

Converting Colors

XYZ(57.2387, 60.9634, 65.3849)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(57.2387, 60.9634, 65.3849)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(57.2079, 61.0110,
65.2610)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CACECB
RGB	202, 206, 203
RGB Percent	79%, 81%, 80%
CMY	0.2078, 0.1921, 0.2039
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.01, 0.19
HSL	135°, 4%, 80%
HSV	135°, 2%, 81%
XYZ	57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610
YIQ	204.4620, -1.4210, -1.7810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

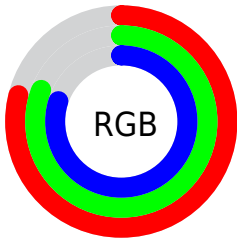
Format	Color
R_{YB}	202, 205, 206
Decimal	13291211
CIE Lab	82.38, -1.91, 1.00
CIE LCh	82, 2.159, 152.368
Yxy	61.0110, 0.3118, 0.3325
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291481291 (0xFFCACECB)
YUV	204.4620, -0.7208, -2.1592
Hunter-Lab	78.1095, -5.9572, 5.1395

Details

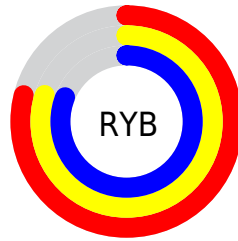
The XYZ color **57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.5958, 59.7722, 66.2622**, and the grayscale version is **57.6934, 60.6979, 66.1000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **28.8658, 30.9223, 32.8810** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.2510, 57.6286, 55.7964**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.0960, 64.8557, 75.7302**.

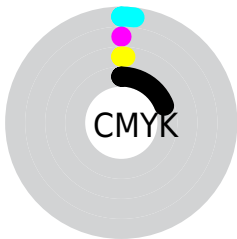
Distribution



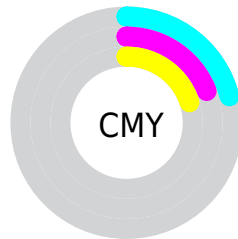
- Red (79%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.2079, 61.0110,
65.2610

■ 57.2079, 61.0110,
65.2610

404.2295,
428.3143, 462.0612

■ 41.4130, 44.2340,
47.2201

99.8981, 106.2949,
114.0419

■ 28.8310, 30.8545,
32.8541

127.5241,
135.5706, 145.6189

■ 19.0967, 20.4881,
21.7445

159.8244,
169.7813, 182.5450

■ 11.8446, 12.7504,
13.4727

197.1645,
209.3115, 225.2388

■ 6.7094, 7.2569,
7.6203

239.9097,
254.5455, 274.1188

■ 3.3257, 3.6233,
3.7687

288.4254,

■ 1.3283, 1.4651,

305.8677, 329.6034

1.4993

343.0768,
363.6625, 392.1114

■ 0.2042, 0.2640,
0.2174

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 57.2079, 61.0110,
65.2610

■ 57.2079, 61.0110,
65.2610

■ 50.2510, 57.6286,
55.7964

■ 65.0960, 64.8557,
75.7302

■ 44.1856, 54.6835,
47.3027

■ 73.9428, 69.1710,
87.2281

■ 38.9764, 52.1598,
39.7504

■ 80.4682, 72.2673,
99.6284

■ 34.5842, 50.0381,
33.1069

■ 81.3625, 72.6250,
104.3375

■ 30.9665, 48.2970,
27.3377

■ 28.0767, 46.9134,
22.4062

■ 25.8632, 45.8615,
18.2731

■ 24.2673, 45.1119,
14.8960

■ 23.2195, 44.6297,
12.2282

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.5162, 61.0110, 64.3109



57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610



57.1086, 61.0110, 66.5355

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610



58.0257, 61.0110, 68.9976



58.7405, 61.0110, 65.0817

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610



57.5958, 59.7722, 66.2622

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.8787, 61.0110, 66.3258



57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610



58.4646, 61.0110, 68.5964

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610



57.5793, 61.0110, 68.7035



58.7774, 61.0110, 67.6141



58.4009, 61.0110, 64.2084

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610



57.1738, 61.0110, 67.4007



58.7774, 61.0110, 67.6141



58.8121, 61.0110, 65.4699

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.2096, 61.0136, 65.2623



93.8115, 99.3970, 107.2423



57.9297, 61.3986, 64.6757



20.0926, 21.2814, 22.9718



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.2096, 61.0136, 65.2623



92.5886, 98.8015, 105.6014



57.4418, 61.1065, 66.4852



12.3255, 13.1390, 14.0626



13.9982, 27.3446, 6.6755



0.7535, 1.4232, 0.5094

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.5958, 59.7722, 66.2622



93.2401, 96.7073, 107.2881



57.3635, 59.6792, 65.0388



12.4059, 12.8807, 14.2706



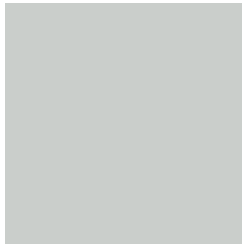
19.3334, 9.5439, 20.0060



1.0266, 0.5040, 1.1859

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

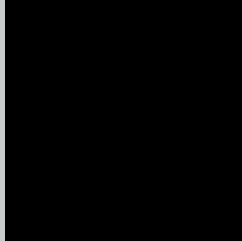
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

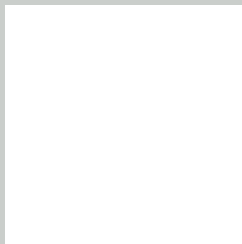
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.2079, 61.0110,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610

Protanopia

58.5480, 61.0053, 64.5665

Deuteranopia

62.2649, 60.8035, 66.2121



Tritanopia

59.4510, 60.8583, 76.3236

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610

Protanomaly

57.9456, 61.0487, 64.6066

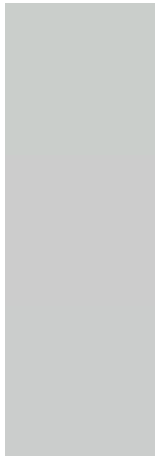
Deuteranomaly

60.4010, 60.8846, 65.6952

Tritanomaly

58.6323, 60.8781, 72.2787

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610

Achromatopsia

57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568

Achromatomaly

57.3590, 60.7188, 65.8235

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(202, 206, 203) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 206, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 206, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 206, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 206, 203) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 206, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 206, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 206, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 206, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 206,  
203) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.2079, 61.0110, 65.2610 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 206, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
206, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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