

# Converting Colors

XYZ(57.0601, 58.2667, 62.1962)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(57.0601, 58.2667, 62.1962)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(57.0812, 58.2133,  
62.2606)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2C6C7
RGB	210, 198, 199
RGB Percent	82%, 78%, 78%
CMY	0.1765, 0.2235, 0.2196
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.05, 0.18
HSL	355°, 12%, 80%
HSV	355°, 6%, 82%
XYZ	57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606
YIQ	201.7020, 6.8310, 2.8550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

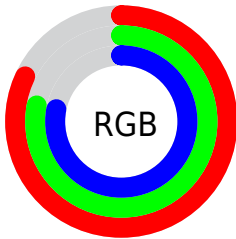
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	210, 198, 199
Decimal	13813447
CIE Lab	80.86, 4.36, 0.99
CIE LCh	81, 4.470, 12.831
Yxy	58.2133, 0.3215, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292003527 (0xFFD2C6C7)
YUV	201.7020, -1.3321, 7.2773
Hunter-Lab	76.2976, 0.0218, 5.0264

# Details

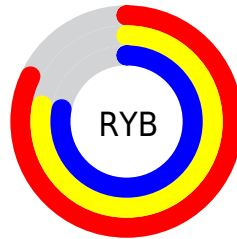
The XYZ color **57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.8461, 62.7039, 69.3789**, and the grayscale version is **55.9598, 58.8740, 64.1138**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **28.7944, 29.0588, 30.8793** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.5141, 48.4329, 49.7303**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.6001, 69.4429, 76.5053**.

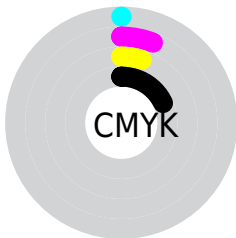
# Distribution



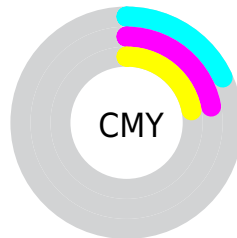
- Red (82%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 57.0812, 58.2133,  
62.2606

■ 57.0812, 58.2133,  
62.2606

403.7628,  
417.9803, 450.9149

■ 41.3108, 41.9802,  
44.8062

99.7143, 102.2334,  
109.6773

■ 28.7508, 29.0858,  
30.9629

127.3078,  
130.7892, 140.4767

■ 19.0357, 19.1457,  
20.3124

159.5730,  
164.2212, 176.5614

■ 11.8002, 11.7756,  
12.4360

196.8754,  
202.9140, 218.3501

■ 6.6790, 6.5911,  
6.9152

239.5801,  
247.2519, 266.2613

■ 3.3067, 3.2077,  
3.3315

288.0527,

■ 1.3180, 1.2411,

297.6193, 320.7134

1.2663

342.6585,  
354.4007, 382.1251

■ 0.1966, 0.0949,  
0.0339

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 57.0812, 58.2133,  
62.2606

■ 57.0812, 58.2133,  
62.2606

■ 50.5141, 48.4329,  
49.7303

■ 64.6001, 69.4429,  
76.5053

■ 44.8560, 40.0356,  
38.8462

■ 73.1014, 82.1695,  
92.5219

■ 40.0684, 32.9611,  
29.5409

■ 80.3887, 92.4418,  
108.2139

■ 36.1080, 27.1420,  
21.7410

■ 32.9276, 22.5050,  
15.3673

■ 30.4757, 18.9688,  
10.3334

■ 28.6941, 16.4424,  
6.5433

■ 27.5158, 14.8197,  
3.8882

■ 26.8595, 13.9705,  
2.2406

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.0457, 58.2133, 64.8989



57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606



56.6438, 58.2133, 59.9863

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606



54.1304, 58.2133, 59.7241



54.8070, 58.2133, 68.3735

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606



57.8461, 62.7039, 69.3789

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.0367, 58.2133, 66.9084



57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606



53.6491, 58.2133, 61.8936

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606



54.9362, 58.2133, 58.5495



53.6150, 58.2133, 64.5216



55.7257, 58.2133, 68.4784



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606



56.1456, 58.2133, 58.9626



53.6150, 58.2133, 64.5216



54.5224, 58.2133, 68.0219

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.0828, 58.2158, 62.2619



92.7007, 96.4915, 104.4476



58.1231, 58.5992, 69.2208



19.8664, 20.6899, 22.4028



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.0828, 58.2158, 62.2619



87.0934, 88.1256, 93.7967



58.1290, 60.4927, 62.0416



12.1249, 12.2366, 13.0030



16.2915, 8.3894, 1.1754



0.9251, 0.4747, 0.1402



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.0828, 58.2158, 62.2619



87.0934, 88.1256, 93.7967



56.7550, 60.3236, 69.6258



12.1249, 12.2366, 13.0030



16.2915, 8.3894, 1.1754

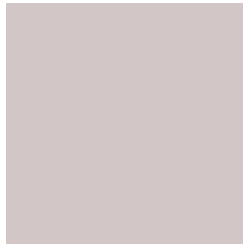


0.9251, 0.4747, 0.1402



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

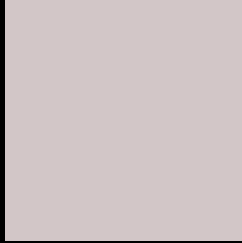
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

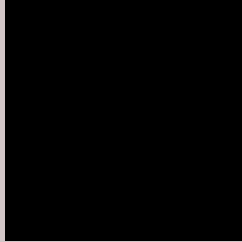
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

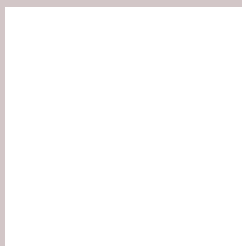
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.0812, 58.2133,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606

### Protanopia

55.9814, 58.3161, 62.9492

### Deuteranopia

59.2323, 57.9693, 62.7109



## Tritanopia

58.6492, 58.1801, 69.7667

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606

## Protanomaly

56.3023, 58.1388, 62.8980

## Deuteranomaly

58.2593, 57.7993, 62.7294

## Tritanomaly

58.0927, 58.2864, 67.2201

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606

## Achromatopsia

56.1383, 59.0619, 64.3184

## Achromatomaly

56.6061, 58.9695, 63.6571

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(210, 198, 199) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 198, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 198, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 198, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 198, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 198, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 198, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 198, 199); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 198, 199); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 198, 199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.0812, 58.2133, 62.2606 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 198, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
198, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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