

# Converting Colors

XYZ(56.5127, 66.6627,  
116.9621)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(56.5127, 66.6627, 116.9621)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(54.1811, 65.8163,  
104.4559)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                        |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex         | 82E1FF                       |
| RGB         | 130, 225, 255                |
| RGB Percent | 51%, 88%, 100%               |
| CMY         | 0.4902, 0.1176, 0.0000       |
| CMYK        | 0.49, 0.12, 0.00, 0.00       |
| HSL         | 194°, 100%, 75%              |
| HSV         | 194°, 49%, 100%              |
| XYZ         | 54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559   |
| YIQ         | 200.0150, -66.2500, -10.8100 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

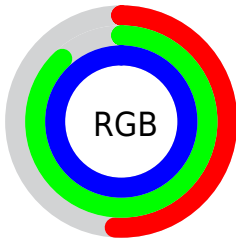
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                   |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 130, 184, 255                  |
| Decimal                             | 8577535                        |
| CIE Lab                             | 84.90, -20.35, -23.28          |
| CIE LCh                             | 85, 30.920, 228.848            |
| Yxy                                 | 65.8163, 0.2414,<br>0.2932     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4286767615<br>(0xFF82E1FF)     |
| YUV                                 | 200.0150, 27.1076,<br>-61.4032 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 81.1272, -22.7609,<br>-19.5501 |

# Details

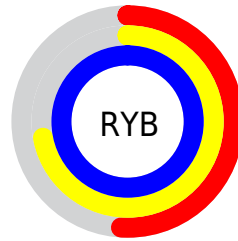
The XYZ color **54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **57.8407, 48.0140, 27.3400**, and the grayscale version is **54.7783, 57.6310, 62.7602**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.7963, 89.5588, 107.9521**, and **26.9517, 34.0556, 58.5790** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.1191, 60.7961, 103.7537**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.2752, 71.4595, 105.2240**.

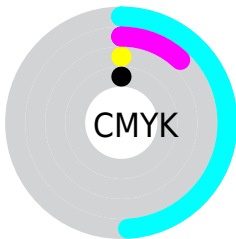
# Distribution



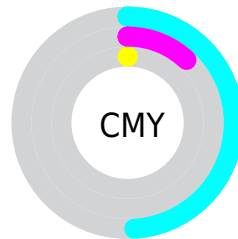
- Red (51%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



54.1811, 65.8163,  
104.4559

54.1811, 65.8163,  
104.4559

392.9873,  
445.7196, 595.7544

38.9777, 48.1233,  
79.3895

95.4954, 113.2226,  
169.3723

26.9230, 33.9245,  
58.6929

122.3371,  
143.7048, 210.0594

17.6517, 22.8356,  
41.9476

153.7889,  
179.2187, 256.7905

10.7984, 14.4722,  
28.7350

190.2162,  
220.1489, 309.9841

5.9977, 8.4498,  
18.6366

231.9843,  
266.8796, 370.0587

2.8843, 4.3841,  
11.2338

279.4586,

1.0929, 1.8907,

319.7954, 437.4330

6.1082

333.0045,  
379.2806, 512.5254

■ 0.0192, 0.5428,  
2.8411

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.0141

■ 54.1811, 65.8163,  
104.4559

■ 54.1811, 65.8163,  
104.4559

■ 49.1191, 60.7961,  
103.7537

■ 60.2752, 71.4595,  
105.2240

■ 45.0100, 56.3527,  
103.1126

■ 67.4618, 77.7534,  
106.0600

■ 41.7719, 52.4446,  
102.5290

■ 75.8032, 84.7325,  
106.9675

■ 39.3053, 49.0195,  
101.9978

■ 85.3552, 92.4262,  
107.9491

■ 37.4637, 46.0009, 95.0500, 100.0000,  
101.5122 108.9000

■ 37.2984, 45.7169,  
101.4661

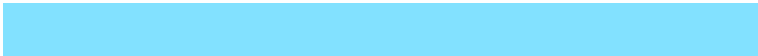
# Harmonies

## Analogous

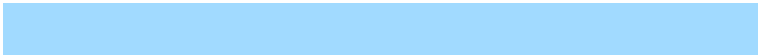
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.7605, 65.8163, 84.7295



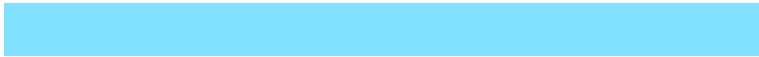
54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559



60.0113, 65.8163, 116.0684

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559



76.5806, 65.8163, 79.3097



58.3444, 65.8163, 41.2430

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559



57.8407, 48.0140, 27.3400

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.1724, 65.8163, 40.3313



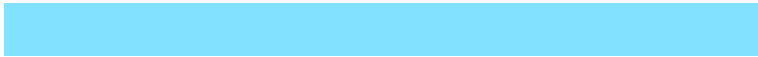
54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559



76.0514, 65.8163, 60.0137

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559



73.1498, 65.8163, 99.8624



71.7532, 65.8163, 46.5703

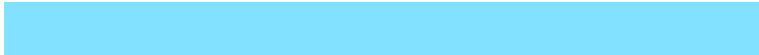


53.0386, 65.8163, 49.3446



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559



64.6312, 65.8163, 116.4366



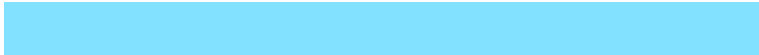
71.7532, 65.8163, 46.5703



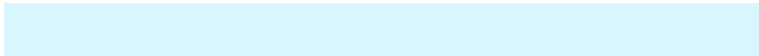
60.5265, 65.8163, 40.1497

# Sweetspot

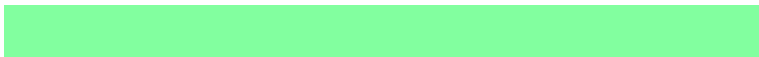
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.1830, 65.8187, 104.4563



79.4923, 87.7360, 107.3528



51.2396, 78.7754, 45.3832



16.5950, 18.4387, 22.9343



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.1830, 65.8187, 104.4563



49.1271, 60.8044, 103.7549



40.4139, 38.2805, 99.8666



18.1638, 19.6992, 23.0949



19.6111, 24.1317, 53.0589



1.9938, 2.5183, 5.1943



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.8144, 42.6631, 76.1610



59.0182, 36.3807, 70.8570



71.3028, 74.9382, 31.8274



18.5953, 18.2214, 21.7521



26.6870, 13.1641, 28.0657

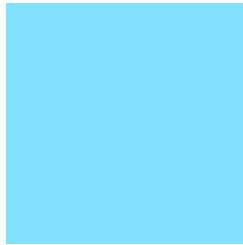


2.6410, 1.2988, 2.9569



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

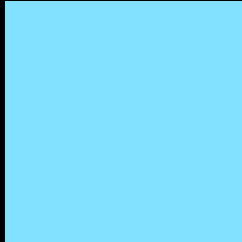
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559.



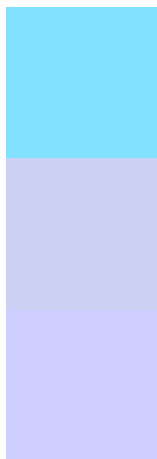
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.1811, 65.8163,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559

### Protanopia

64.0314, 64.9700, 94.7536

### Deuteranopia

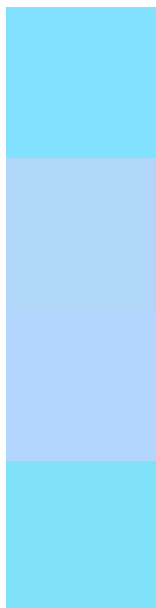
66.0950, 65.1110, 103.6919



## Tritanopia

52.7029, 66.0428, 96.3560

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559

## Protanomaly

59.3752, 64.7253, 98.1708

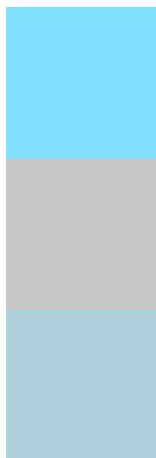
## Deuteranomaly

60.6870, 64.8968, 103.9355

## Tritanomaly

53.1973, 65.8215, 99.5235

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559

## Achromatopsia

54.8990, 57.7580, 62.8985

## Achromatomaly

53.3979, 59.8822, 76.4542

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 225, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 225, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 225, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 225, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 225, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 225, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 225, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 225, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 225, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 225,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.1811, 65.8163, 104.4559 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 225, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
225, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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