

# Converting Colors

XYZ(57.1534, 27.6253, 85.7287)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(57.1534, 27.6253, 85.7287)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(57.1172, 27.6109,  
85.5381)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF00F1
RGB	255, 0, 241
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 95%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9998, 0.0549
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	303°, 100%, 50%
HSV	303°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381
YIQ	103.7190, 74.6190, 129.0110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

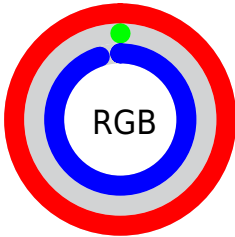
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	255, 0, 241
Decimal	16711921
CIELab	59.54, 96.35, -54.31
CIELCh	60, 110.603, 330.592
Yxy	27.6109, 0.3355, 0.1622
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294902001 (0xFFFF00F1)
YUV	103.7190, 67.6795, 132.6734
Hunter-Lab	52.5461, 102.0726, -59.7341

# Details

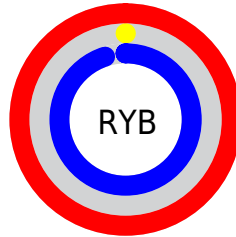
The XYZ color **57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33FF**. The color can be described as light saturated magenta. A complement of this color would be **35.8402, 71.5522, 12.3392**, and the grayscale version is **12.9023, 13.5743, 14.7824**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.3416, 38.5832, 98.6639**, and **30.6440, 14.7981, 46.5886** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.1168, 27.6107, 85.5363**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.6868, 28.4139, 86.7642**.

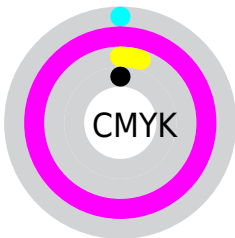
# Distribution



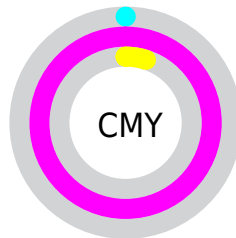
- Red (100%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (5%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 57.1172, 27.6109,  
85.5381

 57.1172, 27.6109,  
85.5381

403.8954,  
290.6029, 533.5979

 41.3398, 18.0326,  
63.7334

 99.7665, 55.8626,  
143.0056

 28.7736, 10.9734,  
45.9900


 127.3693, 75.3048,  
179.5054

 19.0530, 6.0489,  
31.8893


 159.6445, 98.8037,  
221.7407

 11.8128, 2.8749,  
21.0128

 196.9575,  
126.7437, 270.1300

 6.6876, 1.0668,  
12.9420

 239.6738,  
159.5093, 325.0918

 3.3121, 0.0000,  
7.2584

288.1586,

 1.3209, 0.0000,

197.4847, 387.0447

3.5433

342.7774,  
241.0545, 456.4072

■ 0.1988, 0.0000,  
1.3783

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.1247

■ 57.1172, 27.6109,  
85.5381

■ 57.1172, 27.6109,  
85.5381

■ 57.1168, 27.6107,  
85.5363

■ 57.6868, 28.4139,  
86.7642

■ 58.7249, 30.1515,  
88.1542

■ 60.3746, 33.1098,  
89.7560

■ 62.7233, 37.4633,  
91.5987

65.8441, 43.3585,  
93.7069

69.8010, 50.9233,  
96.1017

74.6513, 60.2725,  
98.8024

80.4474, 71.5104,  
101.8264

87.2374, 84.7335,  
105.1898

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.3432, 27.6109, 155.9465



57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381



63.1001, 27.6109, 29.2791

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381



25.9680, 27.6109, 0.0000



9.2969, 27.6109, 88.3202

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381



35.8402, 71.5522, 12.3392

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.5556, 27.6109, 30.8620



57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381



14.8497, 27.6109, 0.5201

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381



41.6882, 27.6109, 0.4402



9.1593, 27.6109, 5.9569



15.1796, 27.6109, 158.3301



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381



60.0851, 27.6109, 10.3695



9.1593, 27.6109, 5.9569



8.3247, 27.6109, 65.8511

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.1178, 27.6120, 85.5386



74.6410, 60.2525, 98.7969



18.2135, 7.3051, 95.0578



15.5146, 12.0051, 20.8947



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.1178, 27.6120, 85.5386



57.1168, 27.6107, 85.5363



44.3222, 22.4938, 18.1582



18.7471, 18.2821, 22.5511



29.8635, 14.4347, 44.7929



2.9204, 1.4105, 4.4280



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.1178, 27.6120, 85.5386



57.1168, 27.6107, 85.5363



40.5144, 73.4218, 36.9528



18.7471, 18.2821, 22.5511



29.8635, 14.4347, 44.7929



2.9204, 1.4105, 4.4280



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

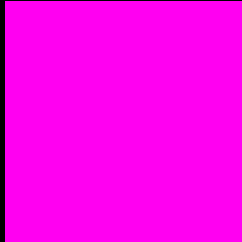
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.1172, 27.6109,

85.5381.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381

### Protanopia

31.6947, 28.3936, 98.4178

### Deuteranopia

28.9563, 28.1468, 75.8582



## Tritanopia

42.7168, 27.8248, 15.4312

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381



## Protanomaly

33.3059, 20.6040, 92.6640



## Deuteranomaly

31.9613, 20.4917, 77.8721



## Tritanomaly

45.2894, 25.0915, 32.1619

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381



## Achromatopsia

13.1579, 13.8432, 15.0752



## Achromatomaly

22.0790, 13.6005, 32.0333

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 0, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 0, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 0, 241) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 0, 241) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 0, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 0, 241)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 0, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0,  
241) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.1172, 27.6109, 85.5381 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 0, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 0,  
241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor