

Converting Colors

XYZ(56.9151, 59.2079, 67.1720)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(56.9151, 59.2079, 67.1720)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| XYZ(56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**XYZ(56.7777, 58.9748,
67.4222)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | CBC9CF |
| RGB | 203, 201, 207 |
| RGB Percent | 80%, 79%, 81% |
| CMY | 0.2039, 0.2117, 0.1882 |
| CMYK | 0.02, 0.03, 0.00, 0.19 |
| HSL | 260°, 6%, 80% |
| HSV | 260°, 3%, 81% |
| XYZ | 56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222 |
| YIQ | 202.2820, -0.7340, 2.2900 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

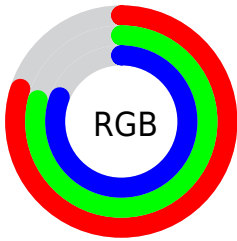
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 203, 201, 207 |
| Decimal | 13355471 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 81.28, 1.80, -2.75 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 81, 3.284, 303.184 |
| Yxy | 58.9748, 0.3100, 0.3220 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4291545551 (0xFFC9CF) |
| YUV | 202.2820, 2.3260, 0.6297 |
| Hunter-Lab | 76.7951, -2.4190, 1.7029 |

Details

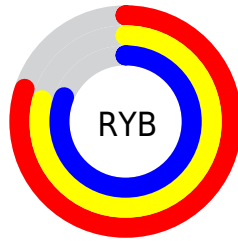
The XYZ color **56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **58.0345, 61.8234, 64.1357**, and the grayscale version is **56.3028, 59.2349, 64.5068**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **28.5779, 29.5569, 34.3358** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.6797, 48.1143, 65.7536**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.8644, 71.3136, 69.3258**.

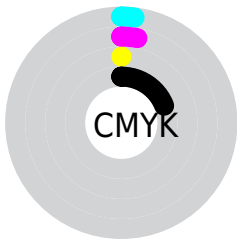
Distribution



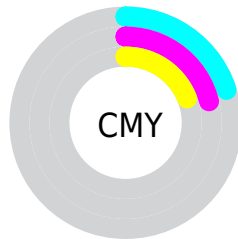
- Red (80%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.7777, 58.9748,
67.4222

■ 56.7777, 58.9748,
67.4222

402.6435,
420.8085, 469.9885

■ 41.0662, 42.5928,
48.9641

99.2740, 103.3410,
117.1716

■ 28.5587, 29.5658,
34.2256

126.7895,
132.0941, 149.2999

■ 18.8899, 19.5092,
22.7882

158.9704,
165.7396, 186.8220

■ 11.6943, 12.0388,
14.2334

196.1821,
204.6621, 230.1564

■ 6.6066, 6.7701,
8.1425

238.7899,
249.2458, 279.7218

■ 3.2614, 3.3188,
4.0972

287.1591,

■ 1.2935, 1.3003,

299.8752, 335.9365

1.6788

341.6552,
356.9346, 399.2192

■ 0.1783, 0.1415,
0.3462

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 56.7777, 58.9748,
67.4222

■ 56.7777, 58.9748,
67.4222

■ 48.6797, 48.1143,
65.7536

■ 65.8644, 71.3136,
69.3258

■ 41.5307, 38.6683,
64.3072

■ 75.9673, 85.1762,
71.4691

■ 35.2958, 30.5797,
63.0745

■ 84.4790, 95.3345,
72.9812

■ 29.9360, 23.7844,
62.0454

■ 88.2626, 97.2851,
73.1583

■ 25.4091, 18.2129,
61.2086

■ 21.6696, 13.7893,
60.5518

■ 18.6665, 10.4287,
60.0614

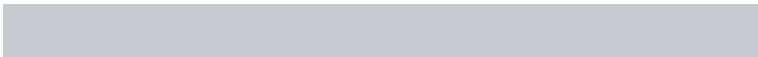
■ 16.3428, 8.0340,
59.7217

■ 14.6310, 6.4889,
59.5137

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.1270, 58.9748, 68.0536



56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222



57.2374, 58.9748, 65.9302

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222



56.6500, 58.9748, 60.9059



54.7491, 58.9748, 64.4232

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222



58.0345, 61.8234, 64.1357

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.8866, 58.9748, 62.5270



56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222



55.9807, 58.9748, 60.5207

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222



57.1632, 58.9748, 62.1712



55.3360, 58.9748, 61.1083



54.9588, 58.9748, 66.3001

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222



57.3717, 58.9748, 64.6622



55.3360, 58.9748, 61.1083



54.7562, 58.9748, 63.7669

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.7794, 58.9773, 67.4235



93.6188, 98.0626, 108.6015



57.2072, 60.6349, 67.7209



20.0534, 21.0099, 23.2483



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.7794, 58.9773, 67.4235



90.8053, 94.2608, 108.0159



57.5768, 59.3884, 67.4608



12.5716, 13.0066, 15.0916



8.7286, 3.6800, 37.4428



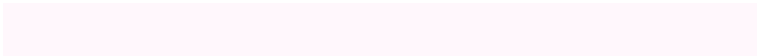
0.5715, 0.2488, 2.0975

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.6403, 59.4492, 66.1976



92.2505, 95.0528, 105.9572



57.2417, 61.4147, 64.0986



12.8216, 13.1436, 14.7347



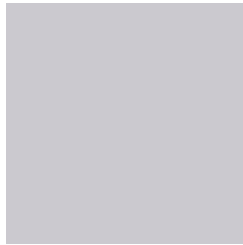
19.1519, 9.5336, 16.2381



1.1068, 0.5475, 1.0974

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

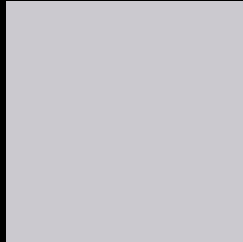
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

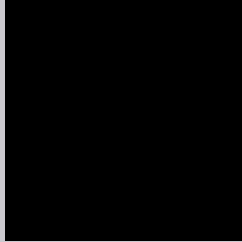
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

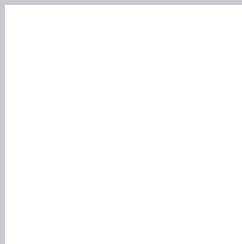
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222.

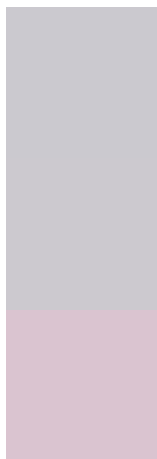


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 56.7777, 58.9748,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222

Protanopia

57.0510, 59.1157, 67.4350

Deuteranopia

60.0385, 58.9393, 67.8866



Tritanopia

57.8219, 59.0522, 72.6407

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222

Protanomaly

57.0510, 59.1157, 67.4350

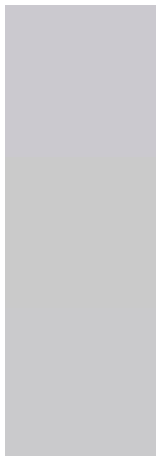
Deuteranomaly

59.0198, 59.0884, 67.9690

Tritanomaly

57.4398, 58.8994, 70.6287

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222

Achromatopsia

56.1383, 59.0619, 64.3184

Achromatomaly

56.3767, 59.1572, 65.5739

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 201, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 201, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 201, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 201, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 201, 207) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 201, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 201, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 201, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 201, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 201,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 56.7777, 58.9748, 67.4222 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 201, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
201, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor