

# Converting Colors

XYZ(56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(56.3629, 55.5811,  
29.9479)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EABD85
RGB	234, 189, 133
RGB Percent	92%, 74%, 52%
CMY	0.0824, 0.2588, 0.4784
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.43, 0.08
HSL	33°, 71%, 72%
HSV	33°, 43%, 92%
XYZ	56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479
YIQ	196.0710, 44.7960, -7.8760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

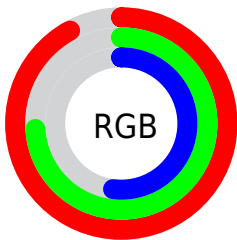
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	214, 234, 133
Decimal	15383941
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	79.37, 8.97, 34.37
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	79, 35.524, 75.372
Yxy	55.5811, 0.3972, 0.3917
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293574021 (0xFFEABD85)
YUV	196.0710, -31.0940, 33.2637
Hunter-Lab	74.5527, 4.4812, 28.3701

# Details

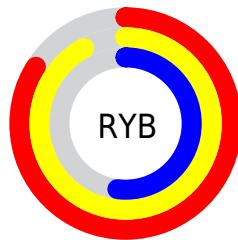
The XYZ color **56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **40.4439, 42.7662, 83.9647**, and the grayscale version is **52.6750, 55.4182, 60.3505**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.8620, 90.1527, 60.0476**, and **28.2316, 27.4476, 11.7926** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.7608, 50.6823, 21.6403**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.4891, 60.9516, 40.2079**.

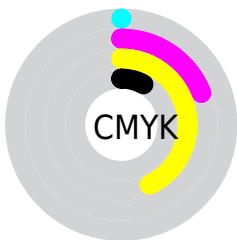
# Distribution



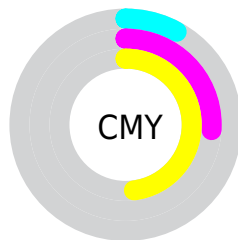
- Red (92%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (8%)




- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (48%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 56.3629, 55.5811,  
29.9479

 56.3629, 55.5811,  
29.9479


401.1106,  
408.1109, 315.8613


 40.7321, 39.8672,  
19.5473


 98.6717, 98.3918,  
60.6398

 28.2966, 27.4350,  
11.8856


 126.0804,  
126.2574, 81.7682

 18.6909, 17.9002,  
6.5443


 158.1458,  
158.9424, 107.3097

 11.5498, 10.8783,  
3.1047

195.2333,  
196.8310, 137.6827

 6.5080, 5.9851,  
1.1483

237.7081,  
240.3078, 173.3058

 3.1999, 2.8360,  
0.0000

285.9357,

 1.2603, 1.0467,

289.7571, 214.5976

0.0000

340.2814,  
345.5634, 261.9766

■ 0.1532, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 56.3629, 55.5811,  
29.9479

■ 56.3629, 55.5811,  
29.9479

■ 52.7608, 50.6823,  
21.6403

■ 60.4891, 60.9516,  
40.2079

■ 49.6511, 46.2309,  
15.1534


■ 65.1605, 66.8013,  
52.5339

■ 47.0046, 42.2117,  
10.3439


■ 70.4018, 73.1471,  
67.0343


■ 44.7862, 38.6050,  
7.0456


■ 76.2349, 80.0027,  
83.8093

 42.9543, 35.3881,  
5.0569

 82.6805, 87.3813,  
102.9525

 41.8817, 33.3926,  
4.2380

 86.6517, 94.0527,  
108.1947

 87.7416, 96.2324,  
108.5580

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.0450, 55.5811, 36.6766



56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479



49.2804, 55.5811, 30.0304

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479



40.6926, 55.5811, 71.5220



63.1864, 55.5811, 92.4652

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479



40.4439, 42.7662, 83.9647

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.5423, 55.5811, 106.7621



56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479



43.7795, 55.5811, 92.9433

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479



40.6540, 55.5811, 51.1435



49.4444, 55.5811, 106.9545



67.2183, 55.5811, 70.9741



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479



45.2903, 55.5811, 33.8393



49.4444, 55.5811, 106.9545



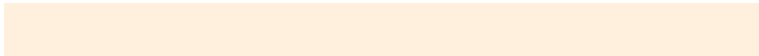
61.1592, 55.5811, 98.4652

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.3643, 55.5837, 29.9490



85.6331, 88.9828, 81.6639



50.4006, 37.5005, 46.9392



18.0132, 18.6683, 16.5915



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.3643, 55.5837, 29.9490



64.5014, 62.1225, 27.1338



65.9536, 77.1887, 33.6138



15.7581, 16.4392, 15.8613



23.6628, 19.0199, 2.4240



1.9538, 1.6850, 0.2223



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.4439, 42.7662, 83.9647



42.7528, 44.6269, 100.9683



33.7288, 28.1238, 81.4924



14.7836, 15.6536, 19.1645



11.2626, 9.1721, 44.9198



0.9790, 0.9095, 3.5588



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

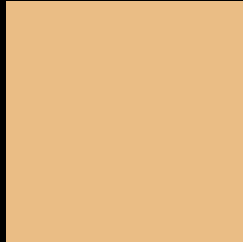
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

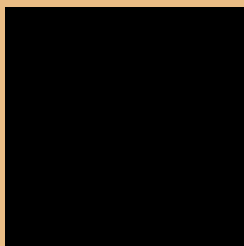
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.3629, 55.5811,

29.9479.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479

### Protanopia

51.8508, 55.8562, 31.3411

### Deuteranopia

56.8089, 55.4928, 29.9073



## Tritanopia

62.3094, 55.5131, 59.0608

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479

## Protanomaly

53.4838, 55.7050, 30.8549

## Deuteranomaly

56.4778, 55.3221, 29.8918

## Tritanomaly

59.8468, 55.4367, 46.5758

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479

## Achromatopsia

52.4687, 55.2011, 60.1140

## Achromatomaly

53.1911, 54.8587, 47.3205

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 189, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 189, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 189, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 189, 133) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 189, 133) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 189, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 189, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 189, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 189, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 189,  
133) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 56.3629, 55.5811, 29.9479 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 189, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
189, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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