

# Converting Colors

XYZ(56.4805, 82.1595, 14.8012)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(56.4805, 82.1595, 14.8012)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(56.3759, 82.1056,  
14.7961)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAFF27
RGB	186, 255, 39
RGB Percent	73%, 100%, 15%
CMY	0.2706, 0.0000, 0.8470
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.85, 0.00
HSL	79°, 100%, 58%
HSV	79°, 85%, 100%
XYZ	56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961
YIQ	209.7450, 28.2120, -81.8040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

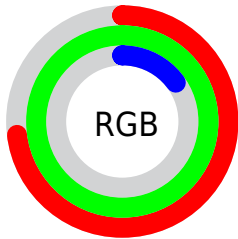
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	39, 255, 108
Decimal	12255015
CIE Lab	92.62, -48.09, 84.45
CIE LCh	93, 97.189, 119.660
Yxy	82.1056, 0.3678, 0.5357
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290445095 (0xFFBAFF27)
YUV	209.7450, -84.1773, -20.8244
Hunter-Lab	90.6121, -47.5144, 53.7470

# Details

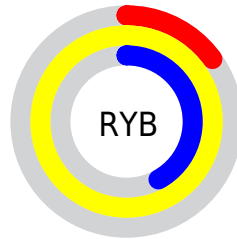
The XYZ color **56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFF33**. The color can be described as light washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **24.9620, 11.8609, 95.5815**, and the grayscale version is **61.6136, 64.8223, 70.5915**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.8245, 92.3769, 27.9688**, and **28.7983, 44.8238, 7.1340** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.1624, 80.9980, 13.1779**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.9856, 83.3847, 17.9134**.

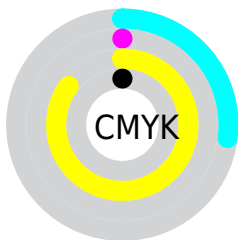
# Distribution



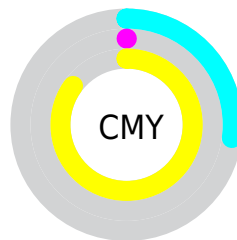
- Red (73%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (85%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 56.3759, 82.1056,  
14.7961


 56.3759, 82.1056,  
14.7961


401.1587,  
502.0009, 233.7268


 40.7426, 61.4526,  
8.5314


 98.6906, 136.3221,  
35.2323


 28.3048, 44.5905,  
4.3442


 126.1027,  
170.6543, 50.2409


 18.6972, 31.1350,  
1.8160

 158.1717,  
210.3151, 69.0011

 11.5544, 20.7017,  
0.4385


 195.2630,  
255.6888, 91.9316

 6.5110, 12.9061,  
0.0000

 237.7421,  
307.1599, 119.4509

 3.2018, 7.3639,  
0.0000

285.9741,

 1.2614, 3.6907,

365.1126, 151.9775

0.0000

340.3245,  
429.9315, 189.9300

■ 0.1540, 1.5021,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.2902,  
0.0000

■ 56.3759, 82.1056,  
14.7961

■ 56.3759, 82.1056,  
14.7961

■ 54.1624, 80.9980,  
13.1779


■ 58.9856, 83.3847,  
17.9134


■ 53.1123, 80.4655,  
12.7321


■ 62.0423, 84.8558,  
22.7846


■ 65.5875, 86.5358,  
29.6212

■ 69.6574, 88.4393,  
38.6036

 74.2840, 90.5793,  
49.8921

 79.4965, 92.9677,  
63.6315

 85.3218, 95.6155,  
79.9549

 91.7848, 98.5328,  
98.9857

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.3279, 82.1056, 9.9523



56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961



43.1620, 82.1056, 35.9132

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961



55.9744, 82.1056, 271.3489



137.4219, 82.1056, 90.2281

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961



24.9620, 11.8609, 95.5815

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



127.9438, 82.1056, 179.7446



56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961



77.7507, 82.1056, 313.2980

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961



42.9678, 82.1056, 177.4738



104.6425, 82.1056, 273.0853



128.3455, 82.1056, 36.6982



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961



39.3285, 82.1056, 66.6717



104.6425, 82.1056, 273.0853



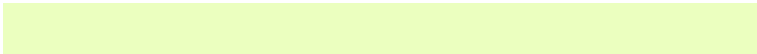
136.2754, 82.1056, 116.7805

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.3760, 82.1056, 14.7972



79.3317, 92.8925, 63.1834



46.9069, 32.0075, 5.6264



16.5750, 19.6976, 12.4347



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.3760, 82.1056, 14.7972



53.1123, 80.4655, 12.7321



39.3186, 73.3122, 13.9990



18.9638, 20.7828, 19.1563



27.9146, 42.1286, 6.6604



2.8318, 4.1606, 0.6538



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.9620, 11.8609, 95.5815



21.4833, 8.9899, 95.2107



46.9186, 23.1800, 96.6090



17.5492, 17.6593, 22.7336



11.3620, 4.7678, 49.7560

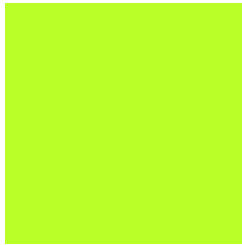


1.2143, 0.5199, 4.8496



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

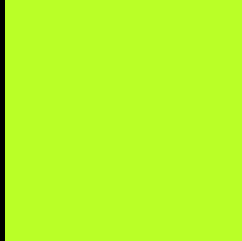
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

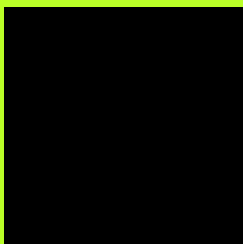
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961.



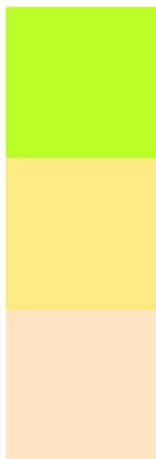
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.3759, 82.1056,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961

### Protanopia

74.3414, 81.1228, 32.5089

### Deuteranopia

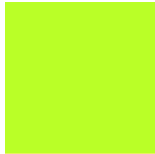
79.1096, 81.2388, 63.1409



## Tritanopia

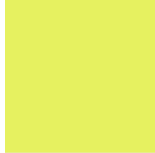
75.1982, 81.6373, 106.4019

# Trichromacy



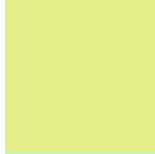
## Original Color

56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961



## Protanomaly

66.1997, 80.5781, 23.1304



## Deuteranomaly

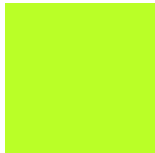
67.7951, 79.8070, 35.8759



## Tritanomaly

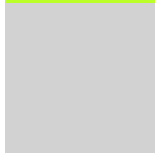
64.5443, 80.3925, 53.1898

# Monochromacy



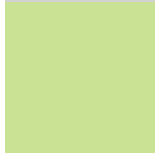
## Original Color

56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961



## Achromatopsia

61.2578, 64.4480, 70.1838



## Achromatomaly

56.6290, 68.9483, 38.3407

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 255, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 255, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 255, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 255, 39) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 255, 39) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 255, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 255, 39)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 255, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 255, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 255,  
39) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 56.3759, 82.1056, 14.7961 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 255, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
255, 39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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