

Converting Colors

XYZ(56.8295, 80.2966,
107.1113)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(56.8295, 80.2966, 107.1113)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(56.8706, 80.3178,
107.1132)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4DFFFF
RGB	77, 255, 255
RGB Percent	30%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.6980, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 65%
HSV	180°, 70%, 100%
XYZ	56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132
YIQ	201.7780, -106.0880, -37.7360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

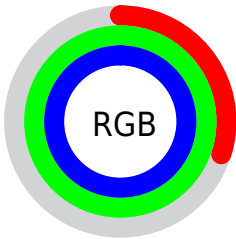
Format	Color
RYB	77, 166, 255
Decimal	5111807
CIELab	91.83, -43.45, -13.00
CIELCh	92, 45.349, 196.660
Yxy	80.3178, 0.2328, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283301887 (0xFF4DFFFF)
YUV	201.7780, 26.2384, -109.4303
Hunter-Lab	89.6202, -43.5640, -8.1287

Details

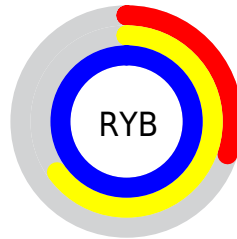
The XYZ color **56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **45.2347, 27.1054, 9.8711**, and the grayscale version is **55.8914, 58.8021, 64.0355**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.2044, 85.1296, 107.5500**, and **30.3871, 44.4654, 60.4072** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.2012, 79.4572, 107.0351**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.3477, 81.5948, 107.2292**.

Distribution



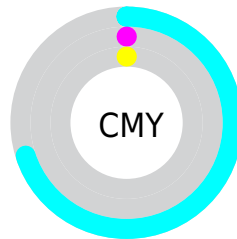
- Red (30%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

56.8706, 80.3178,
107.1132

56.8706, 80.3178,
107.1132

402.9863,
496.0032, 604.2058

41.1411, 59.9799,
81.6043

99.4088, 133.8125,
173.0353

28.6175, 43.4024,
60.5055

126.9482,
167.7380, 214.2857

18.9345, 30.2010,
43.3983

159.1550,
206.9615, 261.6203

11.7267, 19.9912,
29.8640

196.3944,
251.8675, 315.4577

6.6287, 12.3887,
19.4842

239.0319,
302.8402, 376.2164

3.2753, 7.0089,
11.8403

287.4328,

1.3009, 3.4677,

360.2642, 444.3149

6.5138

341.9625,
424.5237, 520.1719

0.1839, 1.3805,
3.0862

0.0000, 0.2023,
1.1388

56.8706, 80.3178,
107.1132

56.8706, 80.3178,
107.1132

55.2012, 79.4572,
107.0351

59.3477, 81.5948,
107.2292

54.2363, 78.9598,
106.9900

62.7139, 83.3301,
107.3867

53.8164, 78.7433,
106.9703

67.0437, 85.5622,
107.5893

53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

72.4032, 88.3251,
107.8401

■ 78.8524, 91.6498,
108.1420

■ 86.4470, 95.5650,
108.4974

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.5956, 80.3178, 73.5022



56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132



62.0073, 80.3178, 142.7431

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132



93.7724, 80.3178, 139.1386



81.6123, 80.3178, 38.7926

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132



45.2347, 27.1054, 9.8711

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.7261, 80.3178, 48.6768



56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132



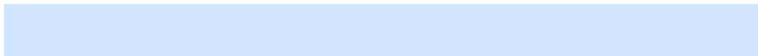
100.2122, 80.3178, 103.0647

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132



82.9270, 80.3178, 164.2066



99.8110, 80.3178, 70.3579



70.1107, 80.3178, 39.3536

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132



67.8244, 80.3178, 160.3557



99.8110, 80.3178, 70.3579



85.5393, 80.3178, 40.8702

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.8715, 80.3183, 107.1133



78.0186, 91.2200, 108.1029



40.1615, 73.6343, 19.1195



16.3021, 19.3201, 23.1199



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.8715, 80.3183, 107.1133



54.7165, 79.2073, 107.0124



34.7488, 36.0729, 99.7390



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.9447, 33.7894, 97.8649



60.0760, 30.0521, 97.2420



56.2173, 49.0706, 13.5320



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



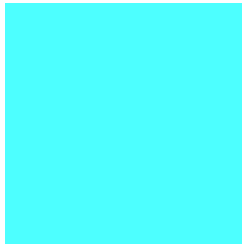
30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

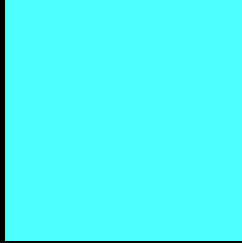
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132.

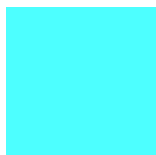


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.8706, 80.3178,

Color Blindness Simulation

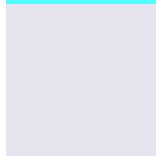
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



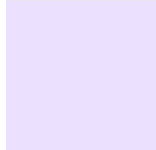
Original Color

56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132



Protanopia

76.2784, 78.7077, 92.8332



Deuteranopia

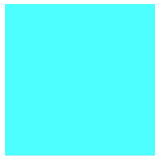
79.2362, 78.7326, 105.6285



Tritanopia

66.2490, 79.6460, 106.4893

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132



Protanomaly

64.7352, 76.8556, 97.8089



Deuteranomaly

66.4055, 76.6759, 105.9077



Tritanomaly

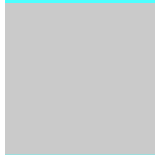
61.3024, 78.8924, 106.6045

Monochromacy



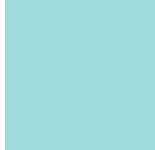
Original Color

56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132



Achromatopsia

56.1383, 59.0619, 64.3184



Achromatomaly

52.8122, 64.1015, 77.9959

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 56.8706, 80.3178, 107.1132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 255,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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