

# Converting Colors

XYZ(56.3482, 46.4662, 46.0231)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(56.3482, 46.4662, 46.0231)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(56.3137, 46.5530,  
46.0620)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F19FAE
RGB	241, 159, 174
RGB Percent	95%, 62%, 68%
CMY	0.0549, 0.3764, 0.3176
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.28, 0.05
HSL	349°, 75%, 78%
HSV	349°, 34%, 95%
XYZ	56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620
YIQ	185.2280, 44.0570, 22.0490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

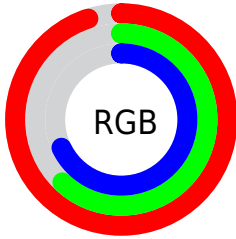
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">241, 159, 174</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15835054</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">73.90, 32.44, 4.87</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">74, 32.798, 8.534</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">46.5530, 0.3781, 0.3126</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294025134</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFF19FAE</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">185.2280, -5.5354, 48.9120</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">68.2298, 27.9236, 7.7341</a>

# Details

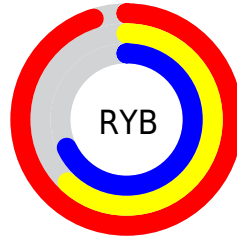
The XYZ color **56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **59.4828, 75.7735, 83.4459**, and the grayscale version is **46.2548, 48.6636, 52.9947**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.4294, 75.0103, 84.4208**, and **28.1953, 21.7805, 21.1304** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.7850, 38.3459, 35.4316**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.9343, 56.4929, 58.4460**.

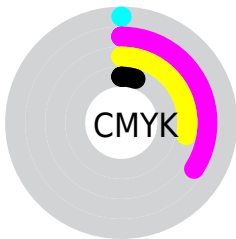
# Distribution



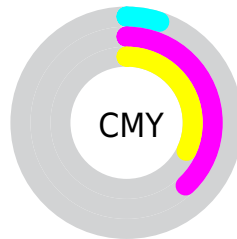
- Red (95%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (32%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 56.3137, 46.5530,  
46.0620


 56.3137, 46.5530,  
46.0620


400.9285,  
373.0275, 387.3427

 40.6925, 32.6824,  
31.9457


 98.6002, 85.0460,  
85.6470

 28.2655, 21.8833,  
21.0556


 125.9963,  
110.4372, 111.9529

 18.6674, 13.7712,  
12.9730


158.0480,  
140.4375, 143.1590

 11.5327, 7.9617,  
7.2794

195.1206,  
175.4311, 179.6840

 6.4963, 4.0704,  
3.5564

237.5797,  
215.8025, 221.9463

 3.1926, 1.7130,  
1.3853

285.7904,

 1.2564, 0.4321,

261.9361, 270.3644

0.1302

340.1183,  
314.2163, 325.3571

■ 0.1502, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 56.3137, 46.5530,  
46.0620

■ 56.3137, 46.5530,  
46.0620

■ 50.7850, 38.3459,  
35.4316

■ 62.9343, 56.4929,  
58.4460

■ 46.2852, 31.7659,  
26.4721

■ 70.6979, 68.2502,  
72.6557

■ 42.7502, 26.7057,  
19.0981

■ 79.6566, 81.9119,  
88.7622

■ 40.1075, 23.0428,  
13.2153

■ 89.7289, 97.2981,  
106.7891

■ 38.2736, 20.6350,  
8.7193

■ 90.0857, 97.4408,  
108.6677

■ 37.1483, 19.3099,  
5.4909

■ 36.7317, 18.8832,  
4.0990

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.5480, 46.5530, 63.3986



56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620



53.6304, 46.5530, 33.1696

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620



37.6107, 46.5530, 29.4550



40.2618, 46.5530, 86.9159

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620



59.4828, 75.7735, 83.4459

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.0278, 46.5530, 73.4916



56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620



34.5935, 46.5530, 39.8016

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620



42.6009, 46.5530, 25.0624



34.0407, 46.5530, 55.6144



45.9354, 46.5530, 89.6309



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620



50.3748, 46.5530, 27.8990



34.0407, 46.5530, 55.6144



38.6379, 46.5530, 83.3839

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.3150, 46.5552, 46.0629



84.2726, 83.5256, 89.6455



59.6304, 47.3128, 89.2087



17.7377, 17.4208, 18.6467



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.3150, 46.5552, 46.0629



59.4334, 46.1026, 43.5835



59.8771, 55.8900, 40.4356



15.8908, 15.8060, 16.9814



19.9541, 10.2541, 2.4091



1.6927, 0.8661, 0.3726



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.3150, 46.5552, 46.0629



59.4334, 46.1026, 43.5835



54.4860, 62.3413, 92.3806



15.8908, 15.8060, 16.9814



19.9541, 10.2541, 2.4091



1.6927, 0.8661, 0.3726



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

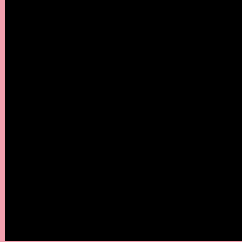
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.3137, 46.5530,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620

### Protanopia

45.2607, 46.8260, 53.6665

### Deuteranopia

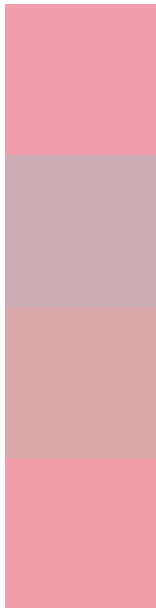
47.7779, 46.8283, 45.0487



## Tritanopia

56.0245, 46.4373, 44.5386

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620

## Protanomaly

48.5639, 46.2437, 50.6223

## Deuteranomaly

50.4364, 46.4797, 45.3429

## Tritanomaly

56.1202, 46.4756, 45.0426

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620

## Achromatopsia

46.1135, 48.5150, 52.8328

## Achromatomaly

49.0427, 47.3660, 50.2738

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(241, 159, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 159, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 159, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 159, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 159, 174) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 159, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 159, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 159, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 159, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 159,  
174) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 56.3137, 46.5530, 46.0620 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 159, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
159, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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