

# Converting Colors

XYZ(56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(56.3416, 61.7959,  
42.2160)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5D0A0
RGB	213, 208, 160
RGB Percent	84%, 82%, 63%
CMY	0.1647, 0.1843, 0.3725
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.25, 0.16
HSL	54°, 39%, 73%
HSV	54°, 25%, 84%
XYZ	56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160
YIQ	204.0230, 18.3880, -13.8680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

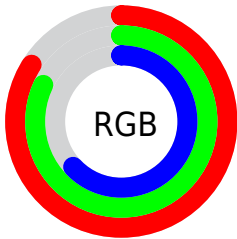
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">166, 213, 160</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14012576</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">82.80, -5.87, 24.52</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">83, 25.208, 103.455</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">61.7959, 0.3514, 0.3854</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292202656 (0xFFD5D0A0)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">204.0230, -21.7033, 7.8728</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">78.6104, -9.6337, 23.1868</a>

# Details

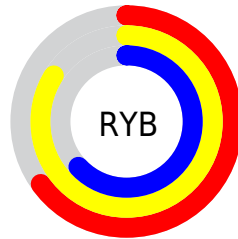
The XYZ color **56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **39.9625, 39.1871, 68.4087**, and the grayscale version is **57.5351, 60.5314, 65.9187**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.2657, 97.6863, 78.4405**, and **28.3629, 31.4630, 18.7654** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.1499, 60.1431, 33.0668**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.8620, 63.5943, 53.0512**.

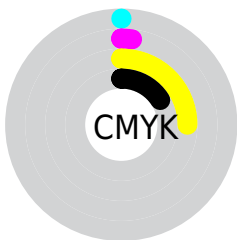
# Distribution



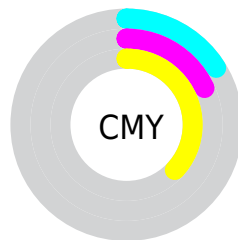
- Red (84%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 56.3416, 61.7959,  
42.2160

■ 56.3416, 61.7959,  
42.2160

401.0318,  
431.1862, 371.2036

■ 40.7149, 44.8678,  
28.9436

■ 98.6408, 107.4305,  
79.8000

■ 28.2831, 31.3533,  
18.7930

■ 126.0440,  
136.9058, 104.9488

■ 18.6807, 20.8680,  
11.3455

158.1035,  
171.3323, 134.8934

■ 11.5424, 13.0276,  
6.1826

195.1845,  
211.0943, 170.0525

■ 6.5029, 7.4475,  
2.8859

237.6525,  
256.5763, 210.8445

■ 3.1968, 3.7435,  
1.0367

285.8728,

■ 1.2586, 1.5312,

308.1627, 257.6880

0.0000

340.2108,  
366.2379, 311.0015

■ 0.1519, 0.3105,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 56.3416, 61.7959,  
42.2160

■ 56.3416, 61.7959,  
42.2160

■ 54.1499, 60.1431,  
33.0668

■ 58.8620, 63.5943,  
53.0512

■ 52.2658, 58.6211,  
25.5141

■ 61.7214, 65.5362,  
65.6482

■ 50.6732, 57.2256,  
19.4658

■ 64.9356, 67.6300,  
80.0828

■ 49.3524, 55.9485,  
14.8191

■ 68.5179, 69.8810,  
96.4251

■ 48.2816, 54.7813,  
11.4581

■ 70.5732, 71.5313,  
104.6951

■ 47.4351, 53.7135,  
9.2485

■ 71.0972, 72.5791,  
104.8697

■ 46.7818, 52.7326,  
8.0264

■ 71.6274, 73.6396,  
105.0464

■ 46.4941, 52.2530,  
7.6353

■ 72.1640, 74.7128,  
105.2253

■ 72.7069, 75.7987,  
105.4063

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.7554, 61.7959, 42.5222



56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160



51.8500, 61.7959, 47.8486

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160



51.4850, 61.7959, 89.9906



69.3107, 61.7959, 76.1542

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160



39.9625, 39.1871, 68.4087

# Split Complementary

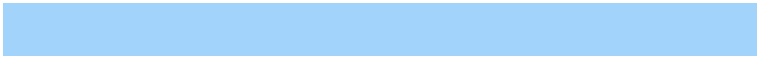
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.2044, 61.7959, 91.3798



56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160



55.8150, 61.7959, 100.1711

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160



49.1647, 61.7959, 74.4775



61.1955, 61.7959, 100.7154



69.4734, 61.7959, 60.5716



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160



49.8904, 61.7959, 54.8002



61.1955, 61.7959, 100.7154



68.5679, 61.7959, 81.5356

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.3432, 61.7987, 42.2173



91.7736, 97.8345, 94.2827



46.8309, 42.0161, 41.3831



19.5855, 20.9018, 19.9244



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.3432, 61.7987, 42.2173



82.8290, 91.5001, 55.6789



51.8276, 61.3074, 42.3605



13.3681, 14.3105, 13.2183



28.4413, 31.9998, 4.6776



1.7452, 1.9896, 0.2921



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.9625, 39.1871, 68.4087



54.0229, 51.7400, 101.7473



43.6847, 39.7945, 68.3297



11.8358, 12.1950, 15.6676



7.5232, 3.3082, 38.6952

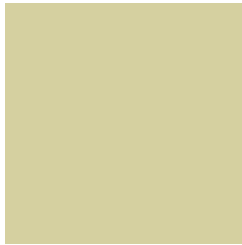


0.4868, 0.2657, 2.3449



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

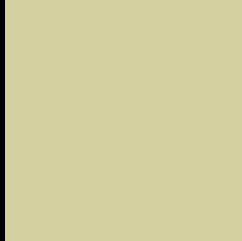
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

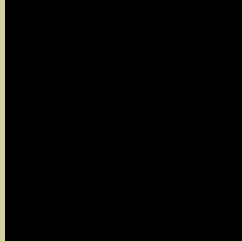
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.3416, 61.7959,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160

### Protanopia

57.8445, 61.8615, 41.6926

### Deuteranopia

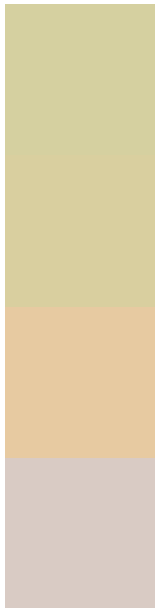
62.9913, 61.6976, 42.7712



## Tritanopia

62.5641, 61.4821, 73.5355

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160

## Protanomaly

57.1861, 61.8806, 41.7310

## Deuteranomaly

60.5085, 61.8032, 42.4583

## Tritanomaly

59.9350, 61.4491, 60.9265

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160

## Achromatopsia

57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568

## Achromatomaly

56.6405, 60.5589, 56.2807

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 208, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 208, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 208, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 208, 160) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 208, 160) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 208, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 208, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 208, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 208, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 208,  
160) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 56.3416, 61.7959, 42.2160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 208, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
208, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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