

Converting Colors

XYZ(57.2970, 60.9022, 64.8951)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(57.2970, 60.9022, 64.8951)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(57.3606, 61.1034,
64.6480)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBCECA
RGB	203, 206, 202
RGB Percent	80%, 81%, 79%
CMY	0.2039, 0.1921, 0.2078
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.02, 0.19
HSL	105°, 4%, 80%
HSV	105°, 2%, 81%
XYZ	57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480
YIQ	204.6470, -0.5040, -1.8800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

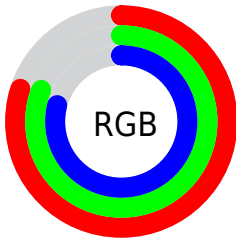
Format	Color
R _Y B	202, 206, 205
Decimal	13356746
CIE Lab	82.43, -1.75, 1.62
CIE LCh	82, 2.384, 137.296
Yxy	61.1034, 0.3133, 0.3337
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291546826 (0xFFCBCECA)
YUV	204.6470, -1.3050, -1.4444
Hunter-Lab	78.1687, -5.8109, 5.6833

Details

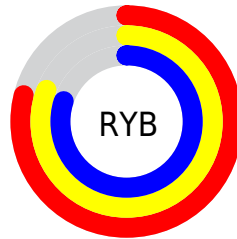
The XYZ color **57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.4402, 59.6780, 66.8872**, and the grayscale version is **57.8139, 60.8247, 66.2381**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **28.9680, 30.9842, 32.4707** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.0817, 58.1315, 52.4603**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.3883, 64.4271, 78.5730**.

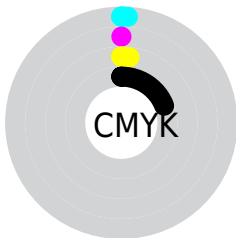
Distribution



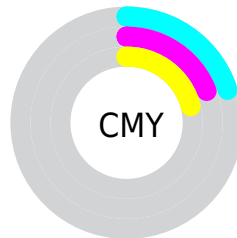
- Red (80%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.3606, 61.1034,
64.6480

■ 57.3606, 61.1034,
64.6480

404.7915,
428.6530, 459.7975

■ 41.5361, 44.3086,
46.7262

100.1195,
106.4286, 113.1521

■ 28.9277, 30.9132,
32.4664

127.7846,
135.7279, 144.5714

■ 19.1702, 20.5328,
21.4503

160.1272,
169.9641, 181.3270

■ 11.8980, 12.7829,
13.2591

197.5128,
209.5216, 223.8373

■ 6.7460, 7.2792,
7.4744

240.3067,
254.7849, 272.5210

■ 3.3487, 3.6373,
3.6776

288.8742,

■ 1.3407, 1.4728,

306.1383, 327.7966

1.4502

343.5807,
363.9662, 390.0826

■ 0.2134, 0.2695,
0.1804

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 57.3606, 61.1034,
64.6480

■ 57.3606, 61.1034,
64.6480

■ 51.0817, 58.1315,
52.4603

■ 64.3883, 64.4271,
78.5730

■ 45.5213, 55.4922,
41.9379

■ 72.1833, 68.1057,
94.2956

■ 40.6547, 53.1759,
33.0096

■ 79.3201, 71.5721,
104.2419

■ 36.4538, 51.1700,
25.5976

■ 81.3625, 72.6250,
104.3375

■ 32.8885, 49.4607,
19.6176

■ 29.9263, 48.0332,
14.9769

■ 27.5314, 46.8715,
11.5722

■ 25.6642, 45.9576,
9.2846

■ 24.2789, 45.2711,
7.9725

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.7864, 61.1034, 63.8904



57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480



57.1273, 61.1034, 65.9166

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480



57.8619, 61.1034, 69.3036



59.0166, 61.1034, 65.7013

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480



57.4402, 59.6780, 66.8872

Split Complementary

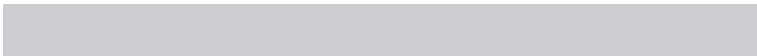
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.0371, 61.1034, 67.1496



57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480



58.3684, 61.1034, 69.2438

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480



57.4156, 61.1034, 68.6126



58.7992, 61.1034, 68.4507



58.7433, 61.1034, 64.4923

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480



57.1114, 61.1034, 66.8878



58.7992, 61.1034, 68.4507



59.0533, 61.1034, 66.1759

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.3623, 61.1060, 64.6493



93.9418, 99.4758, 106.7193



57.9481, 61.0514, 64.6079



20.1191, 21.2974, 22.8653



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.3623, 61.1060, 64.6493



92.8460, 98.9574, 104.5675



57.2098, 61.0136, 65.2629



12.3573, 13.1582, 13.9349



14.5213, 27.6613, 4.5738



0.8207, 1.4639, 0.2393

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.4402, 59.6780, 66.8872



92.9774, 96.5483, 108.3430



57.5958, 59.7722, 66.2617



12.3735, 12.8611, 14.4007



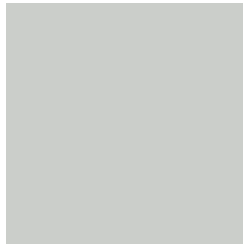
15.2227, 7.0551, 36.5157



0.8520, 0.3984, 1.8869

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

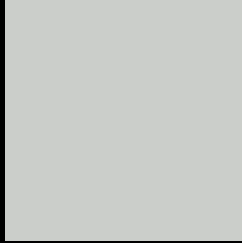
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

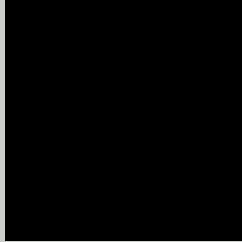
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

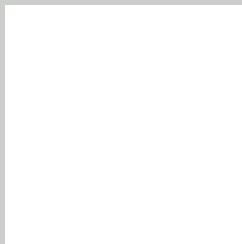
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.3606, 61.1034,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480

Protanopia

58.7138, 61.1044, 63.9581

Deuteranopia

62.1445, 60.7554, 65.5783



Tritanopia

59.5957, 60.9482, 75.6410

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480

Protanomaly

58.1061, 61.1451, 63.9980

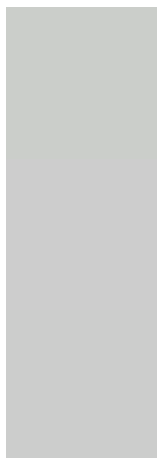
Deuteranomaly

60.2814, 60.8368, 65.0654

Tritanomaly

58.7799, 60.9690, 71.6209

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480

Achromatopsia

58.0276, 61.0496, 66.4830

Achromatomaly

57.6322, 60.8596, 65.8363

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(203, 206, 202) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 206, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 206, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 206, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 206, 202) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 206, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 206, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 206, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 206, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 206,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.3606, 61.1034, 64.6480 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 206, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
206, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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