

Converting Colors

XYZ(56.4836, 58.3721,
102.8977)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(56.4836, 58.3721, 102.8977)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(56.4041, 58.3453,
102.8967)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADCAFF
RGB	173, 202, 255
RGB Percent	68%, 79%, 100%
CMY	0.3216, 0.2078, 0.0000
CMYK	0.32, 0.21, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	219°, 100%, 84%
HSV	219°, 32%, 100%
XYZ	56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967
YIQ	199.3710, -34.2970, 10.3350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

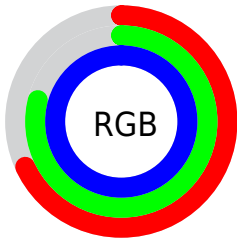
Format	Color
RYB	173, 194, 255
Decimal	11389695
CIELab	80.93, 2.37, -29.14
CIELCh	81, 29.240, 274.647
Yxy	58.3453, 0.2592, 0.2681
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289579775 (0xFFADCAFF)
YUV	199.3710, 27.4251, -23.1274
Hunter-Lab	76.3841, -1.8629, -26.4004

Details

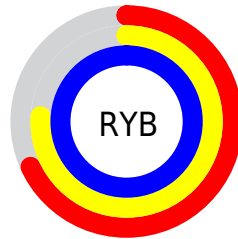
The XYZ color **56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **75.9795, 78.6699, 50.7172**, and the grayscale version is **54.3670, 57.1983, 62.2890**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.4431, 95.5630, 108.4972**, and **28.2542, 29.1086, 57.5554** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.6316, 48.3867, 101.4369**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.6691, 69.6891, 104.5452**.

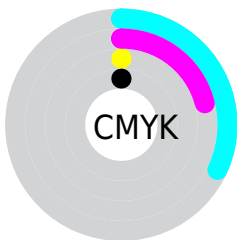
Distribution



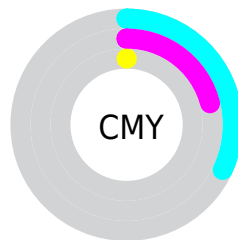
- Red (68%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.4041, 58.3453,
102.8967

■ 56.4041, 58.3453,
102.8967

401.2630,
418.4714, 590.7662

■ 40.7653, 42.0863,
78.0916

■ 98.7316, 102.4255,
167.2187

■ 28.3226, 29.1689,
57.6323

126.1509,
131.0156, 207.5727

■ 18.7107, 19.2086,
41.1004

158.2278,
164.4847, 253.9467

■ 11.5642, 11.8211,
28.0772

195.3276,
203.2174, 306.7593

■ 6.5177, 6.6220,
18.1443

237.8157,
247.5980, 366.4290

■ 3.2060, 3.2268,
10.8832

286.0573,

■ 1.2636, 1.2513,

298.0110, 433.3744

5.8751

340.4180,
354.8406, 508.0139

■ 0.1557, 0.1030,
2.7017

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.9443

■ 56.4041, 58.3453,
102.8967

■ 56.4041, 58.3453,
102.8967

■ 47.6316, 48.3867,
101.4369

■ 66.6691, 69.6891,
104.5452

■ 40.2722, 39.7492,
100.1575

■ 78.4903, 82.4652,
106.3882

■ 34.2464, 32.3729,
99.0514

■ 91.9338, 96.7267,
108.4324

■ 29.4641, 26.1903,
98.1100

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 25.8227, 21.1257,
97.3244

■ 23.2004, 17.0924,
96.6841

■ 21.7220, 14.5640,
96.2740

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.6178, 58.3453, 98.6775



56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967



62.3417, 58.3453, 95.0983

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967



65.5961, 58.3453, 46.3939



45.5850, 58.3453, 50.2928

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967



75.9795, 78.6699, 50.7172

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.0959, 58.3453, 39.8550



56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967



60.5919, 58.3453, 37.9078

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967



67.8887, 58.3453, 60.8647



54.5175, 58.3453, 35.7514



44.6412, 58.3453, 66.2681

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967



65.5041, 58.3453, 84.8413



54.5175, 58.3453, 35.7514



46.4909, 58.3453, 46.1214

Sweetspot

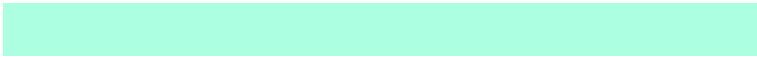
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.4058, 58.3475, 102.8970



81.2487, 85.4120, 106.8116



66.5761, 85.8373, 84.2468



17.0038, 17.8687, 22.8028



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.4058, 58.3475, 102.8970



50.2439, 51.3841, 101.8777



52.7462, 47.2910, 100.9558



17.5286, 18.4288, 22.8832



11.4770, 7.8635, 50.3475



1.2158, 0.9623, 4.9349

Inverse Universe

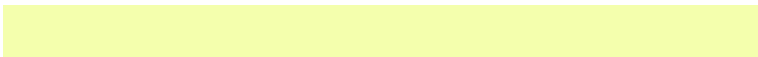
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.8454, 55.4130, 63.0521



62.4266, 48.6356, 55.2280



80.6347, 93.7824, 53.3889



18.2747, 18.0932, 20.0637



22.5812, 11.5218, 6.4453



2.2483, 1.1417, 0.8889

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

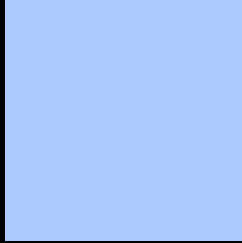
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

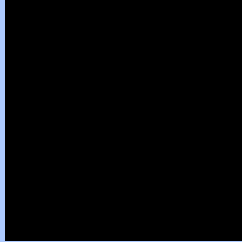
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

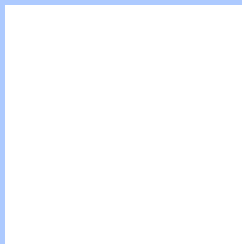
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.4041, 58.3453,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967

Protanopia

58.2583, 57.9812, 100.2164

Deuteranopia

59.5021, 58.2289, 102.7109



Tritanopia

51.7363, 58.6006, 79.1053

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967

Protanomaly

57.4445, 57.8838, 101.0735

Deuteranomaly

58.2406, 58.2572, 102.7829

Tritanomaly

53.4289, 58.5758, 87.0875

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967

Achromatopsia

54.2854, 57.1125, 62.1955

Achromatomaly

54.6757, 57.3702, 75.2097

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 202, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 202, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 202, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 202, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 202, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 202, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 202, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 202, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 202, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 202,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 56.4041, 58.3453, 102.8967 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 202, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
202, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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