

Converting Colors

XYZ(57.2223, 59.7546, 66.5786)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(57.2223, 59.7546, 66.5786)
contains.

XYZ(57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**XYZ(57.2772, 59.9570,
66.3116)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCCBCD
RGB	204, 203, 205
RGB Percent	80%, 80%, 80%
CMY	0.2000, 0.2039, 0.1961
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	270°, 2%, 80%
HSV	270°, 1%, 80%
XYZ	57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116
YIQ	203.5270, -0.0460, 0.8340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	204, 203, 205
Decimal	13421517
CIELab	81.81, 0.71, -0.88
CIELCh	82, 1.134, 309.005
Yxy	59.9570, 0.3121, 0.3267
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291611597 (0xFFCCCCBCD)
YUV	203.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148
Hunter-Lab	77.4319, -3.4675, 3.4272

Details

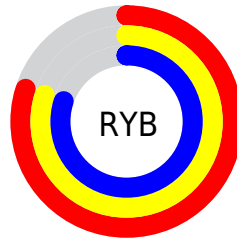
The XYZ color **57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.5149, 60.8134, 65.2098**, and the grayscale version is **57.0932, 60.0664, 65.4124**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **28.9110, 30.2133, 33.5861** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.0308, 49.5049, 64.6770**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.3527, 71.7902, 68.1709**.

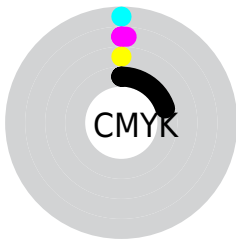
Distribution



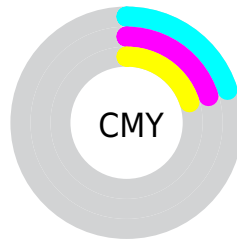
- Red (80%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.2772, 59.9570,
66.3116

■ 57.2772, 59.9570,
66.3116

404.4846,
424.4393, 465.9250

■ 41.4688, 43.3840,
48.0673

99.9986, 104.7673,
115.5647

■ 28.8749, 30.1865,
33.5198

127.6423,
133.7733, 147.4106

■ 19.1300, 19.9802,
22.2506

159.9619,
167.6925, 184.6275

■ 11.8688, 12.3806,
13.8411

197.3226,
206.9092, 227.6338

■ 6.7260, 7.0035,
7.8727

240.0899,
251.8079, 276.8482

■ 3.3361, 3.4643,
3.9270

288.6291,

■ 1.3339, 1.3787,

302.7728, 332.6892

1.5854

343.3055,
360.1885, 395.5753

■ 0.2084, 0.2009,
0.2804

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 57.2772, 59.9570,
66.3116

■ 57.2772, 59.9570,
66.3116

■ 50.0308, 49.5049,
64.6770

■ 65.3527, 71.7902,
68.1709

■ 43.5800, 40.3745,
63.2546

■ 74.2793, 85.0457,
70.2590

■ 37.8961, 32.5134,
62.0368

■ 80.9766, 93.5570,
71.5489

■ 32.9471, 25.8626,
61.0140

■ 84.4617, 95.3537,
71.7120

■ 28.6981, 20.3585,
60.1755

■ 88.0196, 97.1878,
71.8785

■ 25.1113, 15.9313,
59.5100

■ 22.1447, 12.5033,
59.0047

■ 19.7508, 9.9862,
58.6450

■ 17.8739, 8.2747,
58.4136

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.0593, 59.9570, 66.5922



57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116



57.4177, 59.9570, 65.7559

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116



57.1522, 59.9570, 64.0613



56.5344, 59.9570, 65.4893

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116



57.5149, 60.8134, 65.2098

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.5591, 59.9570, 64.8123



57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116



56.9154, 59.9570, 63.9910

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116



57.3454, 59.9570, 64.4577



56.6984, 59.9570, 64.2651



56.6308, 59.9570, 66.1153

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116



57.4483, 59.9570, 65.3059



56.6984, 59.9570, 64.2651



56.5289, 59.9570, 65.2601

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.2789, 59.9596, 66.3129

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



57.2511, 60.3081, 66.3816



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.2789, 59.9596, 66.3129



93.7735, 98.1423, 108.6087



57.5447, 60.0966, 66.3253



12.4718, 13.0578, 14.4334



10.4033, 4.5707, 36.2902



0.6242, 0.2809, 1.8763

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.4340, 60.0534, 65.6942



94.0376, 98.3021, 107.5550



57.2507, 60.6772, 65.1974



12.5043, 13.0775, 14.3036



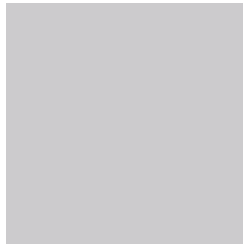
17.2357, 8.7049, 8.9598



0.9275, 0.4644, 0.6640

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

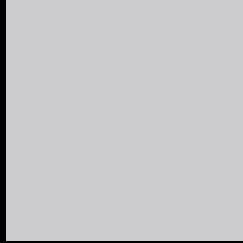
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

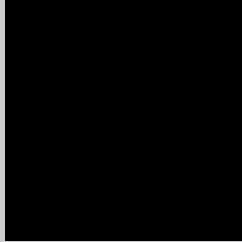
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

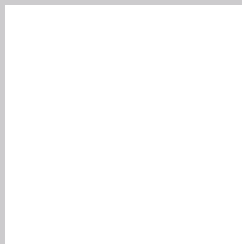
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116.

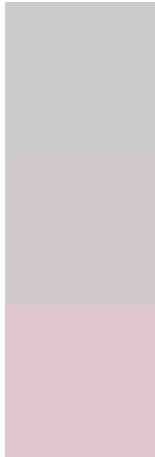


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.2772, 59.9570,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116

Protanopia

57.5936, 59.7706, 66.2590

Deuteranopia

61.2310, 59.9183, 66.7307



Tritanopia

58.8646, 59.9049, 74.1059

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116

Protanomaly

57.3168, 59.6280, 66.2460

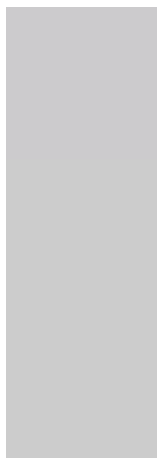
Deuteranomaly

59.5883, 59.7502, 66.7848

Tritanomaly

58.3076, 60.0243, 71.4635

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116

Achromatopsia

57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568

Achromatomaly

57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(204, 203, 205) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 203, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 203, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 203, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 203, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 203, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 203, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 203, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 203, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 203,  
205) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.2772, 59.9570, 66.3116 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 203, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
203, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor