

# Converting Colors

XYZ(56.7262, 54.8459, 21.6550)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(56.7262, 54.8459, 21.6550)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(56.8836, 55.0778,  
21.8203)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2BA6C
RGB	242, 186, 108
RGB Percent	95%, 73%, 42%
CMY	0.0510, 0.2706, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.55, 0.05
HSL	35°, 84%, 69%
HSV	35°, 55%, 95%
XYZ	56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203
YIQ	193.8520, 58.4140, -12.3860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

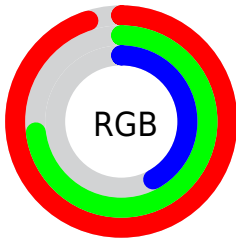
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">204, 242, 108</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15907436</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.09, 11.51, 46.90</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">79, 48.293, 76.217</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">55.0778, 0.4252, 0.4117</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294097516</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFF2BA6C</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">193.8520, -42.3250, 42.2258</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">74.2144, 6.9408, 34.5178</a>

# Details

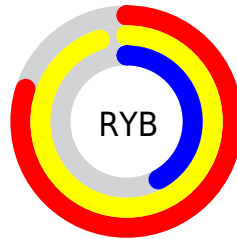
The XYZ color **56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **35.4861, 36.1481, 89.1109**, and the grayscale version is **51.4101, 54.0874, 58.9012**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.4252, 87.3375, 46.3899**, and **28.6545, 27.1377, 7.5987** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.7148, 50.5234, 15.2678**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.5632, 60.0821, 30.3073**.

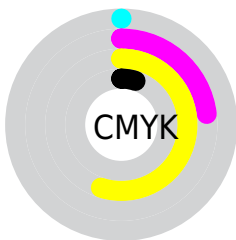
# Distribution



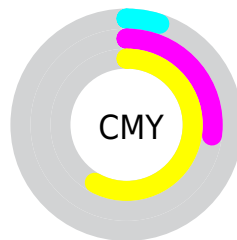
- Red (95%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



56.8836, 55.0778,  
21.8203

56.8836, 55.0778,  
21.8203

403.0342,  
406.2068, 274.5292

41.1516, 39.4640,  
13.5279

99.4277, 97.6549,  
47.3472

28.6257, 27.1209,  
7.6580

126.9704,  
125.3871, 65.4187

18.9407, 17.6640,  
3.7923

159.1808,  
157.9275, 87.5870

11.7312, 10.7091,  
1.5121

196.4241,  
195.6605, 114.2707

6.6318, 5.8716,  
0.2269

239.0658,  
238.9705, 145.8882

3.2772, 2.7671,  
0.0000

287.4711,

1.3020, 1.0114,

288.2420, 182.8581

0.0000

342.0055,  
343.8593, 225.5989

■ 0.1847, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 56.8836, 55.0778,  
21.8203

■ 56.8836, 55.0778,  
21.8203

■ 53.7148, 50.5234,  
15.2678

■ 60.5632, 60.0821,  
30.3073

■ 51.0195, 46.3924,  
10.4857


■ 64.7796, 65.5451,  
40.8685


■ 48.7602, 42.6671,  
7.2872

■ 69.5614, 71.4850,  
53.6339

■ 46.8901, 39.3233,  
5.4416

■ 74.9338, 77.9163,  
68.7222

 46.1244, 37.8904,  
4.8826

 80.9201, 84.8530,  
86.2434

 87.5427, 92.3081,  
106.3004

 90.4277, 97.6171,  
108.6837

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.2265, 55.0778, 29.2686



56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203



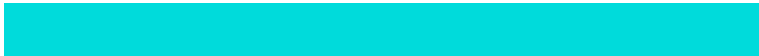
47.3500, 55.0778, 22.1185

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203



36.5155, 55.0778, 76.0220



66.8786, 55.0778, 104.6234

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203



35.4861, 36.1481, 89.1109

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.6897, 55.0778, 126.6106



56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203



40.5610, 55.0778, 106.9467

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203



36.3557, 55.0778, 48.2091



48.0635, 55.0778, 127.5717



72.4573, 55.0778, 73.5040



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203



42.1597, 55.0778, 26.5694



48.0635, 55.0778, 127.5717



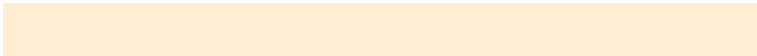
64.0623, 55.0778, 113.6950

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.8849, 55.0805, 21.8214



83.3306, 86.4979, 74.3599



48.8697, 32.3584, 39.7790



17.5685, 18.1962, 15.1566



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.8849, 55.0805, 21.8214



60.2288, 56.5046, 16.6848



68.0847, 81.9214, 26.4119



16.5373, 17.2876, 16.6150



24.9167, 20.6314, 2.6690



2.1709, 1.9124, 0.2547

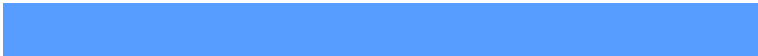


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.4861, 36.1481, 89.1109



34.0140, 33.3548, 99.2531



28.7171, 20.9138, 86.5271



15.4400, 16.3141, 20.0568



11.2442, 8.7126, 46.2169



1.0315, 0.9170, 3.8768



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.8836, 55.0778,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203

### Protanopia

50.6889, 55.0968, 23.2924

### Deuteranopia

56.4123, 55.1486, 21.8589



## Tritanopia

63.8865, 54.9081, 55.9463

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203

## Protanomaly

52.7702, 54.8545, 22.8456

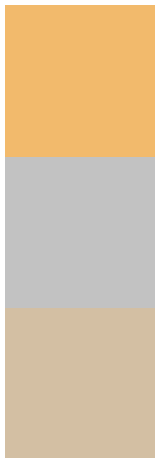
## Deuteranomaly

56.7527, 55.3241, 21.8748

## Tritanomaly

60.6725, 54.7734, 40.6322

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203

## Achromatopsia

51.2775, 53.9479, 58.7493

## Achromatomaly

52.1056, 53.7548, 42.2798

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 186, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 186, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 186, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 186, 108) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 186, 108) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 186, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 186, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 186, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 186, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 186,  
108) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 56.8836, 55.0778, 21.8203 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 186, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
186, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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