

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.8102, 56.8714, 61.8115)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.8102, 56.8714, 61.8115)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(55.7809, 56.8688,  
62.0696)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CFC4C7
RGB	207, 196, 199
RGB Percent	81%, 77%, 78%
CMY	0.1882, 0.2314, 0.2196
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.04, 0.19
HSL	344°, 10%, 79%
HSV	344°, 5%, 81%
XYZ	55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696
YIQ	199.6310, 5.5930, 3.2650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

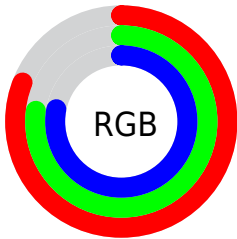
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	207, 196, 199
Decimal	13616327
CIE Lab	80.11, 4.37, -0.13
CIE LCh	80, 4.372, 358.258
Yxy	56.8688, 0.3193, 0.3255
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291806407 (0xFFCFC4C7)
YUV	199.6310, -0.3111, 6.4626
Hunter-Lab	75.4114, 0.0643, 3.9876

# Details

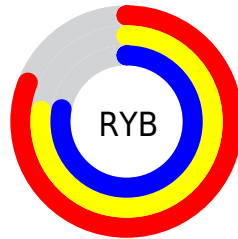
The XYZ color **55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **55.9791, 60.7226, 65.9001**, and the grayscale version is **54.6737, 57.5209, 62.6403**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.4153, 98.7306, 108.6884**, and **27.9207, 28.1626, 30.7524** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.7675, 47.5026, 51.8612**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.6148, 67.5976, 73.4066**.

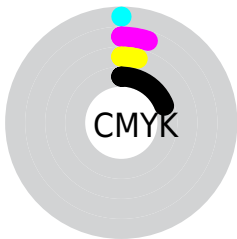
# Distribution



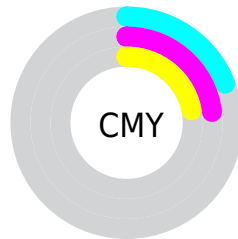
- Red (81%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 55.7809, 56.8688,  
62.0696

■ 55.7809, 56.8688,  
62.0696

398.9537,  
412.9575, 450.1996

■ 40.2636, 40.8999,  
44.6528

97.8258, 100.2737,  
109.3987

■ 27.9293, 28.2409,  
30.8431

125.0842,  
128.4786, 140.1480

■ 18.4125, 18.5073,  
20.2219

156.9869,  
161.5308, 176.1787

■ 11.3480, 11.3148,  
12.3708

193.8993,  
199.8149, 217.9091

■ 6.3704, 6.2790,  
6.8711

236.1869,  
243.7152, 265.7578

■ 3.1144, 3.0155,  
3.3044

284.2149,

■ 1.2146, 1.1398,

293.6162, 320.1435

1.2521

338.3487,  
349.9021, 381.4846

■ 0.1178, 0.0117,  
0.0220

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.7809, 56.8688,  
62.0696

■ 55.7809, 56.8688,  
62.0696

■ 49.7675, 47.5026,  
51.8612

■ 62.6148, 67.5976,  
73.4066

■ 44.5385, 39.4371,  
42.7427

■ 70.2939, 79.7328,  
85.9022

■ 40.0624, 32.6166,  
34.6784

■ 77.8490, 91.3282,  
99.2566

■ 36.3033, 26.9787,  
27.6293

■ 79.5425, 92.0056,  
108.1743

■ 33.2228, 22.4553,  
21.5537

■ 30.7784, 18.9715,  
16.4072

■ 28.9226, 16.4430,  
12.1414

■ 27.6011, 14.7723,  
8.7032

■ 26.7481, 13.8403,  
6.0326

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.5207, 56.8688, 64.5351



55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696



55.5737, 56.8688, 59.6287

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696



53.2458, 56.8688, 57.7026



53.1567, 56.8688, 66.1831

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696



55.9791, 60.7226, 65.9001

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.5585, 56.8688, 64.2702



55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696



52.6096, 56.8688, 59.3774

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696



54.1041, 56.8688, 57.1492



52.3594, 56.8688, 61.7716



54.0001, 56.8688, 66.9501



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696



55.1996, 56.8688, 58.3347



52.3594, 56.8688, 61.7716



52.9206, 56.8688, 65.6502

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.7825, 56.8713, 62.0708



92.8528, 96.5524, 105.2490



55.8742, 56.8084, 67.0526



19.8974, 20.7023, 22.5660



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.7825, 56.8713, 62.0708



88.6211, 89.9274, 98.1706



55.9797, 57.8169, 60.4368



12.3320, 12.4735, 13.6187



16.7028, 8.5539, 3.3410



0.9676, 0.4917, 0.3641



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.7825, 56.8713, 62.0708



88.6211, 89.9274, 98.1706



55.7691, 59.7220, 67.6205



12.3320, 12.4735, 13.6187



16.7028, 8.5539, 3.3410

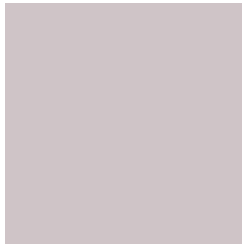


0.9676, 0.4917, 0.3641



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

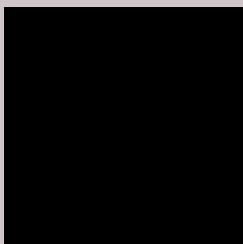
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

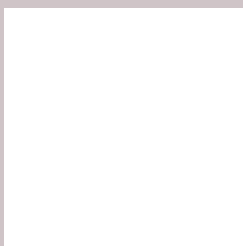
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696.



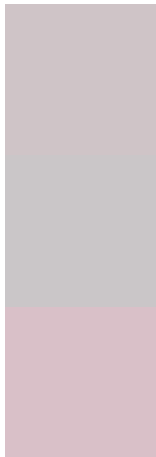
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.7809, 56.8688,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696

### Protanopia

54.9765, 57.1149, 62.7703

### Deuteranopia

57.8902, 56.6211, 62.5214



## Tritanopia

57.2191, 56.7920, 68.9190

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696

## Protanomaly

55.2934, 56.9400, 62.7198

## Deuteranomaly

56.9359, 56.4562, 62.5399

## Tritanomaly

56.6681, 56.8963, 66.3879

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696

## Achromatopsia

54.8990, 57.7580, 62.8985

## Achromatomaly

55.4774, 57.7135, 62.8594

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(207, 196, 199) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 196, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 196, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 196, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 196, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 196, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 196, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 196, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 196, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 196,  
199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.7809, 56.8688, 62.0696 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 196, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
196, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor