

# Converting Colors

XYZ(56.5488, 33.7360, 35.2476)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(56.5488, 33.7360, 35.2476)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(50.8982, 30.8391,  
35.1682)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF599D
RGB	255, 89, 157
RGB Percent	100%, 35%, 62%
CMY	0.0000, 0.6509, 0.3843
CMYK	0.00, 0.65, 0.38, 0.00
HSL	335°, 100%, 67%
HSV	335°, 65%, 100%
XYZ	50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682
YIQ	146.3860, 77.1080, 56.3400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

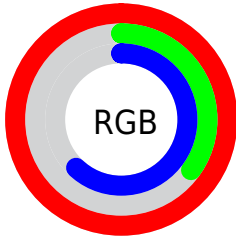
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	255, 89, 157
Decimal	16734621
CIE Lab	62.37, 68.22, -2.10
CIE LCh	62, 68.254, 358.237
Yxy	30.8391, 0.4354, 0.2638
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294924701 (0xFFFF599D)
YUV	146.3860, 5.2327, 95.2545
Hunter-Lab	55.5330, 66.4198, 1.3256

# Details

The XYZ color **50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **48.8514, 77.2326, 59.3516**, and the grayscale version is **27.4386, 28.8675, 31.4367**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.4316, 46.8306, 67.3240**, and **24.9936, 12.7978, 14.7886** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.9243, 26.8231, 28.2213**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.7667, 36.3907, 43.1953**.

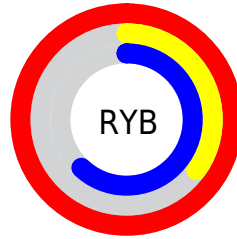
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (35%)

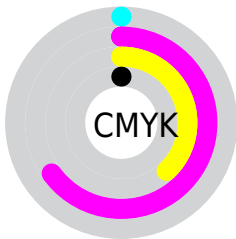
Blue (62%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (62%)

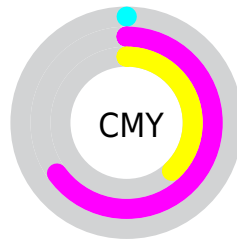


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (65%)


Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 50.8982, 30.8391,  
35.1682


 50.8982, 30.8391,  
35.1682


380.5623,  
305.7964, 340.2369


 36.3483, 20.4764,  
23.5079


 90.6882, 60.9867,  
68.9008


 24.8747, 12.7418,  
14.7602


 116.6589, 81.5403,  
91.8101

 16.1119, 7.2510,  
8.5065

 147.1674,  
106.2596, 119.3062

 9.6948, 3.6196,  
4.3283

 182.5789,  
135.5291, 151.8076

 5.2577, 1.4631,  
1.8071

223.2588,  
169.7331, 189.7328

 2.4356, 0.2625,  
0.4327

269.5724,

 0.8629, 0.0000,

209.2561, 233.5004

0.0000

321.8851,  
254.4824, 283.5289

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 50.8982, 30.8391,  
35.1682

■ 50.8982, 30.8391,  
35.1682

■ 47.9243, 26.8231,  
28.2213

■ 54.7667, 36.3907,  
43.1953

■ 45.7571, 24.1763,  
22.2961

■ 59.6010, 43.6117,  
52.3524

■ 44.2932, 22.7017,  
17.3286

■ 65.4676, 52.6267,  
62.6875

■ 43.7616, 22.2686,  
15.2086

■ 72.4261, 63.5472,  
74.2448

■ 80.5314, 76.4753,  
87.0662

 89.8347, 91.5060,  
101.1912

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.1616, 30.8391, 68.1173



50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682



47.9160, 30.8391, 14.7993

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682



21.6836, 30.8391, 5.7401



20.9184, 30.8391, 98.0818

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682



48.8514, 77.2326, 59.3516

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.2798, 30.8391, 63.8645



50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682



16.6519, 30.8391, 13.2841

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682



29.8616, 30.8391, 4.0756



14.8979, 30.8391, 32.0375



28.7685, 30.8391, 114.4377



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682



42.8093, 30.8391, 8.1283



14.8979, 30.8391, 32.0375



18.9990, 30.8391, 87.6295

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.8991, 30.8408, 35.1687



76.4085, 69.8760, 80.6157



41.8334, 24.7852, 97.1869



15.8763, 14.1949, 16.4939



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.8991, 30.8408, 35.1687



47.2154, 25.9206, 26.3968



47.8782, 31.6506, 13.0391



18.3178, 18.1104, 20.2908



22.9361, 11.6637, 8.3137



2.2858, 1.1567, 1.0867



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.8991, 30.8408, 35.1687



47.2154, 25.9206, 26.3968



53.6757, 72.3541, 105.7445



18.3178, 18.1104, 20.2908



22.9361, 11.6637, 8.3137



2.2858, 1.1567, 1.0867



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

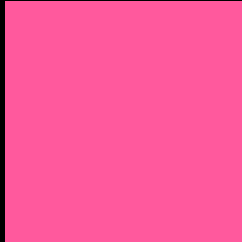
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682.



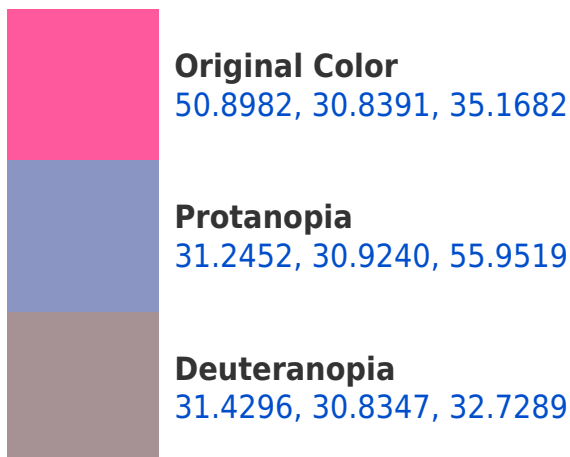
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.8982, 30.8391,

35.1682.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

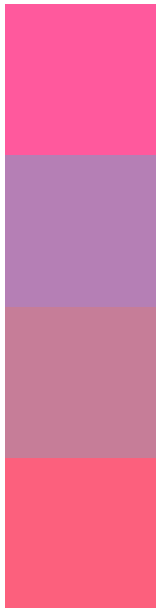




## Tritanopia

46.9947, 30.6851, 17.3558

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682

**Protanomaly**

34.9859, 28.3387, 47.3420

**Deuteranomaly**

36.2898, 28.9400, 33.3791

**Tritanomaly**

48.0294, 30.5419, 22.7658

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682

**Achromatopsia**

27.3213, 28.7441, 31.3023

**Achromatomaly**

33.0883, 27.3083, 32.3813

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 89, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 89, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 89, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 89, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 89, 157) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 89, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 89, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 89, 157); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 89, 157); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 89, 157) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.8982, 30.8391, 35.1682 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 89, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 89,  
157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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