

# Converting Colors

XYZ(56.4706, 60.4970, 60.5066)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(56.4706, 60.4970, 60.5066)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(56.3102, 60.2993,  
60.3008)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBCDC3
RGB	203, 205, 195
RGB Percent	80%, 80%, 76%
CMY	0.2039, 0.1961, 0.2353
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.05, 0.20
HSL	72°, 9%, 78%
HSV	72°, 5%, 80%
XYZ	56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008
YIQ	203.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

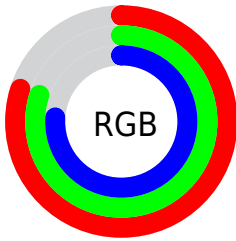
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	195, 205, 197
Decimal	13356483
CIELab	82.00, -2.48, 4.72
CIELCh	82, 5.335, 117.671
Yxy	60.2993, 0.3183, 0.3408
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291546563 (0xFFCBCDC3)
YUV	203.2620, -4.0732, -0.2298
Hunter-Lab	77.6526, -6.4519, 8.3155

# Details

The XYZ color **56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **53.5629, 55.3100, 65.6136**, and the grayscale version is **56.9547, 59.9208, 65.2537**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.5707, 99.8083, 106.3760**, and **28.2688, 30.4459, 29.5860** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.0465, 58.8682, 48.8678**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.9252, 61.8782, 73.4140**.

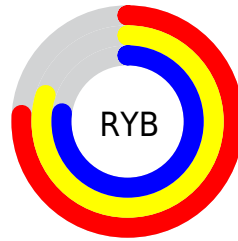
# Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (80%)

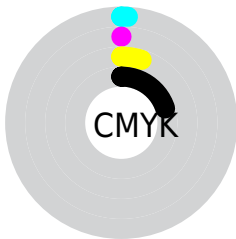
Blue (76%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (77%)

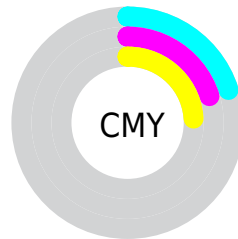


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 56.3102, 60.2993,  
60.3008

■ 56.3102, 60.2993,  
60.3008

400.9156,  
425.7001, 443.5410

■ 40.6897, 43.6599,  
43.2343

98.5952, 105.2637,  
106.8135

■ 28.2633, 30.4032,  
29.7362

125.9903,  
134.3575, 137.0968

■ 18.6657, 20.1449,  
19.3881

158.0410,  
168.3717, 172.6227

■ 11.5315, 12.5004,  
11.7714

195.1126,  
207.6904, 213.8098

■ 6.4955, 7.0854,  
6.4676

237.5705,  
252.6983, 261.0767

■ 3.1921, 3.5156,  
3.0581

285.7801,

■ 1.2562, 1.4065,

303.7796, 314.8418

1.1244

340.1067,  
361.3187, 375.5237

■ 0.1500, 0.2215,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 56.3102, 60.2993,  
60.3008

■ 56.3102, 60.2993,  
60.3008

■ 53.0465, 58.8682,  
48.8678

■ 59.9252, 61.8782,  
73.4140

■ 50.1159, 57.5719,  
39.0431

■ 63.8989, 63.6021,  
88.2674

■ 47.5061, 56.4072,  
30.7557

■ 68.0017, 65.3810,  
103.6435

■ 45.2021, 55.3682,  
23.9273

■ 69.2254, 66.0119,  
103.7007

■ 43.1876, 54.4483,  
18.4733

■ 70.4797, 66.6585,  
103.7594

■ 41.4445, 53.6403,  
14.2999

■ 71.7646, 67.3209,  
103.8196

■ 39.9525, 52.9360,  
11.3018

■ 73.0806, 67.9993,  
103.8812

■ 38.6884, 52.3260,  
9.3570

■ 74.4276, 68.6937,  
103.9442

■ 37.6235, 51.7990,  
8.3168

■ 75.8061, 69.4043,  
104.0087

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.4010, 60.2993, 59.6361



56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008



55.4974, 60.2993, 62.3859

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008



56.1593, 60.2993, 71.0519



59.5098, 60.2993, 65.9087

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008



53.5629, 55.3100, 65.6136

# Split Complementary

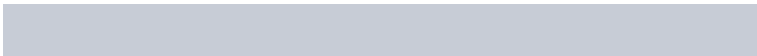
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.1671, 60.2993, 69.0378



56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008



57.2245, 60.2993, 72.0673

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008



55.4111, 60.2993, 68.5862



58.3270, 60.2993, 71.3186



59.2573, 60.2993, 62.8099



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008



55.2174, 60.2993, 64.3368



58.3270, 60.2993, 71.3186



59.4603, 60.2993, 66.9925

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.3119, 60.3019, 60.3021



94.4544, 99.7401, 106.7433



54.9955, 56.8536, 59.7059



20.2234, 21.3512, 22.8702



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.3119, 60.3019, 60.3021



91.5649, 98.4767, 96.3865



54.9724, 59.6114, 60.2394



12.1293, 13.0683, 12.6763



23.1916, 32.1310, 4.9796



1.2538, 1.6872, 0.2596



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.5629, 55.3100, 65.6136



86.0030, 88.3766, 107.1333



54.8937, 55.9960, 65.6759



11.3324, 11.6211, 14.2162



7.4939, 3.0708, 36.1540

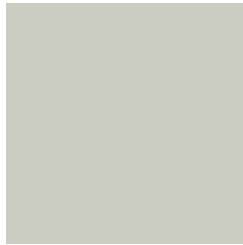


0.4498, 0.1910, 1.8681



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

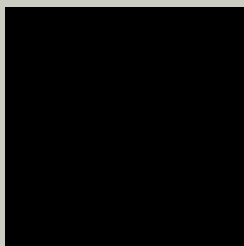
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

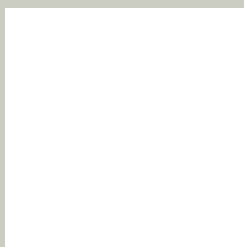
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.3102, 60.2993,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008

### Protanopia

57.6719, 60.3086, 59.6400

### Deuteranopia

61.4083, 60.1325, 61.1935



## Tritanopia

59.2290, 60.4248, 74.8711

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008

## Protanomaly

57.0626, 60.3462, 59.6794

## Deuteranomaly

59.5315, 60.1995, 60.7066

## Tritanomaly

58.1656, 60.3442, 69.5547

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008

## Achromatopsia

56.7640, 59.7202, 65.0353

## Achromatomaly

56.6468, 60.0524, 63.2492

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(203, 205, 195) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 205, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 205, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 205, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 205, 195) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 205, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 205, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 205, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 205, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 205,  
195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 56.3102, 60.2993, 60.3008 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 205, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
205, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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