

Converting Colors

XYZ(56.8670, 59.2488, 71.5447)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(56.8670, 59.2488, 71.5447)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(56.9502, 59.3245,
71.4000)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8CAD5
RGB	200, 202, 213
RGB Percent	78%, 79%, 84%
CMY	0.2157, 0.2078, 0.1647
CMYK	0.06, 0.05, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	231°, 13%, 81%
HSV	231°, 6%, 84%
XYZ	56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000
YIQ	202.6560, -4.7230, 2.9970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

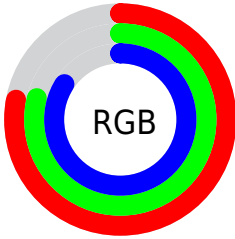
Format	Color
R _{YB}	200, 202, 213
Decimal	13159125
CIE Lab	81.47, 1.40, -5.71
CIE LCh	81, 5.874, 283.750
Yxy	59.3245, 0.3035, 0.3161
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291349205 (0xFFC8CAD5)
YUV	202.6560, 5.0996, -2.3293
Hunter-Lab	77.0224, -2.8067, -1.0463

Details

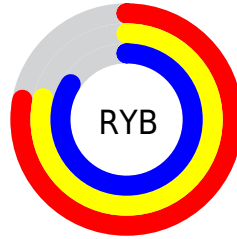
The XYZ color **56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **61.1604, 64.9043, 63.9489**, and the grayscale version is **56.5217, 59.4652, 64.7576**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **28.6155, 29.7594, 36.5837** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.6696, 48.6277, 69.8254**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.5204, 71.4222, 73.1789**.

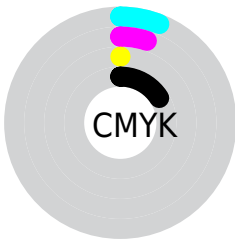
Distribution



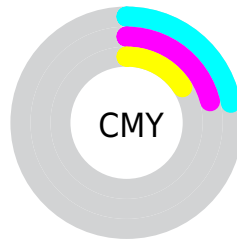
- Red (78%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.9502, 59.3245,
71.4000

■ 56.9502, 59.3245,
71.4000

403.2799,
422.1034, 484.3718

■ 41.2052, 42.8744,
52.1849

99.5243, 103.8491,
122.9029

■ 28.6679, 29.7866,
36.7692

127.0841,
132.6925, 156.0277

■ 18.9727, 19.6767,
24.7344

159.3130,
166.4357, 194.6261

■ 11.7545, 12.1602,
15.6621

196.5762,
205.4631, 239.1168

■ 6.6477, 6.8529,
9.1336

239.2392,
250.1592, 289.9181

■ 3.2871, 3.3703,
4.7304

287.6672,

■ 1.3074, 1.3280,

300.9084, 347.4487

2.0340

342.2256,
358.0950, 412.1271

■ 0.1887, 0.1627,
0.5761

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 56.9502, 59.3245,
71.4000

■ 56.9502, 59.3245,
71.4000

■ 47.6696, 48.6277,
69.8254

■ 67.5204, 71.4222,
73.1789

■ 39.6239, 39.2736,
68.4439

■ 79.4219, 84.9612,
75.1649

■ 32.7623, 31.2110,
67.2493

■ 89.0104, 97.5842,
77.0960

■ 27.0281, 24.3826,
66.2335

■ 22.3601, 18.7268,
65.3879

■ 18.6913, 14.1764,
64.7029

■ 15.9466, 10.6573,
64.1683

■ 14.0402, 8.0861,
63.7725

■ 12.8677, 6.3646,
63.5020

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.7269, 59.3245, 71.3182



56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000



58.0376, 59.3245, 69.6121

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000



58.1120, 59.3245, 60.0224



54.1458, 59.3245, 62.7172

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000



61.1604, 64.9043, 63.9489

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.7663, 59.3245, 59.8236



56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000



57.0506, 59.3245, 58.3068

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000



58.7150, 59.3245, 62.9976



55.8259, 59.3245, 58.2354



54.1198, 59.3245, 66.2177

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000



58.5342, 59.3245, 67.6369



55.8259, 59.3245, 58.2354



54.2913, 59.3245, 61.6443

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.9519, 59.3270, 71.4013



91.8376, 96.3237, 108.3597



59.3516, 64.5637, 70.8534



19.6907, 20.6558, 23.1991



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.9519, 59.3270, 71.4013



84.1559, 87.5118, 107.0637



57.6588, 58.9983, 71.3006



12.2967, 12.7760, 15.7554



7.7130, 3.6878, 38.7584



0.5150, 0.3220, 2.3543

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.7569, 59.7202, 64.3103



87.2810, 88.2006, 94.7846



60.4208, 65.2664, 64.0578



12.7862, 12.8845, 13.8322



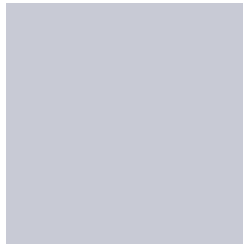
16.9520, 8.7171, 1.7855



1.0476, 0.5358, 0.2400

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

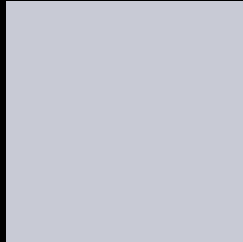
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

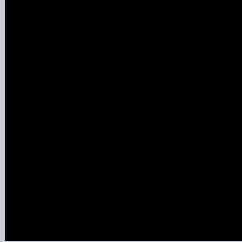
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000.



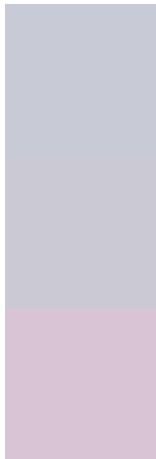
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.9502, 59.3245,

71.4000.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000

Protanopia

57.3989, 59.2233, 70.6933

Deuteranopia

60.4928, 59.0866, 71.8349



Tritanopia

57.4984, 59.2005, 74.0420

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000

Protanomaly

57.1274, 59.0833, 70.6806

Deuteranomaly

59.1957, 59.0921, 71.9043

Tritanomaly

57.3687, 59.1487, 73.3589

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000

Achromatopsia

56.7640, 59.7202, 65.0353

Achromatomaly

56.9755, 59.7734, 67.5660

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 202, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 202, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 202, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 202, 213) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 202, 213) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 202, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 202, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 202, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 202, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 202,  
213) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 56.9502, 59.3245, 71.4000 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 202, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
202, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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