

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.8080, 74.1641, 95.6475)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.8080, 74.1641, 95.6475)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(55.6643, 73.9800,  
95.3502)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	79F2F2
RGB	121, 242, 242
RGB Percent	47%, 95%, 95%
CMY	0.5255, 0.0510, 0.0510
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	180°, 82%, 71%
HSV	180°, 50%, 95%
XYZ	55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502
YIQ	205.8210, -72.1160, -25.6520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

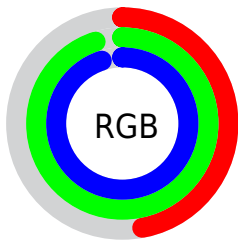
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">121, 182, 242</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7992050</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">88.91, -33.88, -10.46</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">89, 35.462, 197.156</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">73.9800, 0.2474, 0.3288</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286182130 (0xFF79F2F2)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">205.8210, 17.8362, -74.3880</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">86.0116, -35.0002, -5.5192</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **46.9090, 33.9347, 22.1693**, and the grayscale version is **58.4764, 61.5217, 66.9971**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.8661, 88.5638, 107.8618**, and **27.7874, 39.0553, 52.5283** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.6895, 72.4482, 95.2123**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.4940, 75.9560, 95.5314**.

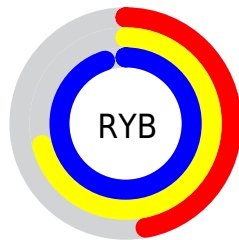
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (95%)

Blue (95%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (95%)

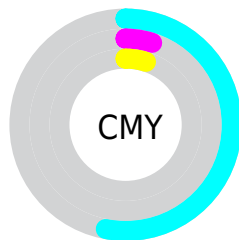


Cyan (50%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



55.6643, 73.9800,  
95.3502

55.6643, 73.9800,  
95.3502

398.5207,  
474.4043, 566.2985

40.1698, 54.7777,  
71.8280

97.6562, 124.8675,  
156.7481

27.8557, 39.2237,  
52.5322

124.8844,  
157.3214, 195.4608

18.3568, 26.9338,  
37.0443

156.7544,  
194.9613, 240.0741

11.3077, 17.5235,  
24.9457

193.6317,  
238.1715, 291.0066

6.3430, 10.6085,  
15.8180

235.8816,  
287.3366, 348.6767

3.0974, 5.8042,  
9.2425

283.8695,

1.2055, 2.7264,

342.8408, 413.5030

4.8007

337.9608,  
405.0686, 485.9041

■ 0.1107, 0.9906,  
2.0741

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.6003

■ 55.6643, 73.9800,  
95.3502

■ 55.6643, 73.9800,  
95.3502

■ 52.6895, 72.4482,  
95.2123

■ 59.4940, 75.9560,  
95.5314

■ 50.4982, 71.3185,  
95.1094


■ 64.2302, 78.3976,  
95.7534


■ 49.0185, 70.5557,  
95.0398


■ 69.9281, 81.3350,  
96.0204


■ 48.1619, 70.1141,  
94.9993


■ 76.6366, 84.7933,  
96.3347


 47.7803, 69.9174,  
94.9811


 84.4014, 88.7962,  
96.6984

 47.7802, 69.9174,  
94.9811

 89.0210, 91.1777,  
96.9150

 89.0210, 91.1777,  
96.9153

 89.0211, 91.1777,  
96.9157

 89.0212, 91.1777,  
96.9160

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.3891, 73.9800, 70.4725



55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502



59.6561, 73.9800, 120.5206

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502



83.1555, 73.9800, 117.2530



74.0575, 73.9800, 42.6275

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502



46.9090, 33.9347, 22.1693

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.1751, 73.9800, 50.5691



55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502



87.7087, 73.9800, 91.5487

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502



75.3091, 73.9800, 134.8288



87.3360, 73.9800, 67.3694



65.5482, 73.9800, 43.2340

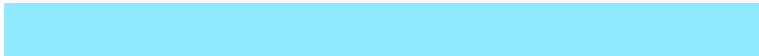


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502



64.0872, 73.9800, 132.5749



87.3360, 73.9800, 67.3694



76.9353, 73.9800, 44.3046

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.6665, 73.9829, 95.3519



82.3509, 93.4534, 108.3051



43.3764, 69.0998, 29.1424



17.2905, 19.8297, 23.1660



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.6665, 73.9829, 95.3519



59.2890, 81.5646, 107.2241



40.9548, 44.5589, 90.4497



16.2474, 17.9290, 20.3258



25.6670, 37.5588, 51.0228



2.1353, 3.1245, 4.2446



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.9090, 33.9347, 22.1693



48.3898, 31.7221, 16.1437



56.2889, 52.6948, 25.2953



15.7729, 15.7589, 16.3602



19.6715, 10.1410, 0.9207

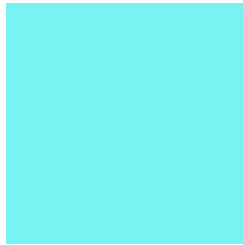


1.6365, 0.8436, 0.0766



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

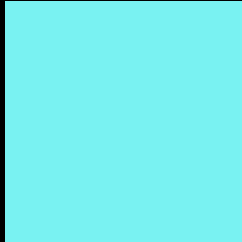
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

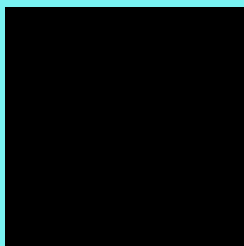
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

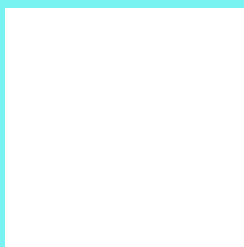
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502.



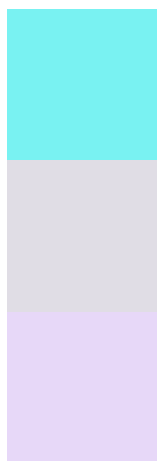
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.6643, 73.9800,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502

### Protanopia

70.7398, 73.2173, 84.5327

### Deuteranopia

74.4541, 72.8780, 98.9496



## Tritanopia

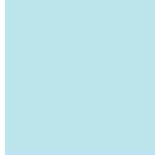
59.6090, 74.0318, 105.7556

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502



## Protanomaly

63.3641, 72.5439, 88.5046



## Deuteranomaly

65.0456, 71.5806, 97.5769



## Tritanomaly

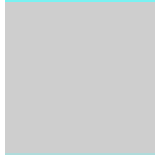
57.9533, 73.7035, 101.6142

# Monochromacy



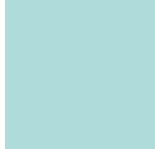
## Original Color

55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502



## Achromatopsia

58.6655, 61.7207, 67.2138



## Achromatomaly

55.7969, 64.8915, 76.6023

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 242, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 242, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 242, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 242, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 242, 242) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 242, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 242, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 242, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 242, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 242,  
242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.6643, 73.9800, 95.3502 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 242, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
242, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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