

# Converting Colors

XYZ(56.0632, 78.1928, 71.6597)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(56.0632, 78.1928, 71.6597)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(56.2182, 78.4142,  
71.8470)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8BFAD0
RGB	139, 250, 208
RGB Percent	55%, 98%, 82%
CMY	0.4549, 0.0196, 0.1843
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.17, 0.02
HSL	157°, 92%, 76%
HSV	157°, 44%, 98%
XYZ	56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470
YIQ	212.0230, -52.6740, -36.5940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

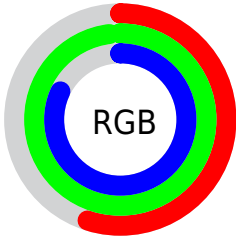
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">139, 207, 250</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9173712</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">90.97, -41.36, 10.31</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">91, 42.627, 166.004</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">78.4142, 0.2723, 0.3798</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287363792 (0xFF8BFAD0)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">212.0230, -1.9833, -64.0412</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">88.5518, -41.6427, 13.8810</a>

# Details

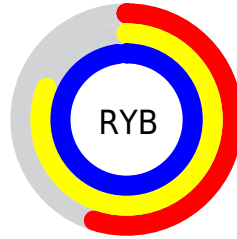
The XYZ color **56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.0000, 42.1273, 48.8461**, and the grayscale version is **62.6342, 65.8960, 71.7608**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.8360, 90.6103, 108.0476**, and **28.2960, 42.2224, 37.2302** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.3824, 76.0538, 65.7262**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.0821, 81.3007, 78.3818**.

# Distribution



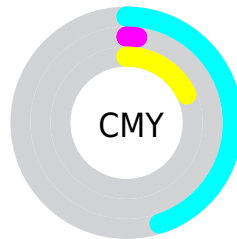
- Red (55%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 56.2182, 78.4142,  
71.8470


 56.2182, 78.4142,  
71.8470


400.5750,  
489.5724, 485.9721

 40.6156, 58.4143,  
52.5476


 98.4615, 131.1339,  
123.5447

 28.2052, 42.1418,  
37.0565


 125.8329,  
164.6224, 156.7801

 18.6216, 29.2123,  
24.9551


157.8579,  
203.3759, 195.4979

 11.4996, 19.2415,  
15.8249

194.9019,  
247.7788, 240.1166

 6.4737, 11.8449,  
9.2473

237.3303,  
298.2156, 291.0549

 3.1786, 6.6382,  
4.8038

285.5083,

 1.2489, 3.2369,

355.0704, 348.7312

2.0759

339.8015,  
418.7279, 413.5641

■ 0.1444, 1.2566,  
0.6014

■ 0.0000, 0.1072,  
0.0000

■ 56.2182, 78.4142,  
71.8470

■ 56.2182, 78.4142,  
71.8470

■ 51.3824, 76.0538,  
65.7262

■ 62.0821, 81.3007,  
78.3818

■ 47.5012, 74.1756,  
60.0046

■ 69.0286, 84.7350,  
85.3340

■ 44.5012, 72.7439,  
54.6739

■ 77.1157, 88.7491,  
92.7142

■ 42.2948, 71.7137,  
49.7236

■ 86.3955, 93.3697,  
100.5305

■ 40.7749, 71.0300,  
45.1417

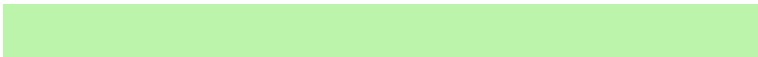
■ 93.4770, 96.8540,  
108.3757

■ 40.1374, 70.7541,  
42.7301

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.6268, 78.4142, 50.5066



56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470



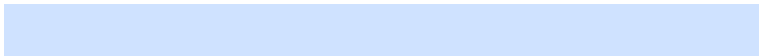
56.3737, 78.4142, 102.7638

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470



80.3760, 78.4142, 155.8658



89.8307, 78.4142, 49.4800

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470



57.0000, 42.1273, 48.8461

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.2187, 78.4142, 70.0758



56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470



90.4120, 78.4142, 133.4566

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470



69.6418, 78.4142, 156.6691



96.4411, 78.4142, 100.5132

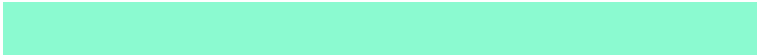


79.6425, 78.4142, 39.8558



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470



59.0272, 78.4142, 125.1229



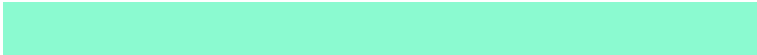
96.4411, 78.4142, 100.5132



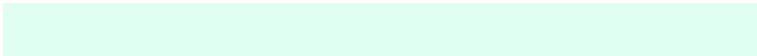
92.5349, 78.4142, 55.0931

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.2204, 78.4174, 71.8488



81.9339, 93.4642, 98.0861



58.0335, 80.1289, 36.8350



17.1064, 19.7910, 20.6181



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

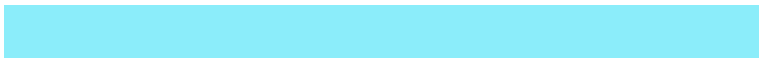
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.2204, 78.4174, 71.8488



54.3672, 79.8553, 69.5869



58.2039, 72.9914, 101.4672



17.4711, 19.4907, 20.6813



21.3615, 37.5576, 23.0448



2.0300, 3.4991, 2.4057



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.0000, 42.1273, 48.8461



55.2882, 37.5968, 42.8660



55.3070, 44.6302, 30.1267



17.5163, 17.3339, 19.3087



22.0622, 11.2406, 7.0361

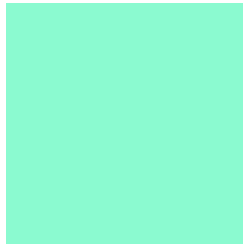


2.0930, 1.0610, 0.9134



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

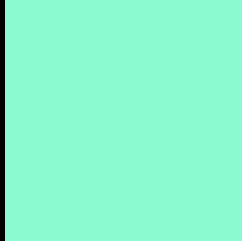
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470.



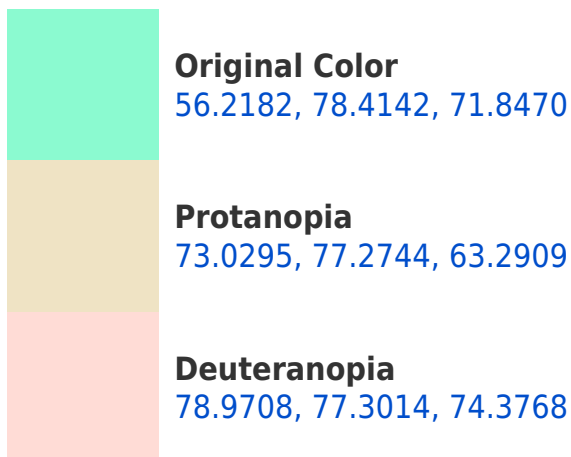
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.2182, 78.4142,

71.8470.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

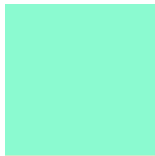




## Tritanopia

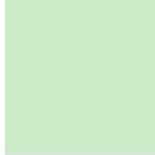
66.1501, 77.8372, 106.1454

# Trichromacy



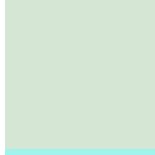
## Original Color

56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470



## Protanomaly

64.7623, 76.2833, 65.9544



## Deuteranomaly

67.9002, 76.0514, 73.3880



## Tritanomaly

62.1812, 77.8513, 92.6384

# Monochromacy



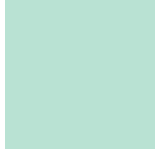
## Original Color

56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470



## Achromatopsia

62.5785, 65.8375, 71.6970



## Achromatomaly

58.9618, 69.4101, 71.9179

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 250, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 250, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 250, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 250, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 250, 208) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 250, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 250, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 250, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 250, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 250,  
208) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 56.2182, 78.4142, 71.8470 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 250, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
250, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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