3069
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292131533 (0xFFD4BACD)
YUV	195.9400, 4.4666, 14.0846
Hunter-Lab	73.1591, 7.9456, -1.5888

# Details

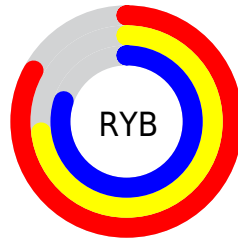
The XYZ color **55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **53.4209, 61.3778, 59.4865**, and the grayscale version is **52.4048, 55.1339, 60.0408**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.0421, 91.9843, 107.5640**, and **27.8781, 26.1775, 32.8616** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.9145, 44.9742, 60.2086**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.2358, 63.4109, 70.4495**.

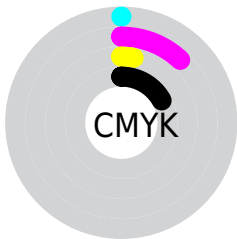
# Distribution



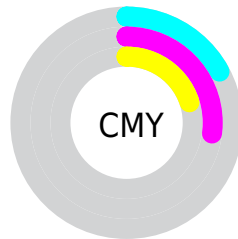
- Red (83%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 55.7297, 53.5226,  
65.1512

■ 55.7297, 53.5226,  
65.1512

398.7636,  
400.2869, 461.6562

■ 40.2224, 38.2201,  
47.1316

■ 97.7514, 95.3729,  
113.8826

■ 27.8970, 26.1536,  
32.7846

124.9964,  
122.6896, 145.4314

■ 18.3881, 16.9386,  
21.6917

156.8848,  
154.7797, 182.3270

■ 11.3303, 10.1907,  
13.4344

193.7818,  
192.0278, 224.9880

■ 6.3584, 5.5256,  
7.5941

236.0529,  
234.8181, 273.8328

■ 3.1069, 2.5588,  
3.7523

284.0633,

■ 1.2106, 0.9060,

283.5352, 329.2801

1.4905

338.1784,  
338.5633, 391.7484

■ 0.1147, 0.0000,  
0.2108

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.7297, 53.5226,  
65.1512

■ 55.7297, 53.5226,  
65.1512

■ 50.9145, 44.9742,  
60.2086

■ 61.2358, 63.4109,  
70.4495

■ 46.7562, 37.7006,  
55.6070

■ 67.4556, 74.6867,  
76.1103

■ 43.2247, 31.6413,  
51.3358

■ 74.4166, 87.4041,  
82.1449

■ 40.2860, 26.7286,  
47.3823

■ 76.8925, 91.1095,  
86.8123

37.9026, 22.8879,  
43.7326

77.6976, 91.4316,  
91.0518

36.0325, 20.0358,  
40.3714

78.5291, 91.7642,  
95.4304

34.6275, 18.0764,  
37.2810

79.3872, 92.1074,  
99.9494

33.6300, 16.8947,  
34.4410

80.2723, 92.4614,  
104.6100

33.0610, 16.3610,  
32.3887

80.9617, 92.7372,  
108.2407

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.8522, 53.5226, 71.6686



55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512



56.2891, 53.5226, 57.2701

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512



50.5188, 53.5226, 44.5314



46.6374, 53.5226, 67.0591

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512



53.4209, 61.3778, 59.4865

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.8134, 53.5226, 59.2957



55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512



48.0031, 53.5226, 46.6671

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512



53.2184, 53.5226, 45.7991



46.3044, 53.5226, 51.9042



48.5948, 53.5226, 72.8374



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512



55.8232, 53.5226, 52.4057



46.3044, 53.5226, 51.9042



46.2219, 53.5226, 64.5712

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.7313, 53.5249, 65.1524



91.4428, 93.4882, 105.5317



51.4201, 51.2026, 69.4611



19.4316, 19.7564, 22.4547



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.7313, 53.5249, 65.1524



82.4242, 77.3312, 96.7288



54.2339, 52.9260, 57.2676



12.8037, 12.5730, 14.9063



20.4537, 10.1178, 20.2251



1.2673, 0.6237, 1.3972



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.7313, 53.5249, 65.1524



82.4242, 77.3312, 96.7288



54.9274, 61.9804, 67.4198



12.8037, 12.5730, 14.9063



20.4537, 10.1178, 20.2251

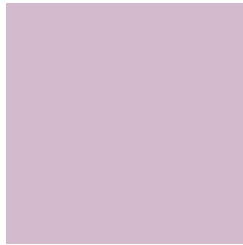


1.2673, 0.6237, 1.3972



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

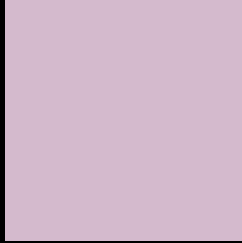
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

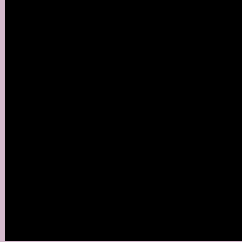
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.7297, 53.5226,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512

### Protanopia

52.0965, 53.5092, 67.9041

### Deuteranopia

54.7348, 53.6396, 65.2263



## Tritanopia

55.1769, 53.6066, 62.6973

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512

## Protanomaly

53.3518, 53.5231, 67.1936

## Deuteranomaly

55.0843, 53.5037, 65.1816

## Tritanomaly

55.2950, 53.6538, 63.3190

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512

## Achromatopsia

52.4687, 55.2011, 60.1140

## Achromatomaly

53.5156, 54.3794, 61.7085

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(212, 186, 205) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 186, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 186, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 186, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 186, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 186, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 186, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 186, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 186, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 186,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.7297, 53.5226, 65.1512 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 186, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
186, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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