

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.8667, 43.8547, 40.7499)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.8667, 43.8547, 40.7499)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(55.6485, 43.6343,  
40.6112)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F794A4
RGB	247, 148, 164
RGB Percent	97%, 58%, 64%
CMY	0.0314, 0.4196, 0.3569
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.34, 0.03
HSL	350°, 86%, 77%
HSV	350°, 40%, 97%
XYZ	55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112
YIQ	179.4250, 53.8680, 25.9640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

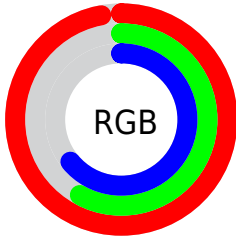
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	247, 148, 164
Decimal	16225444
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	71.98, 39.05, 7.73
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	72, 39.807, 11.197
Yxy	43.6343, 0.3978, 0.3119
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294415524 (0xFF794A4)
YUV	179.4250, -7.6045, 59.2633
Hunter-Lab	66.0563, 34.7772, 9.7881

# Details

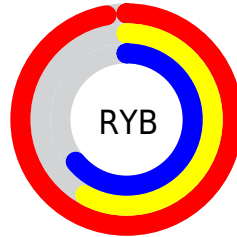
The XYZ color **55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **59.8993, 78.5879, 87.6175**, and the grayscale version is **43.0948, 45.3391, 49.3743**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.3821, 69.0863, 76.3798**, and **27.7559, 20.0456, 17.7355** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.4589, 36.0083, 30.3935**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.9716, 53.0395, 52.7101**.

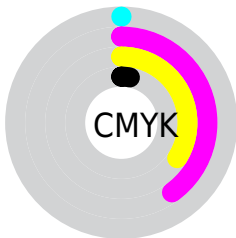
# Distribution



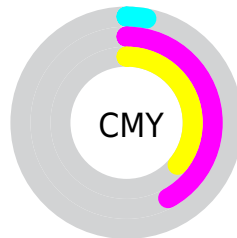
- Red (97%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (36%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 55.6485, 43.6343,  
40.6112

 55.6485, 43.6343,  
40.6112


398.4620,  
361.2139, 364.3214

 40.1571, 30.3831,  
27.6980


 97.6333, 80.6672,  
77.3406

 27.8458, 20.1296,  
17.8611


 124.8573,  
105.2176, 101.9938

 18.3493, 12.4893,  
10.6819


156.7229,  
134.3033, 131.3975

 11.3023, 7.0778,  
5.7419

193.5954,  
168.3086, 165.9702

 6.3393, 3.5108,  
2.6225

235.8403,  
207.6179, 206.1304

 3.0951, 1.4039,  
0.9041

283.8227,

 1.2042, 0.2196,

252.6157, 252.2966

0.0000

337.9082,  
303.6862, 304.8874

■ 0.1097, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.6485, 43.6343,  
40.6112

■ 55.6485, 43.6343,  
40.6112

■ 50.4589, 36.0083,  
30.3935

■ 61.9716, 53.0395,  
52.7101

■ 46.3315, 30.0431,  
21.9591

■ 69.4867, 64.3197,  
66.7760

■ 43.1923, 25.6161,  
15.2054

■ 78.2526, 77.5715,  
82.8926

■ 40.9561, 22.5847,  
10.0175

■ 88.3230, 92.8829,  
101.1377

■ 39.5227, 20.7796,  
6.2661

■ 92.1678, 98.5142,  
108.7651

■ 38.7392, 19.9267,  
3.8037

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.1049, 43.6343, 60.6137



55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112



52.0963, 43.6343, 26.8881

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112



33.4523, 43.6343, 24.5586



37.4046, 43.6343, 92.4394

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112



59.8993, 78.5879, 87.6175

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.4021, 43.6343, 76.6483



55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112



30.2981, 43.6343, 36.4462

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112



38.9884, 43.6343, 19.4547



29.9359, 43.6343, 55.1497



44.0611, 43.6343, 94.4551



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112



48.0887, 43.6343, 21.6945



29.9359, 43.6343, 55.1497



35.4939, 43.6343, 88.3990

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.6497, 43.6364, 40.6120



82.1942, 80.4630, 85.5796



60.1737, 44.8033, 93.4721



17.3198, 16.8088, 17.8172



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.6497, 43.6364, 40.6120



55.2712, 40.2051, 34.7148



60.2284, 54.9621, 35.4541



16.6083, 16.5262, 17.6840



20.5215, 10.5520, 2.1885



1.8349, 0.9399, 0.3568



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.6497, 43.6364, 40.6120



55.2712, 40.2051, 34.7148



53.0496, 61.1062, 96.9944



16.6083, 16.5262, 17.6840



20.5215, 10.5520, 2.1885



1.8349, 0.9399, 0.3568



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.6485, 43.6343,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112

### Protanopia

42.3540, 43.9297, 49.4270

### Deuteranopia

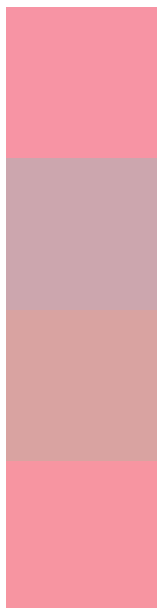
44.7275, 43.9432, 39.3822



## Tritanopia

55.4504, 43.8071, 38.7908

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112

## Protanomaly

46.1780, 43.1658, 45.9424

## Deuteranomaly

48.1455, 43.5193, 39.5807

## Tritanomaly

55.5382, 43.8423, 39.2534

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112

## Achromatopsia

42.8472, 45.0786, 49.0906

## Achromatomaly

46.5445, 43.8986, 46.0645

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 148, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 148, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 148, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 148, 164) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 148, 164) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 148, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 148, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 148, 164); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 148, 164); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 148, 164) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.6485, 43.6343, 40.6112 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 148, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
148, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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