

# Converting Colors

XYZ(56.6011, 57.0551, 80.3332)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(56.6011, 57.0551, 80.3332)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(56.4934, 56.8412,  
79.9454)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5C4E2
RGB	197, 196, 226
RGB Percent	77%, 77%, 89%
CMY	0.2274, 0.2314, 0.1137
CMYK	0.13, 0.13, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	242°, 34%, 83%
HSV	242°, 13%, 89%
XYZ	56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454
YIQ	199.7190, -9.0340, 9.5420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

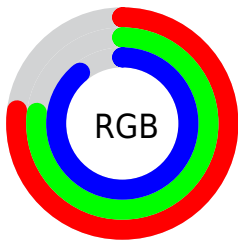
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	197, 196, 226
Decimal	12960994
CIELab	80.09, 6.21, -14.76
CIElCh	80, 16.011, 292.829
Yxy	56.8412, 0.2923, 0.2941
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291151074 (0xFFC5C4E2)
YUV	199.7190, 12.9565, -2.3846
Hunter-Lab	75.3931, 1.8153, -10.0948

# Details

The XYZ color **56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **68.2134, 74.3872, 62.9902**, and the grayscale version is **54.6552, 57.5016, 62.6192**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.0483, 98.5414, 108.6713**, and **28.3514, 28.1259, 42.4626** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.4626, 44.6653, 78.1248**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.1246, 70.9850, 82.0633**.

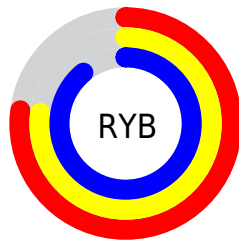
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (77%)

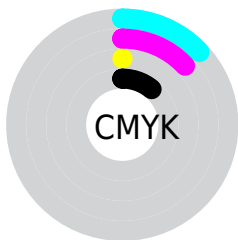
Blue (89%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (89%)

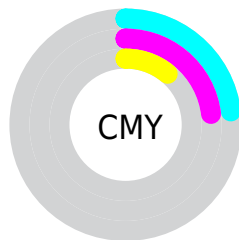


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 56.4934, 56.8412,  
79.9454

■ 56.4934, 56.8412,  
79.9454

401.5932,  
412.8540, 514.4507

■ 40.8372, 40.8778,  
59.1475

■ 98.8612, 100.2334,  
135.0997

■ 28.3790, 28.2236,  
42.3111

126.3036,  
128.4310, 170.2931

■ 18.7535, 18.4943,  
29.0176

158.4054,  
161.4755, 211.1222

■ 11.5952, 11.3054,  
18.8484

195.5320,  
199.7511, 258.0055

■ 6.5389, 6.2727,  
11.3851

238.0487,  
243.6424, 311.3614

■ 3.2192, 3.0116,  
6.2091

286.3209,

■ 1.2707, 1.1378,

293.5337, 371.6085

2.9018

340.7140,  
349.8095, 439.1655

■ 0.1611, 0.0100,  
1.0447

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 56.4934, 56.8412,  
79.9454

■ 56.4934, 56.8412,  
79.9454

■ 46.4626, 44.6653,  
78.1248

■ 68.1246, 70.9850,  
82.0633

■ 37.9573, 34.3634,  
76.5846

■ 81.4166, 87.1708,  
84.4869

■ 30.9045, 25.8446,  
75.3120

■ 90.7276, 98.2711,  
86.1387

■ 25.2227, 19.0076,  
74.2918

■ 20.8230, 13.7412,  
73.5072

■ 17.6055, 9.9204,  
72.9393

■ 15.4559, 7.4016,  
72.5664

■ 14.2370, 6.0115,  
72.3623

■ 13.8217, 5.5396,  
72.2931

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.2475, 56.8412, 81.4555



56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454



59.1738, 56.8412, 73.3773

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454



57.9005, 56.8412, 48.6649



48.0448, 56.8412, 59.6774

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454



68.2134, 74.3872, 62.9902

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.1855, 56.8412, 51.6696



56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454



54.8117, 56.8412, 45.7395

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454



60.0087, 56.8412, 55.1863



51.6312, 56.8412, 46.7816



48.4545, 56.8412, 69.1166



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454



60.2359, 56.8412, 67.3404



51.6312, 56.8412, 46.7816



48.2580, 56.8412, 56.7427

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.4951, 56.8436, 79.9467



88.3467, 91.8414, 107.6785



63.5547, 71.3493, 82.3745



18.6485, 19.3399, 23.0000



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.4951, 56.8436, 79.9467



70.3354, 69.9460, 104.4016



60.4768, 58.8962, 80.1330



12.9940, 13.2649, 17.2632



7.9048, 3.1704, 41.2437



0.5630, 0.2275, 2.8595



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.6964, 61.0873, 79.6178



83.1695, 76.5873, 103.8658



63.8828, 72.1547, 62.7875



14.2743, 13.9274, 17.2146



25.1582, 12.1303, 39.0942

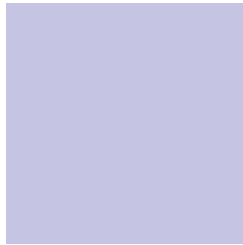


1.7501, 0.8433, 2.7428



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

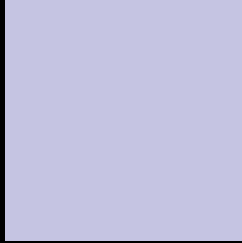
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

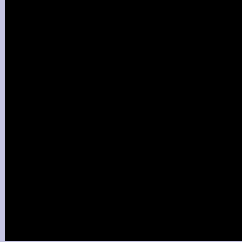
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.4934, 56.8412,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454

### Protanopia

56.0795, 56.9479, 80.7094

### Deuteranopia

58.1119, 56.6651, 80.5477



## Tritanopia

54.8374, 56.8453, 71.7003

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454

## Protanomaly

56.3371, 57.0807, 80.7214

## Deuteranomaly

57.5140, 56.6862, 80.5833

## Tritanomaly

55.3861, 56.7302, 74.3605

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454

## Achromatopsia

54.8990, 57.7580, 62.8985

## Achromatomaly

55.4852, 57.5924, 68.5137

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 196, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 196, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 196, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 196, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 196, 226) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 196, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 196, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 196, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 196, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 196,  
226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 56.4934, 56.8412, 79.9454 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 196, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
196, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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