

# Converting Colors

XYZ(55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(55.9919, 58.4181,  
89.9861)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B6CAEF
RGB	182, 202, 239
RGB Percent	71%, 79%, 94%
CMY	0.2863, 0.2078, 0.0627
CMYK	0.24, 0.15, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	219°, 64%, 83%
HSV	219°, 24%, 94%
XYZ	55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861
YIQ	200.2380, -23.7970, 7.2670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

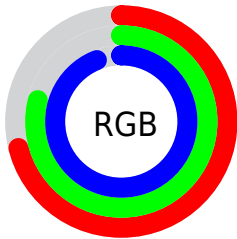
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	182, 197, 239
Decimal	11979503
CIE Lab	80.97, 1.17, -20.50
CIE LCh	81, 20.530, 273.265
Yxy	58.4181, 0.2739, 0.2858
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290169583 (0xFFB6CAEF)
YUV	200.2380, 19.1097, -15.9947
Hunter-Lab	76.4317, -2.9911, -16.3022

# Details

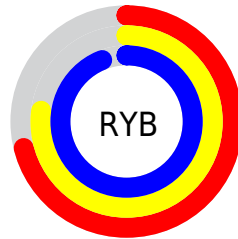
The XYZ color **55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **69.3723, 72.3915, 54.5741**, and the grayscale version is **54.9442, 57.8056, 62.9503**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.4066, 97.0907, 108.6359**, and **28.0392, 29.1879, 48.9557** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.3634, 48.8365, 88.5924**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.9533, 69.2329, 91.5495**.

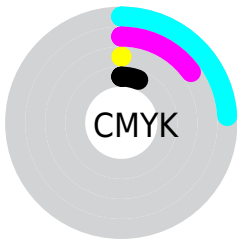
# Distribution



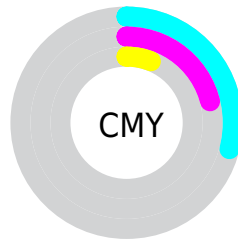
- Red (71%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 55.9919, 58.4181,  
89.9861

■ 55.9919, 58.4181,  
89.9861

399.7365,  
418.7421, 548.5546

■ 40.4334, 42.1449,  
67.3955

■ 98.1326, 102.5315,  
149.2544

■ 28.0623, 29.2147,  
48.9425

125.4455,  
131.1404, 186.7692

■ 18.5134, 19.2433,  
34.2086

157.4073,  
164.6300, 230.0958

■ 11.4211, 11.8462,  
22.7752

194.3833,  
203.3847, 279.6527

■ 6.4202, 6.6391,  
14.2239

236.7389,  
247.7888, 335.8585

■ 3.1453, 3.2374,  
8.1360

284.8394,

■ 1.2311, 1.2569,

298.2268, 399.1317

4.0931

339.0501,  
355.0831, 469.8909

■ 0.1307, 0.1075,  
1.6765

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3446

■ 55.9919, 58.4181,  
89.9861

■ 55.9919, 58.4181,  
89.9861

■ 47.3634, 48.8365,  
88.5924

■ 65.9533, 69.2329,  
91.5495

■ 40.0026, 40.4343,  
87.3586

■ 77.2978, 81.3178,  
93.2842

■ 33.8470, 33.1639,  
86.2797

■ 90.0796, 94.7168,  
95.1968

■ 28.8259, 26.9714,  
85.3490

■ 92.5802, 99.0121,  
95.8941

■ 24.8610, 21.7977,  
84.5594

■ 21.8624, 17.5767,  
83.9027

■ 19.7228, 14.2321,  
83.3699

■ 18.7402, 12.5522,  
83.0974

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.9247, 58.4181, 86.9129



55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861



60.1343, 58.4181, 85.2801

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861



62.6505, 58.4181, 51.6011



48.5335, 58.4181, 53.6378

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861



69.3723, 72.3915, 54.5741

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.1568, 58.4181, 45.9579



55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861



59.2872, 58.4181, 44.8918

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861



64.1001, 58.4181, 62.2823



55.0600, 58.4181, 42.9645



47.7503, 58.4181, 64.9512



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861



62.3430, 58.4181, 78.6768



55.0600, 58.4181, 42.9645



49.2225, 58.4181, 50.5966

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.9937, 58.4205, 89.9874



85.1997, 89.5995, 107.4117



62.8272, 76.7465, 77.9018



18.0626, 18.9935, 22.9641



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.9937, 58.4205, 89.9874



59.4305, 61.6753, 103.3799



53.4448, 50.5852, 88.6094



15.3510, 16.1360, 20.0271



10.4674, 7.1591, 45.9580



0.9609, 0.7758, 3.8533



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.9867, 56.0724, 63.3829



69.0365, 58.8331, 66.7486



72.3954, 82.1671, 56.3017



16.0018, 15.8504, 17.5659



20.6091, 10.5161, 5.8580

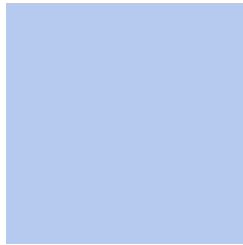


1.7600, 0.8930, 0.7269



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

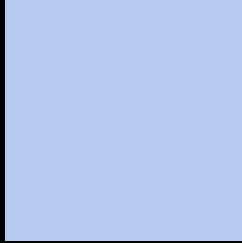
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

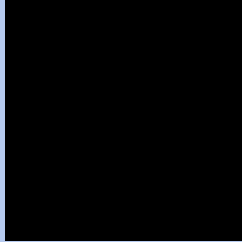
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

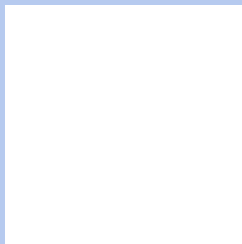
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.9919, 58.4181,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861

### Protanopia

57.7018, 58.2987, 88.3323

### Deuteranopia

59.5555, 58.1886, 90.5307



## Tritanopia

53.2426, 58.3481, 76.8627

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861

**Protanomaly**

57.0732, 58.3004, 89.1339

**Deuteranomaly**

58.1704, 58.1488, 90.5960

**Tritanomaly**

54.1869, 58.3709, 81.8095

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861

**Achromatopsia**

54.8990, 57.7580, 62.8985

**Achromatomaly**

55.0166, 57.9658, 71.9072

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 202, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 202, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 202, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 202, 239) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 202, 239) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 202, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 202, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 202, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 202, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 202,  
239) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.9919, 58.4181, 89.9861 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 202, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
202, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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