

# Converting Colors

XYZ(56.9136, 63.9913,  
116.8227)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(56.9136, 63.9913, 116.8227)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(54.3645, 62.7750,  
103.8592)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	90D9FF
RGB	144, 217, 255
RGB Percent	56%, 85%, 100%
CMY	0.4353, 0.1490, 0.0000
CMYK	0.44, 0.15, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	201°, 100%, 78%
HSV	201°, 44%, 100%
XYZ	54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592
YIQ	199.5050, -55.7060, -3.6580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

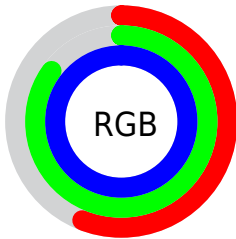
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">144, 188, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9492991</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">83.32, -13.07, -25.63</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">83, 28.770, 242.970</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">62.7750, 0.2460, 0.2841</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287683071 (0xFF90D9FF)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">199.5050, 27.3590, -48.6779</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">79.2307, -16.1751, -22.2586</a>

# Details

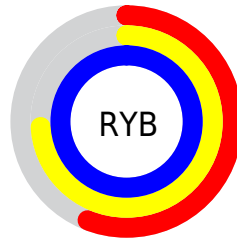
The XYZ color **54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **63.0028, 56.7304, 34.0171**, and the grayscale version is **54.4591, 57.2952, 62.3945**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.1671, 91.2966, 108.1099**, and **26.9511, 31.8963, 58.1622** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.2128, 56.3526, 102.9438**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.6446, 69.9586, 104.8621**.

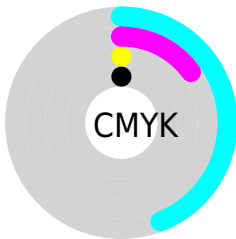
# Distribution



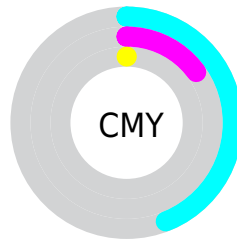
- Red (56%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 54.3645, 62.7750,  
103.8592

■ 54.3645, 62.7750,  
103.8592

393.6741,  
434.7525, 593.8481

■ 39.1250, 45.6592,  
78.8926

■ 95.7630, 108.8448,  
168.5485

■ 27.0381, 31.9770,  
58.2867

■ 122.6527,  
138.5677, 209.1084

■ 17.7386, 21.3439,  
41.6230

154.1564,  
173.2617, 255.7031

■ 10.8610, 13.3756,  
28.4828

190.6396,  
213.3112, 308.7512

■ 6.0401, 7.6877,  
18.4477

232.4677,  
259.1006, 368.6711

■ 2.9103, 3.8958,  
11.0992

280.0059,

■ 1.1065, 1.6154,

311.0144, 435.8816

6.0186

333.6196,  
369.4369, 510.8011

■ 0.0306, 0.3680,  
2.7874

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9871

■ 54.3645, 62.7750,  
103.8592

■ 54.3645, 62.7750,  
103.8592

■ 48.2128, 56.3526,  
102.9438

■ 61.6446, 69.9586,  
104.8621

■ 43.1138, 50.6455,  
102.1110

■ 70.1116, 77.9320,  
105.9548

■ 38.9901, 45.6124,  
101.3568

■ 79.8263, 86.7305,  
107.1411

■ 35.7507, 41.2036,  
100.6766

■ 90.8435, 96.3849,  
108.4239

■ 33.2845, 37.3589,  
100.0644

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 31.9985, 35.1171,  
99.6995

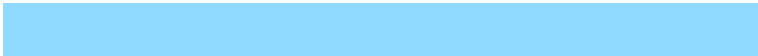
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.1325, 62.7750, 88.8651



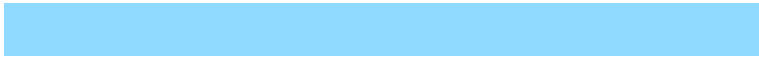
54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592



60.2912, 62.7750, 108.8493

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592



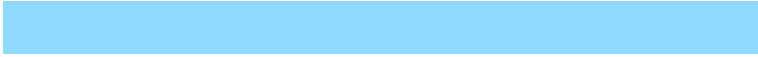
72.5025, 62.7750, 66.5817



53.3561, 62.7750, 43.3320

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592



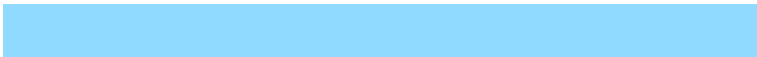
63.0028, 56.7304, 34.0171

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.0446, 62.7750, 39.3974



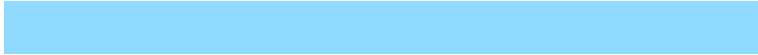
54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592



70.3369, 62.7750, 51.2656

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592



71.0348, 62.7750, 85.2327



65.3009, 62.7750, 42.0280

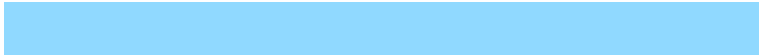


49.5795, 62.7750, 53.8605



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592



64.4842, 62.7750, 105.2282



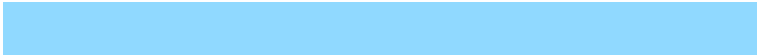
65.3009, 62.7750, 42.0280



55.0935, 62.7750, 41.2866

# Sweetspot

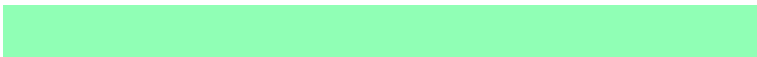
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.3663, 62.7773, 103.8596



80.3743, 87.2180, 107.2063



55.6034, 80.7861, 56.3806



16.7176, 18.2349, 22.8885



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

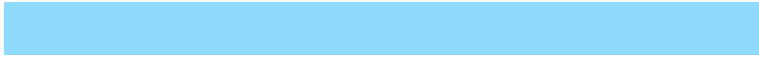


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

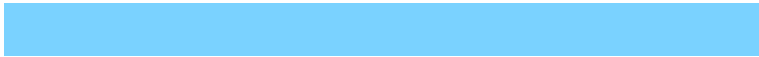


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.3663, 62.7773, 103.8596



49.0826, 57.2864, 103.0782



42.5619, 39.1685, 99.9248



18.0006, 19.3728, 23.0405



16.8643, 18.6381, 52.1433



1.7437, 2.0181, 5.1109



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.7389, 46.2181, 71.2096



59.8328, 39.9111, 65.2668



76.4143, 83.5535, 38.4877



18.5130, 18.1885, 21.3183



25.3005, 12.6095, 20.7647

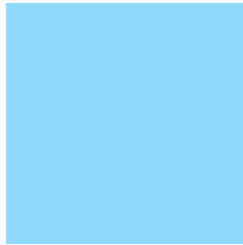


2.5147, 1.2483, 2.2920



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

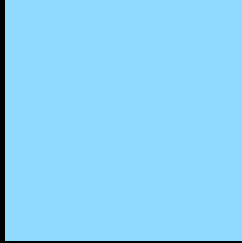
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

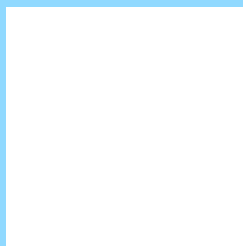
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 54.3645, 62.7750,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592

### Protanopia

61.9085, 62.3838, 96.7740

### Deuteranopia

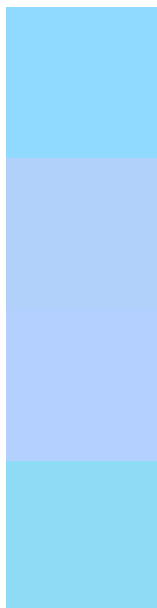
63.4933, 62.3494, 103.2959



## Tritanopia

51.6733, 62.8484, 90.2964

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592

## Protanomaly

58.4159, 61.9680, 99.3247

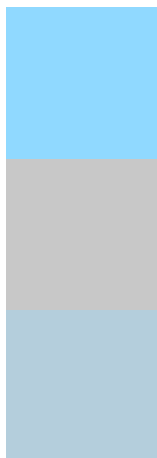
## Deuteranomaly

59.4283, 62.0350, 103.4495

## Tritanomaly

52.6452, 62.8574, 94.9460

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592

## Achromatopsia

54.8990, 57.7580, 62.8985

## Achromatomaly

53.8120, 59.0132, 76.2646

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 217, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 217, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 217, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 217, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 217, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 217, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 217, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 217, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 217, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 217,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 54.3645, 62.7750, 103.8592 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 217, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
217, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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