

# Converting Colors

XYZ(56.6751, 67.4645, 27.3843)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(56.6751, 67.4645, 27.3843)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(56.8916, 67.7206,  
27.5256)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5DE77
RGB	213, 222, 119
RGB Percent	84%, 87%, 47%
CMY	0.1647, 0.1294, 0.5333
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.46, 0.13
HSL	65°, 61%, 67%
HSV	65°, 46%, 87%
XYZ	56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256
YIQ	207.5670, 27.6990, -33.9410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

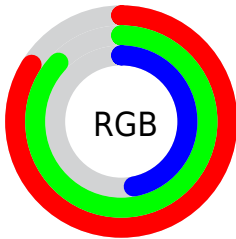
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">119, 222, 128</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14016119</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">85.87, -17.70, 49.17</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">86, 52.260, 109.798</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">67.7206, 0.3739, 0.4451</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292206199 (0xFFD5DE77)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">207.5670, -43.6635, 4.7647</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">82.2925, -20.6089, 37.7732</a>

# Details

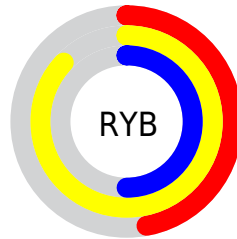
The XYZ color **56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **28.6861, 23.0584, 72.0501**, and the grayscale version is **59.9364, 63.0577, 68.6699**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.5428, 95.7971, 53.5700**, and **28.5421, 35.1106, 10.5829** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.1520, 66.9625, 21.2792**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.9526, 68.6129, 35.4152**.

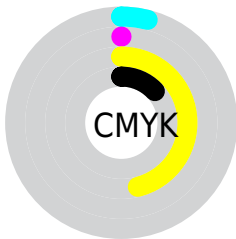
# Distribution



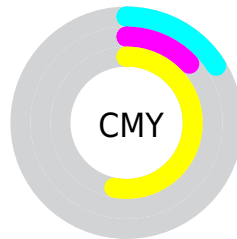
- Red (84%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 56.8916, 67.7206,  
27.5256

■ 56.8916, 67.7206,  
27.5256

403.0637,  
452.5055, 304.0333

■ 41.1580, 49.6705,  
17.7324

■ 99.4393, 115.9524,  
56.7401

■ 28.6308, 35.1516,  
10.5906

■ 126.9841,  
146.9028, 76.9985

■ 18.9446, 23.7797,  
5.6816

■ 159.1967,  
182.9220, 101.5824

■ 11.7340, 15.1703,  
2.5868

196.4424,  
224.3946, 130.9104

■ 6.6337, 8.9390,  
0.8856

239.0866,  
271.7048, 165.4009

■ 3.2784, 4.7014,  
0.0000

287.4947,

■ 1.3026, 2.0732,

325.2371, 205.4725

0.0000

342.0319,  
385.3759, 251.5438

■ 0.1852, 0.6495,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 56.8916, 67.7206,  
27.5256

■ 56.8916, 67.7206,  
27.5256

■ 55.1520, 66.9625,  
21.2792

■ 58.9526, 68.6129,  
35.4152

■ 53.7070, 66.3206,  
16.5558


■ 61.3501, 69.6381,  
45.0484

■ 52.5332, 65.7880,  
13.2259


■ 64.1039, 70.8066,  
56.5226


■ 51.6015, 65.3530,  
11.1365


■ 67.2310, 72.1252,  
69.9269


 50.8755, 65.0010,  
10.0948


 70.7472, 73.6003,  
85.3446

 50.6412, 64.8853,  
9.8550

 74.6674, 75.2377,  
102.8538

 75.7214, 75.7295,  
105.2340

 76.3356, 76.0462,  
105.2628

 76.9568, 76.3664,  
105.2919

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.5236, 67.7206, 26.0744



56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256



48.3600, 67.7206, 38.8871

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256



50.6417, 67.7206, 136.2997



89.7392, 67.7206, 86.0200

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256



28.6861, 23.0584, 72.0501

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.5643, 67.7206, 124.9062



56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256



60.3808, 67.7206, 159.3403

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256



45.0731, 67.7206, 98.3525



72.4688, 67.7206, 154.6244



88.5031, 67.7206, 53.6137



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256



45.1168, 67.7206, 53.2614



72.4688, 67.7206, 154.6244



88.4345, 67.7206, 98.8824

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.8932, 67.7237, 27.5270



88.6867, 97.3231, 81.3360



41.1212, 32.1931, 21.5002



18.7926, 20.7508, 16.6028



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.8932, 67.7237, 27.5270



75.4905, 91.6627, 29.1016



44.3369, 61.2507, 26.9394



14.7474, 15.9655, 14.6112



30.1261, 38.5631, 5.8556



2.1234, 2.6911, 0.4075



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.6861, 23.0584, 72.0501



32.2779, 23.1889, 97.3824



38.3935, 28.0627, 72.5044



13.0626, 13.3003, 17.2664



8.0348, 3.2374, 41.2498

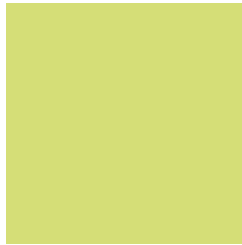


0.5959, 0.2445, 2.8610



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

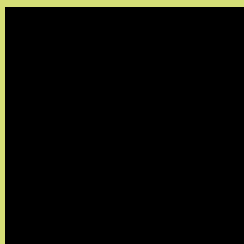
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.8916, 67.7206,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256

### Protanopia

62.0449, 67.6947, 26.3193

### Deuteranopia

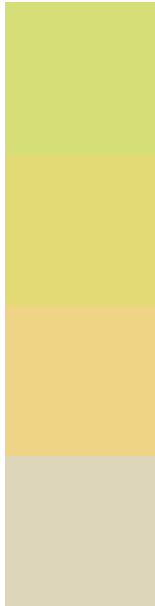
68.1190, 67.3257, 34.6042



## Tritanopia

67.8254, 67.5917, 81.4232

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256

## Protanomaly

60.2772, 67.9211, 26.7628

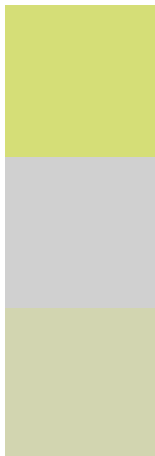
## Deuteranomaly

63.7123, 67.3057, 31.8236

## Tritanomaly

62.8350, 67.0531, 56.6445

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256

## Achromatopsia

59.9535, 63.0757, 68.6895

## Achromatomaly

58.2091, 64.4247, 50.4416

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 222, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 222, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 222, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 222, 119) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 222, 119) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 222, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 222, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 222, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 222, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 222,  
119) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 56.8916, 67.7206, 27.5256 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 222, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
222, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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