

# Converting Colors

XYZ(57.3177, 61.9362, 65.7501)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(57.3177, 61.9362, 65.7501)  
contains.

**XYZ(57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271) ..... 3**

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# Color

**XYZ(57.2744, 61.7507,  
66.0271)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	C8D0CC
RGB	200, 208, 204
RGB Percent	78%, 82%, 80%
CMY	0.2157, 0.1843, 0.2000
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.02, 0.18
HSL	150°, 8%, 80%
HSV	150°, 4%, 82%
XYZ	57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271
YIQ	205.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

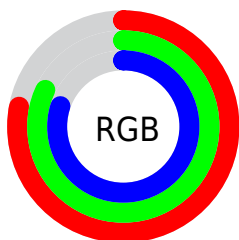
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">200, 205, 208</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13160652</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">82.78, -3.46, 1.03</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">83, 3.606, 163.453</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">61.7507, 0.3095, 0.3337</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291350732</a> (0xFFC8D0CC)
YUV	<a href="#">205.1520, -0.5679, -4.5183</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">78.5816, -7.4177, 5.1895</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.5681, 59.0798, 65.4992**, and the grayscale version is **58.1316, 61.1589, 66.6021**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **28.9147, 31.4242, 33.3957** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.8863, 58.5987, 59.4304**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.5052, 65.3310, 73.1010**.

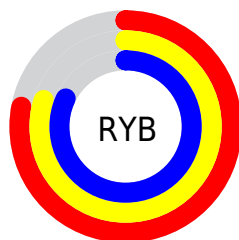
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (82%)

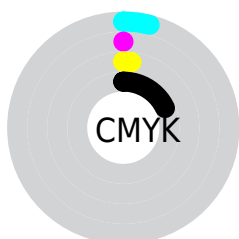
Blue (80%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (82%)

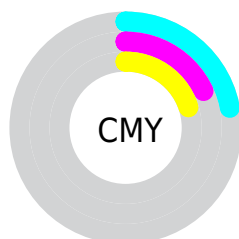


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (18%)


Yellow (20%)


# Brightness & Saturation

## Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 57.2744, 61.7507,  
66.0271

 57.2744, 61.7507,  
66.0271


404.4743,  
431.0211, 464.8807

 41.4666, 44.8313,  
47.8378


99.9945, 107.3651,  
115.1526

 28.8731, 31.3246,  
33.3394

127.6375,  
136.8290, 146.9259

 19.1287, 20.8461,  
22.1133

159.9563,  
171.2430, 184.0642

 11.8678, 13.0116,  
13.7411

197.3162,  
210.9918, 226.9861

 6.7253, 7.4365,  
7.8041

240.0826,  
256.4596, 276.1102

 3.3357, 3.7366,  
3.8839


288.6209,


 1.3337, 1.5273,


308.0308, 331.8549


1.5619


343.2963,  
366.0898, 394.6389

 0.2082, 0.3078,  
0.2634

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 57.2744, 61.7507,  
66.0271


 57.2744, 61.7507,  
66.0271


 50.8863, 58.5987,  
59.4304


 64.5052, 65.3310,  
73.1010


 45.3038, 55.8507,  
53.2970

 72.6036, 69.3470,  
80.6578

 40.4945, 53.4922,  
47.6179

 78.8236, 72.3847,  
88.5781

 36.4219, 51.5043,  
42.3825

 80.3734, 73.0046,  
96.7390

■ 33.0465, 49.8671,  
37.5796

■ 81.8470, 73.5940,  
104.4990

■ 30.3247, 48.5581,  
33.1976

■ 28.2079, 47.5526,  
29.2243

■ 26.6402, 46.8220,  
25.6465

■ 25.5540, 46.3317,  
22.4504

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.6726, 61.7507, 64.1833



57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271



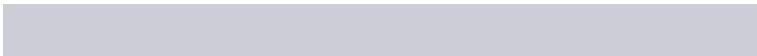
57.2539, 61.7507, 68.2344

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271



59.0398, 61.7507, 71.4754



59.7813, 61.7507, 64.3415

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271



57.5681, 59.0798, 65.4992

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.1544, 61.7507, 66.2474



57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271



59.7237, 61.7507, 70.3840

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271



58.2685, 61.7507, 71.4132



60.1332, 61.7507, 68.4596



59.1179, 61.7507, 63.2250

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271



57.4569, 61.7507, 69.6177



60.1332, 61.7507, 68.4596



59.9451, 61.7507, 64.9093

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.2761, 61.7533, 66.0285



93.9133, 99.4377, 107.7784



57.9218, 62.1409, 63.5862



20.1133, 21.2897, 23.0809



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

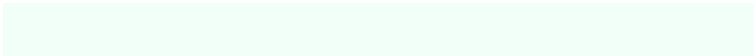


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.2761, 61.7533, 66.0285



89.5038, 97.2575, 103.3691



57.7462, 61.9414, 68.5039



12.4420, 13.5715, 14.3819



15.6627, 28.7580, 13.1361



0.9158, 1.6240, 0.9454



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.5681, 59.0798, 65.4992



90.1075, 91.7295, 102.2749



57.1095, 58.8964, 63.0845



12.5360, 12.7111, 14.2115



17.8200, 9.0008, 9.2241

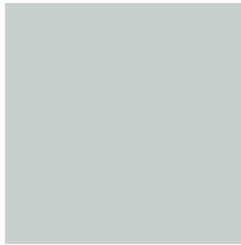


1.0364, 0.5193, 0.7267



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

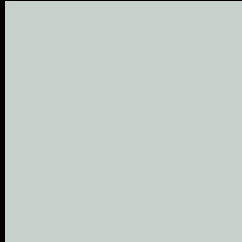
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

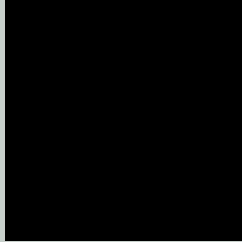
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

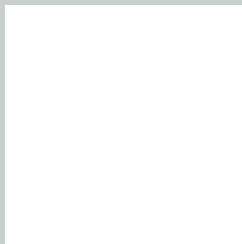
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271.



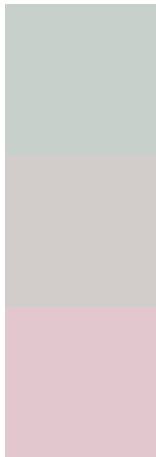
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.2744, 61.7507,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271

### Protanopia

59.0703, 61.6285, 64.6593

### Deuteranopia

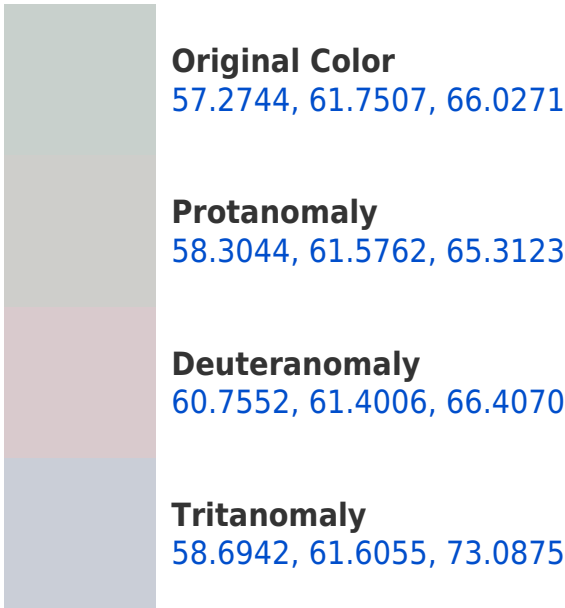
62.9280, 61.4718, 66.9411



## Tritanopia

59.6447, 61.6331, 77.8600

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(200, 208, 204) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 208, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 208, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 208, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 208, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 208, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 208, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 208, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 208, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 208,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.2744, 61.7507, 66.0271 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 208, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
208, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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