

# Converting Colors

XYZ(56.1215, 79.9316,  
107.0782)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(56.1215, 79.9316, 107.0782)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(56.1247, 79.9333,  
107.0783)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	43FFFF
RGB	67, 255, 255
RGB Percent	26%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.7372, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.74, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 63%
HSV	180°, 74%, 100%
XYZ	56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783
YIQ	198.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

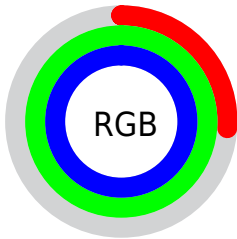
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">67, 161, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4456447</a>
<a href="#">CIELab</a>	<a href="#">91.65, -44.55, -13.28</a>
<a href="#">CIElCh</a>	<a href="#">92, 46.489, 196.594</a>
<a href="#">Yxy</a>	<a href="#">79.9333, 0.2308, 0.3288</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282646527</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF43FFFF</a> )
<a href="#">YUV</a>	<a href="#">198.7880, 27.7125, -115.5781</a>
<a href="#">Hunter-Lab</a>	<a href="#">89.4054, -44.4052, -8.4261</a>

# Details

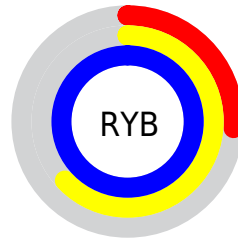
The XYZ color **56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **44.2614, 25.6812, 7.9364**, and the grayscale version is **54.0435, 56.8579, 61.9183**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.1377, 84.5796, 107.5001**, and **30.3871, 44.4654, 60.4072** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.7450, 79.2220, 107.0138**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.2750, 81.0418, 107.1790**.

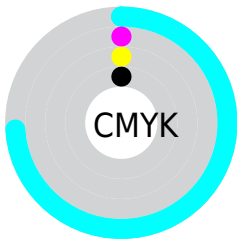
# Distribution



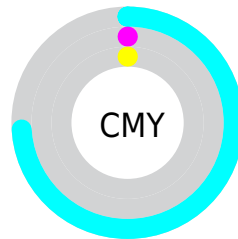
- Red (26%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 56.1247, 79.9333,  
107.0783


 56.1247, 79.9333,  
107.0783


400.2287,  
494.7080, 604.0952


 40.5403, 59.6635,  
81.5752


 98.3256, 133.2720,  
172.9873


 28.1461, 43.1474,  
60.4817


 125.6729,  
167.1096, 214.2303

 18.5769, 30.0008,  
43.3792


 157.6718,  
206.2385, 261.5570

 11.4671, 19.8392,  
29.8491

 194.6877,  
251.0433, 315.3860

 6.4516, 12.2782,  
19.4730

237.0860,  
301.9083, 376.1357

 3.1648, 6.9335,  
11.8323

285.2320,

 1.2415, 3.4205,

359.2178, 444.2248

6.5084

339.4911,  
423.3562, 520.0718

■ 0.1388, 1.3550,  
3.0829

■ 0.0000, 0.1832,  
1.1371

■ 56.1247, 79.9333,  
107.0783

■ 56.1247, 79.9333,  
107.0783

■ 54.7450, 79.2220,  
107.0138

■ 58.2750, 81.0418,  
107.1790

■ 54.0239, 78.8503,  
106.9800

■ 61.2830, 82.5925,  
107.3197

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,  
106.9700

■ 65.2267, 84.6255,  
107.5043

■ 70.1750, 87.1764,  
107.7359

■ 76.1900, 90.2773,  
108.0174

■ 83.3291, 93.9577,  
108.3515

■ 91.6454, 98.2449,  
108.7407

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.8564, 79.9333, 72.7355



56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783



61.3388, 79.9333, 143.7139

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783



93.8003, 79.9333, 140.1489



81.3921, 79.9333, 37.6598

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783



44.2614, 25.6812, 7.9364

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.7700, 79.9333, 47.6439



56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783



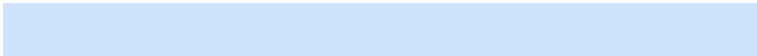
100.4214, 79.9333, 103.0928

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783



82.6839, 79.9333, 165.9528



100.0258, 79.9333, 69.6612



69.6376, 79.9333, 38.2012



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783



67.2597, 79.9333, 161.9001



100.0258, 79.9333, 69.6612



85.4107, 79.9333, 39.7566

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.1256, 79.9337, 107.0784



77.3367, 90.8684, 108.0710



39.0891, 73.1192, 17.3654



16.1696, 19.2518, 23.1137



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.1256, 79.9337, 107.0784



54.3631, 79.0251, 106.9959



33.1116, 33.9057, 99.4070



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.2979, 32.4958, 97.6493



59.7696, 29.4392, 97.1399



54.9995, 47.1574, 11.5157



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741

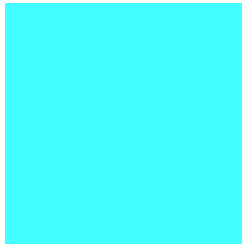


3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

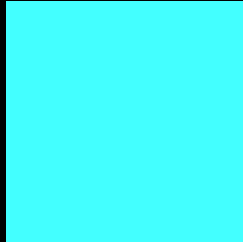
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

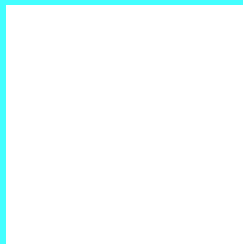
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783.



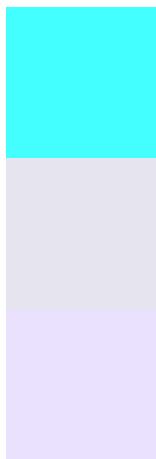
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.1247, 79.9333,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783

### Protanopia

75.8091, 78.4828, 92.0421

### Deuteranopia

78.9069, 78.5629, 105.6130



## Tritanopia

65.6176, 79.3205, 106.4597

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783



## Protanomaly

63.6983, 76.3387, 96.9655



## Deuteranomaly

65.2790, 76.0951, 105.8550



## Tritanomaly

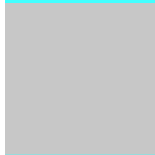
60.3640, 78.4087, 106.5606

# Monochromacy



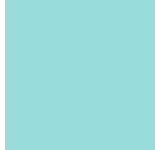
## Original Color

56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783



## Achromatopsia

54.2854, 57.1125, 62.1955



## Achromatomaly

50.8802, 62.3568, 76.3722

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 255, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 255, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 255,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 56.1247, 79.9333, 107.0783 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 255,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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