

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.9634, 47.3411, 39.0780)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.9634, 47.3411, 39.0780)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(55.7963, 47.2211,  
38.9747)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2A29F
RGB	242, 162, 159
RGB Percent	95%, 64%, 62%
CMY	0.0510, 0.3647, 0.3765
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.34, 0.05
HSL	2°, 76%, 79%
HSV	2°, 34%, 95%
XYZ	55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747
YIQ	185.5780, 48.6430, 16.0270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

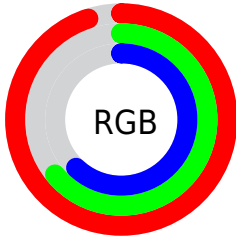
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	242, 162, 159
Decimal	15901343
CIE Lab	74.33, 29.30, 13.74
CIE LCh	74, 32.361, 25.120
Yxy	47.2211, 0.3930, 0.3326
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294091423 (0xFF F2A29F)
YUV	185.5780, -13.1030, 49.4821
Hunter-Lab	68.7176, 24.6799, 14.4747

# Details

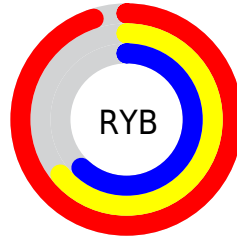
The XYZ color **55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **61.1904, 75.5120, 95.3547**, and the grayscale version is **46.4891, 48.9102, 53.2632**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.1905, 75.7407, 74.1167**, and **27.9426, 22.2103, 17.0016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.1639, 38.9943, 27.7311**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.6043, 57.1408, 52.6393**.

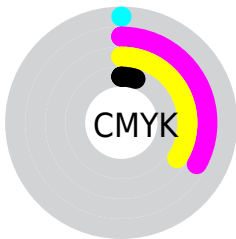
# Distribution



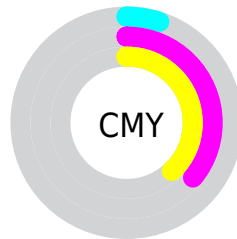
- Red (95%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 55.7963, 47.2211,  
38.9747


 55.7963, 47.2211,  
38.9747


399.0109,  
375.6964, 357.2057

 40.2760, 33.2105,  
26.4324

 97.8482, 86.0436,  
74.8196

 27.9390, 22.2877,  
16.9187


 125.1105,  
111.6242, 98.9592

 18.4199, 14.0685,  
10.0152


157.0176,  
141.8303, 127.8017

 11.3534, 8.1683,  
5.3033

193.9347,  
177.0462, 161.7656

 6.3741, 4.2028,  
2.3645

236.2272,  
217.6564, 201.2693

 3.1167, 1.7877,  
0.7670

284.2605,

 1.2158, 0.4795,

264.0452, 246.7316

0.0000

338.3999,  
316.5971, 298.5709

■ 0.1188, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.7963, 47.2211,  
38.9747

■ 55.7963, 47.2211,  
38.9747

■ 50.1639, 38.9943,  
27.7311

■ 62.6043, 57.1408,  
52.6393

■ 45.6370, 32.3596,  
18.7648

■ 70.6453, 68.8332,  
68.8518

■ 42.1441, 27.2159,  
11.9211

■ 79.9773, 82.3816,  
87.7333

■ 39.6034, 23.4480,  
7.0250

■ 90.4280, 97.6173,  
108.6837

■ 37.9211, 20.9237,  
3.8738

■ 36.9840, 19.4847,  
2.2201

■ 36.7131, 19.0675,  
1.7454

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.9815, 47.2211, 54.1904



55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747



51.5908, 47.2211, 29.3504

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747



36.3134, 47.2211, 35.1794



43.9370, 47.2211, 90.4170

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747



61.1904, 75.5120, 95.3547

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.7820, 47.2211, 82.4444



55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747



34.6298, 47.2211, 48.7374

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747



40.2971, 47.2211, 27.5141



35.4932, 47.2211, 66.2571



49.8026, 47.2211, 86.2359



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747



47.8177, 47.2211, 26.2444



35.4932, 47.2211, 66.2571



42.0694, 47.2211, 89.0277

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.7975, 47.2234, 38.9756



83.8675, 83.7746, 86.2451



64.6309, 49.9198, 88.0714



17.6405, 17.4803, 17.8320



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.7975, 47.2234, 38.9756



58.3758, 46.6655, 34.9751



64.2952, 64.2188, 41.8082



15.8187, 15.8505, 16.3754



19.7436, 10.2853, 0.9447



1.6585, 0.8877, 0.0839



# Inverse Universe

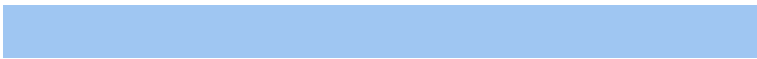
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.1904, 75.5120, 95.3547



65.2750, 82.8754, 107.1639



50.4587, 54.0486, 91.7775



16.1955, 17.8250, 20.3086



24.3226, 34.8695, 50.5764



2.0386, 2.9313, 4.2126



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

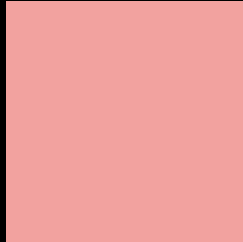
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.7963, 47.2211,

38.9747.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747

### Protanopia

45.4244, 47.7164, 44.8463

### Deuteranopia

48.1044, 47.1526, 38.0185



## Tritanopia

56.9793, 47.1749, 45.1322

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747

## Protanomaly

48.5074, 46.9684, 42.5856

## Deuteranomaly

50.7729, 47.0897, 38.3115

## Tritanomaly

56.6821, 47.3344, 42.7082

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747

## Achromatopsia

46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722

## Achromatomaly

49.0122, 47.7007, 47.6982

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 162, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 162, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 162, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 162, 159) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 162, 159) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 162, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 162, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 162, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 162, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 162,  
159) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.7963, 47.2211, 38.9747 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 162, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
162, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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