

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.7394, 64.7063, 53.2952)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.7394, 64.7063, 53.2952)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(55.6590, 64.5640,  
53.2446)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C3D9B5
RGB	195, 217, 181
RGB Percent	76%, 85%, 71%
CMY	0.2353, 0.1490, 0.2902
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.17, 0.15
HSL	97°, 32%, 78%
HSV	97°, 17%, 85%
XYZ	55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446
YIQ	206.3180, -1.5560, -15.8600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

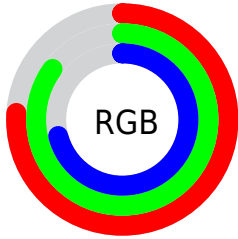
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">181, 217, 203</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12835253</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">84.26, -13.84, 15.29</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">84, 20.621, 132.137</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">64.5640, 0.3209, 0.3722</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291025333 (0xFFC3D9B5)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">206.3180, -12.4818, -9.9259</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">80.3517, -16.9700, 16.9580</a>

# Details

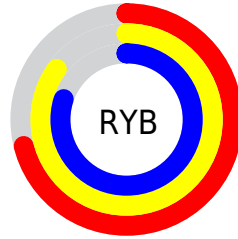
The XYZ color **55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **53.6795, 50.7558, 72.6167**, and the grayscale version is **58.9496, 62.0196, 67.5394**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941**, and **27.8011, 33.0619, 25.3384** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.3280, 62.0552, 42.2634**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.6448, 67.3740, 66.0695**.

# Distribution



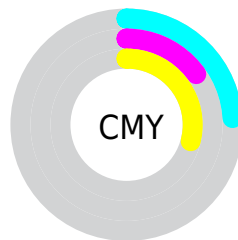
- Red (76%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 55.6590, 64.5640,  
53.2446

■ 55.6590, 64.5640,  
53.2446

398.5010,  
441.2235, 416.3157

■ 40.1655, 47.1076,  
37.6090

■ 97.6485, 111.4228,  
96.4094

■ 27.8524, 33.1207,  
25.3799

124.8753,  
141.5940, 124.7757

■ 18.3543, 22.2190,  
16.1387

156.7438,  
176.7723, 158.2226

■ 11.3059, 14.0179,  
9.4670

193.6195,  
217.3420, 197.1687

■ 6.3418, 8.1331,  
4.9460

235.8678,  
263.6876, 242.0325

■ 3.0966, 4.1802,  
2.1575


283.8538,

■ 1.2051, 1.7749,


316.1935, 293.2326


0.6497


337.9432,  
375.2440, 351.1875


 0.1104, 0.4714,  
0.0000


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 55.6590, 64.5640,  
53.2446


 55.6590, 64.5640,  
53.2446


 50.3280, 62.0552,  
42.2634


 61.6448, 67.3740,  
66.0695


 45.6226, 59.8289,  
33.0370

 68.3027, 70.4869,  
80.8131

 41.5192, 57.8766,  
25.4756

 75.6559, 73.9147,  
97.5514

 37.9903, 56.1864,  
19.4795

 81.5939, 76.8142,  
105.1339

■ 35.0061, 54.7454,  
14.9385

■ 84.1041, 78.1083,  
105.2514

■ 32.5335, 53.5392,  
11.7282

■ 30.5350, 52.5518,  
9.7029

■ 28.9649, 51.7634,  
8.6772

■ 28.5042, 51.5306,  
8.4441

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.5375, 64.5640, 48.4598



55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446



53.3788, 64.5640, 62.8610

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446



58.7108, 64.5640, 97.0673



70.3614, 64.5640, 65.1409

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446



53.6795, 50.7558, 72.6167

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.1130, 64.5640, 78.3022



55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446



63.2318, 64.5640, 97.8760

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446



55.0797, 64.5640, 88.5657



67.4507, 64.5640, 90.6546



68.1136, 64.5640, 54.7347



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446



52.9994, 64.5640, 71.2418



67.4507, 64.5640, 90.6546



70.5701, 64.5640, 69.3650

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.6607, 64.5668, 53.2460



90.2556, 97.7578, 98.3136



58.2199, 60.6137, 52.3481



19.1785, 20.8587, 20.7369



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

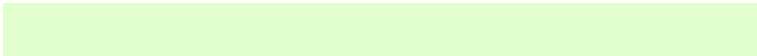


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.6607, 64.5668, 53.2460



77.3470, 91.6998, 70.7500



52.5856, 62.9383, 55.0557



13.3630, 14.8518, 13.8880



17.3642, 31.2491, 5.1165



1.2197, 2.0733, 0.3359



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.6795, 50.7558, 72.6167



73.9599, 68.0968, 103.8536



57.2027, 52.6256, 70.3633



13.0987, 13.0090, 16.4727



13.5227, 6.0954, 40.2022



0.9715, 0.4441, 2.6090



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

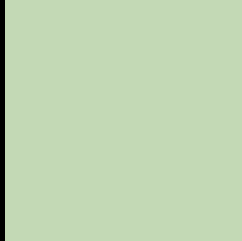
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

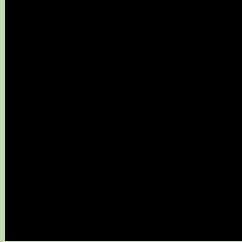
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.6590, 64.5640,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446

### Protanopia

60.5551, 64.1474, 50.7851

### Deuteranopia

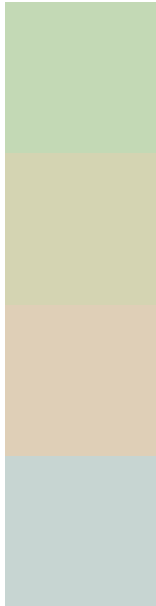
65.3689, 64.0525, 54.2655



## Tritanopia

61.5165, 64.6911, 81.9174

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446

## Protanomaly

58.7307, 64.2984, 51.4349

## Deuteranomaly

61.2915, 63.7325, 53.8709

## Tritanomaly

58.9803, 64.3838, 70.2915

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446

## Achromatopsia

58.6655, 61.7207, 67.2138

## Achromatomaly

57.4818, 62.6810, 61.8923

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 217, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 217, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 217, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 217, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 217, 181) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 217, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 217, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 217, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 217, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 217,  
181) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.6590, 64.5640, 53.2446 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 217, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
217, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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