

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.8896, 78.8372,  
106.8792)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.8896, 78.8372, 106.8792)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(55.9229, 78.8870,  
106.8870)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	49FDFF
RGB	73, 253, 255
RGB Percent	29%, 99%, 100%
CMY	0.7137, 0.0078, 0.0000
CMYK	0.71, 0.01, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	181°, 100%, 64%
HSV	181°, 71%, 100%
XYZ	55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870
YIQ	199.4080, -107.9220, -37.5380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

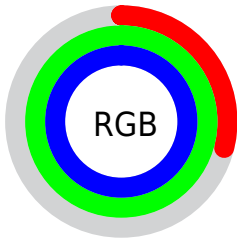
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	73, 163, 255
Decimal	4849151
CIELab	91.18, -43.02, -13.97
CIELCh	91, 45.234, 197.992
Yxy	78.8870, 0.2314, 0.3264
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283039231 (0xFF49FDFF)
YUV	199.4080, 27.4069, -110.8598
Hunter-Lab	88.8184, -43.0428, -9.1787

# Details

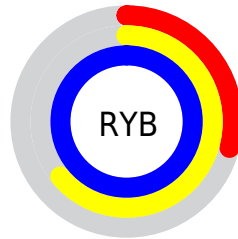
The XYZ color **55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **44.9596, 26.7745, 9.1038**, and the grayscale version is **54.4236, 57.2579, 62.3538**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.8426, 84.9430, 107.5331**, and **29.9330, 43.5571, 60.2558** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.2842, 77.9130, 106.7854**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.3573, 80.2749, 107.0266**.

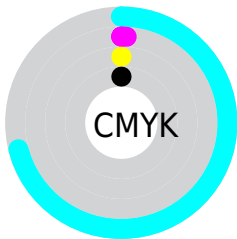
# Distribution



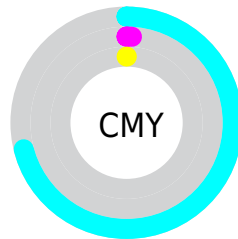
- Red (29%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 55.9229, 78.8870,  
106.8870


 55.9229, 78.8870,  
106.8870


399.4806,  
491.1740, 603.4888


 40.3779, 58.8029,  
81.4157


 98.0323, 131.7998,  
172.7239


 28.0188, 42.4545,  
60.3510


 125.3274,  
165.3972, 213.9265

 18.4804, 29.4573,  
43.2745


 157.2699,  
204.2679, 261.2100

 11.3972, 19.4271,  
29.7675

 194.2251,  
248.7963, 314.9928

 6.4039, 11.9793,  
19.4116

236.5584,  
299.3667, 375.6936

 3.1352, 6.7296,  
11.7883

284.6352,

 1.2256, 3.2935,

356.3635, 443.7308

6.4789

338.8208,  
420.1711, 519.5230

■ 0.1265, 1.2868,  
3.0649

■ 0.0000, 0.1310,  
1.1279

■ 55.9229, 78.8870,  
106.8870

■ 55.9229, 78.8870,  
106.8870

■ 54.2842, 77.9130,  
106.7854

■ 58.3573, 80.2749,  
107.0266

■ 53.3312, 77.2909,  
106.7155

■ 61.6672, 82.1126,  
107.2069

■ 52.9241, 76.9683,  
106.6747

■ 65.9300, 84.4418,  
107.4318

■ 71.2126, 87.2968,  
107.7044

■ 77.5760, 90.7092,  
108.0277

■ 85.0764, 94.7080,  
108.4042

■ 93.7662, 99.3200,  
108.8364

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.4350, 78.8870, 73.4285



55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870



61.1852, 78.8870, 141.8030

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870



92.5639, 78.8870, 135.3990



79.6559, 78.8870, 37.7922

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870



44.9596, 26.7745, 9.1038

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.7058, 78.8870, 47.0346



55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870



98.6505, 78.8870, 99.6971

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870



81.9902, 78.8870, 160.9348



97.9378, 78.8870, 67.8480



68.3807, 78.8870, 38.7865



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870



67.0256, 78.8870, 158.6477



97.9378, 78.8870, 67.8480



83.5395, 78.8870, 39.6833

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.9250, 78.8898, 106.8874



77.8314, 90.8458, 108.0406



39.7116, 73.4181, 18.3835



16.2568, 19.2295, 23.1048



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.9250, 78.8898, 106.8874



53.7645, 77.5845, 106.7494



34.0751, 35.1900, 99.6041



18.5368, 20.4452, 23.2193



27.6619, 40.2333, 55.7425



2.6986, 3.9280, 5.4292



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.3535, 33.1187, 96.0905



59.5269, 29.5697, 95.1602



55.7195, 48.2943, 12.6904



18.7836, 18.2968, 22.7436



30.7506, 14.7895, 49.4647

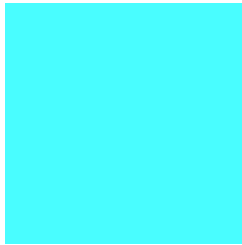


2.9968, 1.4411, 4.8303



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

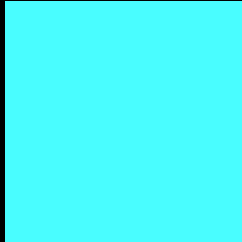
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870.



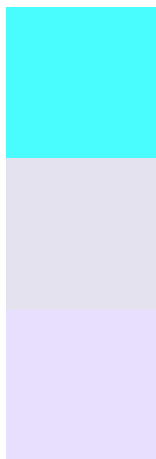
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.9229, 78.8870,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870

### Protanopia

75.0894, 77.2827, 92.6208

### Deuteranopia

77.7164, 77.1512, 105.4033



## Tritanopia

64.2993, 78.1978, 106.3125

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870



## Protanomaly

63.4901, 75.3541, 97.5847



## Deuteranomaly

64.9284, 75.0643, 105.6745



## Tritanomaly

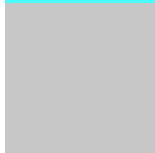
59.9079, 77.7207, 106.4519

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870



## Achromatopsia

54.2854, 57.1125, 62.1955



## Achromatomaly

51.2546, 62.5498, 76.3898

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 253, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 253, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 253, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 253, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 253, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 253, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 253, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 253, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 253, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 253,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.9229, 78.8870, 106.8870 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 253, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 253,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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