

# Converting Colors

XYZ(56.2074, 43.7438, 29.8896)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(56.2074, 43.7438, 29.8896)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(56.1791, 43.6818,  
29.8966)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                      |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex         | FF928B                     |
| RGB         | 255, 146, 139              |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 57%, 55%             |
| CMY         | 0.0000, 0.4274, 0.4549     |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.43, 0.45, 0.00     |
| HSL         | 4°, 100%, 77%              |
| HSV         | 4°, 45%, 100%              |
| XYZ         | 56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966  |
| YIQ         | 177.7930, 67.2110, 20.9310 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

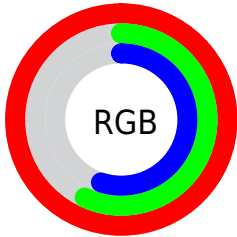
| Format                              | Color                          |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 255, 146, 139                  |
| Decimal                             | 16749195                       |
| CIE Lab                             | 72.02, 40.24, 21.76            |
| CIE LCh                             | 72, 45.743, 28.403             |
| Yxy                                 | 43.6818, 0.4330,<br>0.3366     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294939275<br>(0xFFFF928B)     |
| YUV                                 | 177.7930, -19.1249,<br>67.7105 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 66.0922, 36.0656,<br>19.4449   |

# Details

The XYZ color **56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **62.2632, 79.8403, 106.7367**, and the grayscale version is **42.2816, 44.4835, 48.4426**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.7523, 66.8835, 59.5801**, and **28.2232, 20.1521, 11.8534** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.2142, 36.3942, 20.0967**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.3547, 52.6955, 42.2446**.

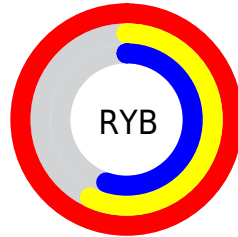
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (57%)

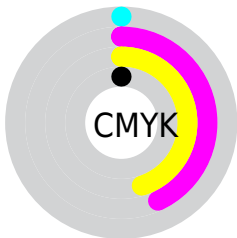
Blue (55%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (55%)

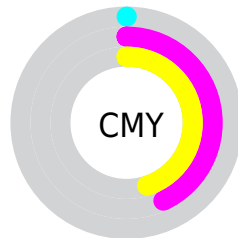


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (43%)


Yellow (45%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 56.1791, 43.6818,  
29.8966


 56.1791, 43.6818,  
29.8966


400.4302,  
361.4082, 315.6145


 40.5841, 30.4204,  
19.5087


 98.4047, 80.7387,  
60.5577

 28.1805, 20.1579,  
11.8579


 125.7660,  
105.3031, 81.6680

 18.6029, 12.5099,  
6.5256


 157.7801,  
134.4038, 107.1895

 11.4860, 7.0919,  
3.0933

194.8124,  
168.4255, 137.5408

 6.4644, 3.5197,  
1.1425

237.2281,  
207.7523, 173.1404

 3.1728, 1.4087,  
0.0000

285.3928,

 1.2458, 0.2231,

252.7688, 214.4069

0.0000

339.6717,  
303.8593, 261.7587

■ 0.1421, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 56.1791, 43.6818,  
29.8966

■ 56.1791, 43.6818,  
29.8966

■ 51.2142, 36.3942,  
20.0967

■ 62.3547, 52.6955,  
42.2446

■ 47.3773, 30.7163,  
12.6646

■ 69.8099, 63.5287,  
57.2988

■ 44.5806, 26.5279,  
7.4006

■ 78.6123, 76.2762,  
75.2076

■ 42.7217, 23.6891,  
4.0711

■ 88.8238, 91.0239,  
96.1079

■ 41.6773, 22.0333, 95.0500, 100.0000,  
2.3883 108.9000

■ 41.4165, 21.6131,  
1.9888

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.4125, 43.6818, 48.7710



56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966



49.8944, 43.6818, 19.5285

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966



29.9953, 43.6818, 28.3986



41.1010, 43.6818, 104.8118

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966



62.2632, 79.8403, 106.7367

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.1362, 43.6818, 94.4071



56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966



28.2427, 43.6818, 46.3732

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966



34.7765, 43.6818, 18.8737



29.6595, 43.6818, 71.0943



49.0794, 43.6818, 96.3133



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966



44.6111, 43.6818, 16.6460



29.6595, 43.6818, 71.0943



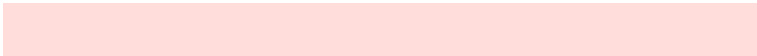
38.5717, 43.6818, 103.3599

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.1802, 43.6840, 29.8974



80.0428, 78.3444, 78.1284



67.6028, 46.5776, 95.2134



16.6912, 16.1309, 15.8218



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.1802, 43.6840, 29.8974



51.4305, 36.7127, 20.5199



67.2091, 65.7418, 33.5737



18.0974, 18.1630, 18.6963



21.6749, 11.3610, 1.0505



2.1399, 1.1652, 0.1121



# Inverse Universe

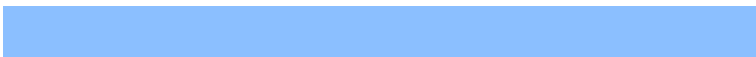
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.2632, 79.8403, 106.7367



58.2045, 77.0821, 106.4184



47.3722, 50.0582, 101.7731



18.4554, 20.2824, 23.1921



25.6922, 36.2939, 55.0859



2.5289, 3.5886, 5.3726



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

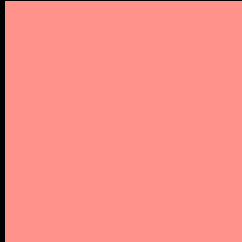
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

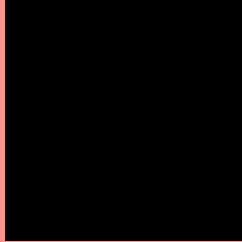
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.1791, 43.6818,

29.8966.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966

### Protanopia

41.3657, 43.6980, 36.8262

### Deuteranopia

44.7603, 43.9086, 29.0378



## Tritanopia

57.1297, 43.5731, 36.4097

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966

## Protanomaly

45.4583, 42.7818, 34.2956

## Deuteranomaly

48.2401, 43.2749, 29.1029

## Tritanomaly

56.7902, 43.6807, 33.8718

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966

## Achromatopsia

42.3164, 44.5201, 48.4824

## Achromatomaly

45.7907, 43.0746, 41.0228

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 146, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 146, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 146, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 146, 139) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 146, 139) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 146, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 146, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 146, 139); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 146, 139); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 146, 139) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 56.1791, 43.6818, 29.8966 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 146, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
146, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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