

# Converting Colors

XYZ(57.1632, 53.2120, 52.8282)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(57.1632, 53.2120, 52.8282)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(57.0582, 53.2475,  
52.6179)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3B6B8
RGB	227, 182, 184
RGB Percent	89%, 71%, 72%
CMY	0.1098, 0.2863, 0.2784
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.19, 0.11
HSL	357°, 45%, 80%
HSV	357°, 20%, 89%
XYZ	57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179
YIQ	195.6830, 26.1780, 10.1620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

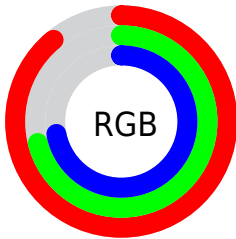
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	227, 182, 184
Decimal	14923448
CIE Lab	78.02, 16.53, 5.16
CIE LCh	78, 17.314, 17.330
Yxy	53.2475, 0.3502, 0.3268
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293113528 (0xFFE3B6B8)
YUV	195.6830, -5.7597, 27.4650
Hunter-Lab	72.9709, 11.8756, 8.3267

# Details

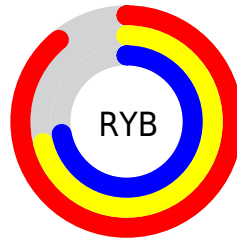
The XYZ color **57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **60.3532, 70.3207, 81.6299**, and the grayscale version is **52.3031, 55.0270, 59.9244**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.5427, 88.7003, 94.9450**, and **28.7416, 25.9971, 24.9758** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.6785, 43.8521, 40.1194**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.5432, 64.2943, 67.2064**.

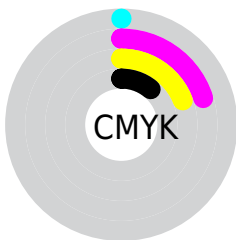
# Distribution



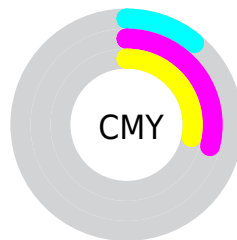
- Red (89%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (28%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 57.0582, 53.2475,  
52.6179

 57.0582, 53.2475,  
52.6179


403.6780,  
399.2340, 413.8421

 41.2923, 38.0004,  
37.1122


 99.6810, 94.9685,  
95.4777

 28.7362, 25.9830,  
24.9979


127.2685,  
122.2111, 123.6689

 19.0246, 16.8109,  
15.8565


159.5274,  
154.2210, 156.9257

 11.7922, 10.0998,  
9.2694

196.8228,  
191.3827, 195.6666

 6.6735, 5.4652,  
4.8181

239.5203,  
234.0804, 240.3101

 3.3033, 2.5227,  
2.0841

287.9851,

 1.3161, 0.8880,

282.6986, 291.2748

0.6063

342.5825,  
337.6216, 348.9793

■ 0.1952, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 57.0582, 53.2475,  
52.6179

■ 57.0582, 53.2475,  
52.6179

■ 50.6785, 43.8521,  
40.1194

■ 64.5432, 64.2943,  
67.2064

■ 45.3475, 36.0220,  
29.6122

■ 73.1776, 77.0588,  
83.9709

■ 41.0104, 29.6743,  
20.9943

■ 83.0087, 91.6126,  
102.9967

■ 37.6057, 24.7157,  
14.1537

■ 85.4887, 95.0710,  
108.4525

■ 35.0649, 21.0420,  
8.9664

■ 33.3103, 18.5346,  
5.2925

■ 32.2499, 17.0530,  
2.9689

■ 31.7404, 16.3627,  
1.7857

■ 31.7339, 16.3530,  
1.7730

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.2062, 53.2475, 62.1481



57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179



55.1351, 53.2475, 45.3629

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179



45.9890, 53.2475, 46.2760



49.2008, 53.2475, 78.0565

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179



60.3532, 70.3207, 81.6299

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.3398, 53.2475, 72.7375



57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179



44.5417, 53.2475, 53.9977

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179



48.7024, 53.2475, 41.9904



44.6672, 53.2475, 63.6892



52.5671, 53.2475, 77.5807



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179



53.1516, 53.2475, 42.4696



44.6672, 53.2475, 63.6892



48.1511, 53.2475, 76.8642

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.0597, 53.2499, 52.6190



88.0963, 89.7175, 95.4073



61.5680, 54.9718, 80.0390



18.7014, 18.9744, 20.1203



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.0597, 53.2499, 52.6190



70.5098, 63.7636, 61.1234



61.3028, 62.0686, 53.0085



14.4028, 14.3783, 15.0554



18.5184, 9.5416, 1.0930



1.3776, 0.7088, 0.1292



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.0597, 53.2499, 52.6190



70.5098, 63.7636, 61.1234



55.4109, 59.9978, 81.3336



14.4028, 14.3783, 15.0554



18.5184, 9.5416, 1.0930

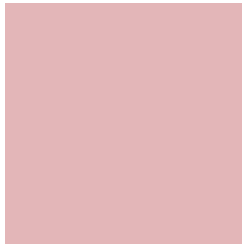


1.3776, 0.7088, 0.1292



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

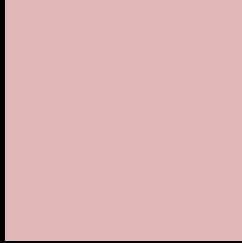
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

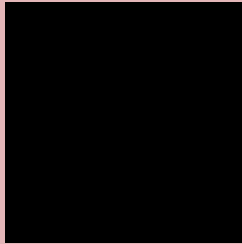
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.0582, 53.2475,

52.6179.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179

### Protanopia

51.1699, 53.2873, 56.3037

### Deuteranopia

54.6365, 53.5585, 52.2579



## **Tritanopia**

58.0538, 53.0315, 58.2153

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179

## Protanomaly

53.0727, 53.0072, 55.0111

## Deuteranomaly

55.4114, 53.3325, 52.1734

## Tritanomaly

57.8130, 53.2594, 55.9482

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179

## Achromatopsia

52.4687, 55.2011, 60.1140

## Achromatomaly

53.8774, 54.3328, 57.5168

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 182, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 182, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 182, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 182, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 182, 184) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 182, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 182, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 182, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 182, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 182,  
184) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.0582, 53.2475, 52.6179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 182, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
182, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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