

# Converting Colors

XYZ(56.4475, 61.5417, 83.4172)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(56.4475, 61.5417, 83.4172)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(56.6209, 61.7514,  
83.7979)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B6D2E6
RGB	182, 210, 230
RGB Percent	71%, 82%, 90%
CMY	0.2863, 0.1765, 0.0980
CMYK	0.21, 0.09, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	205°, 49%, 81%
HSV	205°, 21%, 90%
XYZ	56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979
YIQ	203.9080, -23.1080, 0.2840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

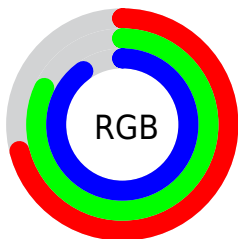
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	182, 200, 230
Decimal	11981542
CIELab	82.78, -5.07, -12.97
CIELCh	83, 13.926, 248.648
Yxy	61.7514, 0.2801, 0.3054
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290171622 (0xFFB6D2E6)
YUV	203.9080, 12.8634, -19.2133
Hunter-Lab	78.5821, -8.9036, -8.2179

# Details

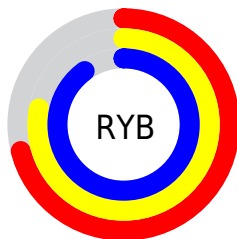
The XYZ color **56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **62.1978, 62.4416, 53.0316**, and the grayscale version is **57.2697, 60.2521, 65.6146**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.0699, 96.9171, 108.6201**, and **28.4305, 31.4221, 44.6110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.3338, 54.5887, 82.8004**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.9455, 69.6624, 84.8871**.

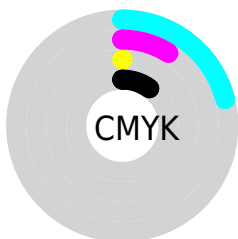
# Distribution



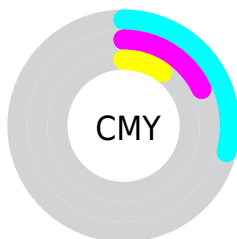
- Red (71%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 56.6209, 61.7514,  
83.7979

■ 56.6209, 61.7514,  
83.7979

402.0644,  
431.0237, 527.6824

■ 40.9399, 44.8319,  
62.3042

■ 99.0464, 107.3662,  
140.5516

■ 28.4596, 31.3250,  
44.8411

126.5216,  
136.8302, 176.6487

■ 18.8146, 20.8465,  
30.9903

158.6589,  
171.2444, 218.4507

■ 11.6396, 13.0118,  
20.3330

195.8236,  
210.9934, 266.3760

■ 6.5692, 7.4367,  
12.4509

238.3812,  
256.4614, 320.8434

■ 3.2381, 3.7367,  
6.9253

286.6970,

■ 1.2809, 1.5274,

308.0328, 382.2712

3.3377

341.1363,  
366.0921, 451.0780

■ 0.1689, 0.3079,  
1.2695

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0366

■ 56.6209, 61.7514,  
83.7979

■ 56.6209, 61.7514,  
83.7979

■ 49.3338, 54.5887,  
82.8004

■ 64.9455, 69.6624,  
84.8871

■ 43.0327, 48.1394,  
81.8877

■ 74.3449, 78.3397,  
86.0666

■ 37.6697, 42.3767,  
81.0580

■ 84.8615, 87.8103,  
87.3403

■ 33.1906, 37.2686,  
80.3082

■ 89.1931, 94.3131,  
88.3672

■ 29.5347, 32.7801,  
79.6345

■ 91.2831, 98.4932,  
89.0639

■ 26.6332, 28.8714,  
79.0330

■ 24.4042, 25.4962,  
78.4990

■ 22.8330, 22.8130,  
78.0639

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.3090, 61.7514, 78.0727



56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979



59.5631, 61.7514, 84.8965

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979



64.5725, 61.7514, 64.7870



55.1690, 61.7514, 55.1605

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979



62.1978, 62.4416, 53.0316

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.8311, 61.7514, 52.2134



56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979



63.3065, 61.7514, 57.4530

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979



64.2217, 61.7514, 73.4225



60.8147, 61.7514, 53.0154



53.4908, 61.7514, 61.4086



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979



61.4975, 61.7514, 82.7747



60.8147, 61.7514, 53.0154



55.9748, 61.7514, 53.7762

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.6228, 61.7539, 83.7993



87.6435, 93.2130, 107.9803



58.1556, 70.7664, 65.9772



18.5933, 19.7980, 23.0914



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

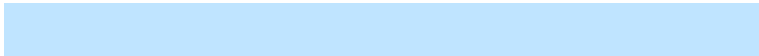


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.6228, 61.7539, 83.7993



67.4636, 74.0584, 105.3467



51.3035, 51.1155, 82.0262



14.2779, 15.2772, 18.3406



13.0500, 13.1621, 44.2359



1.0556, 1.1551, 3.2993



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.9954, 54.9335, 68.3640



73.9902, 64.2567, 82.2230



68.0571, 74.1602, 54.9847



14.7278, 14.5083, 16.7672



20.9805, 10.5264, 14.0584

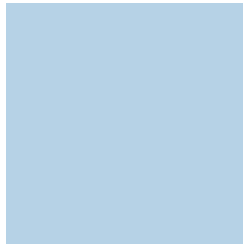


1.5964, 0.7963, 1.2813



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

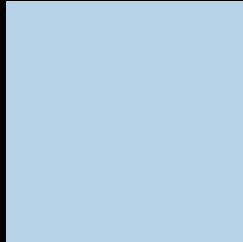
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

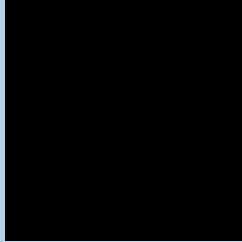
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

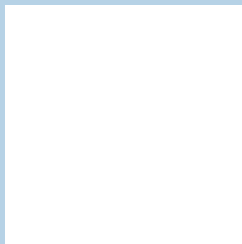
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.6209, 61.7514,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979

### Protanopia

59.9489, 61.3732, 80.6381

### Deuteranopia

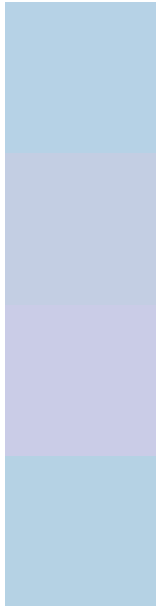
62.6603, 61.2809, 84.8698



## Tritanopia

55.9678, 61.4630, 81.5868

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979

## Protanomaly

58.4421, 61.2908, 81.4231

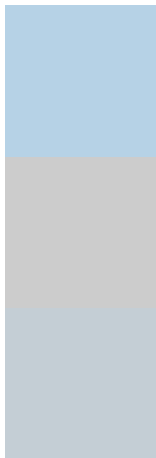
## Deuteranomaly

60.3738, 61.5118, 84.2922

## Tritanomaly

56.1062, 61.5184, 82.3159

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979

## Achromatopsia

57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568

## Achromatomaly

56.8465, 60.6825, 71.6675

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 210, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 210, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 210, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 210, 230) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 210, 230) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 210, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 210, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 210, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 210, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 210,  
230) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 56.6209, 61.7514, 83.7979 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 210, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
210, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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