

# Converting Colors

XYZ(56.4279, 54.8780, 65.1403)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(56.4279, 54.8780, 65.1403)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(56.3684, 54.8000,  
65.3641)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D4BDCD
RGB	212, 189, 205
RGB Percent	83%, 74%, 80%
CMY	0.1686, 0.2588, 0.1961
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.03, 0.17
HSL	318°, 21%, 79%
HSV	318°, 11%, 83%
XYZ	56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641
YIQ	197.7010, 8.5720, 9.8520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

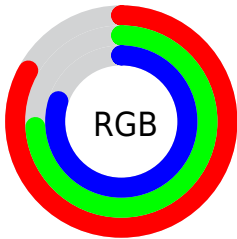
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	212, 189, 205
Decimal	13942221
CIE Lab	78.93, 10.92, -5.05
CIE LCh	79, 12.032, 335.179
Yxy	54.8000, 0.3193, 0.3104
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292132301 (0xFFD4BDCD)
YUV	197.7010, 3.5984, 12.5402
Hunter-Lab	74.0270, 6.3728, -0.5327

# Details

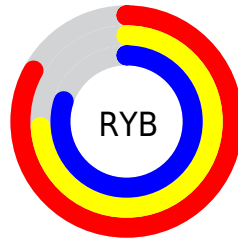
The XYZ color **56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **54.4957, 61.8928, 61.3018**, and the grayscale version is **53.4716, 56.2562, 61.2630**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.9424, 93.7848, 107.8641**, and **28.2947, 27.0108, 33.0005** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.3747, 46.0330, 59.9356**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.0639, 64.9177, 71.1864**.

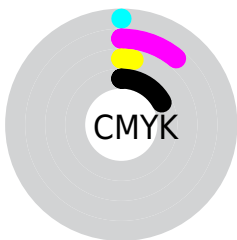
# Distribution



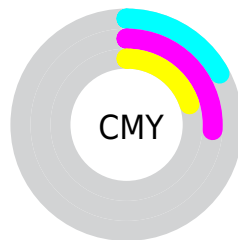
- Red (83%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 56.3684, 54.8000,  
65.3641

■ 56.3684, 54.8000,  
65.3641

401.1309,  
405.1534, 462.4412

■ 40.7365, 39.2416,  
47.3032

■ 98.6797, 97.2479,  
114.1914

■ 28.3000, 26.9477,  
32.9193

126.0898,  
124.9061, 145.7949

■ 18.6936, 17.5340,  
21.7940

158.1568,  
157.3665, 182.7497

■ 11.5518, 10.6159,  
13.5088

195.2459,  
195.0133, 225.4742

■ 6.5093, 5.8092,  
7.6450

237.7225,  
238.2310, 274.3871

■ 3.2007, 2.7294,  
3.7841

285.9520,

■ 1.2608, 0.9922,

287.4040, 329.9069

1.5077

340.2997,  
342.9167, 392.4521

■ 0.1536, 0.0000,  
0.2236

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 56.3684, 54.8000,  
65.3641

■ 56.3684, 54.8000,  
65.3641

■ 51.3747, 46.0330,  
59.9356

■ 62.0639, 64.9177,  
71.1864

■ 47.0490, 38.5519,  
54.8857

■ 68.4840, 76.4333,  
77.4100

■ 43.3615, 32.2970,  
50.2033

■ 75.6561, 89.4003,  
84.0464

■ 40.2784, 27.2014,  
45.8752

■ 77.3093, 91.2763,  
89.0073

■ 37.7625, 23.1913,  
41.8869

■ 78.2369, 91.6473,  
93.8920

■ 35.7725, 20.1847,  
38.2226

■ 79.1985, 92.0319,  
98.9556

■ 34.2612, 18.0879,  
34.8646

■ 80.1944, 92.4303,  
104.1998

■ 33.1723, 16.7891,  
31.7919

■ 80.9617, 92.7372,  
108.2407

■ 32.4551, 16.1186,  
29.1976

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.7781, 54.8000, 71.0828



56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641



56.7971, 54.8000, 58.4879

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641



51.6721, 54.8000, 47.4985



48.4197, 54.8000, 67.5750

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641



54.4957, 61.8928, 61.3018

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.6424, 54.8000, 60.8637



56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641



49.4831, 54.8000, 49.5455

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641



54.0385, 54.8000, 48.5035



48.0257, 54.8000, 54.3126



50.1806, 54.8000, 72.4261



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641



56.3556, 54.8000, 54.2426



48.0257, 54.8000, 54.3126



48.0372, 54.8000, 65.4434

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.3700, 54.8024, 65.3653



92.2852, 95.0667, 106.1400



52.8224, 52.8737, 69.7098



19.5983, 20.0730, 22.5625



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.3700, 54.8024, 65.3653



83.7890, 80.0099, 97.3409



55.0436, 54.2718, 58.3806



12.7845, 12.5653, 14.8056



20.0823, 9.9692, 18.2694



1.2473, 0.6157, 1.2918



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.3700, 54.8024, 65.3653



83.7890, 80.0099, 97.3409



55.8430, 62.4317, 68.3968



12.7845, 12.5653, 14.8056



20.0823, 9.9692, 18.2694

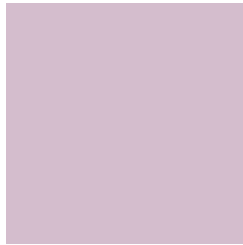


1.2473, 0.6157, 1.2918



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

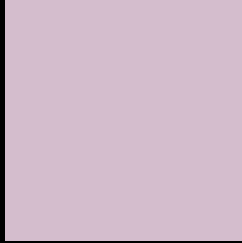
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

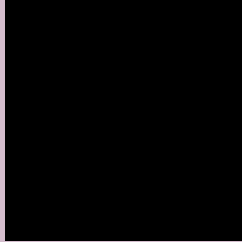
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.3684, 54.8000,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641

### Protanopia

53.1826, 54.7397, 67.4373

### Deuteranopia

56.0112, 54.9363, 65.4093



## Tritanopia

56.2481, 54.7519, 64.7303

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641

## Protanomaly

54.1995, 54.6218, 66.7179

## Deuteranomaly

56.2969, 55.0836, 65.4226

## Tritanomaly

56.2481, 54.7519, 64.7303

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641

## Achromatopsia

53.6758, 56.4712, 61.4971

## Achromatomaly

54.6863, 55.9438, 63.1743

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(212, 189, 205) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 189, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 189, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 189, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 189, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 189, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 189, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 189, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 189, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 189,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 56.3684, 54.8000, 65.3641 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 189, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
189, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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