

Converting Colors

XYZ(57.3390, 61.8099, 63.5991)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(57.3390, 61.8099, 63.5991)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(57.3383, 61.8384,
63.5575)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CAD0C8
RGB	202, 208, 200
RGB Percent	79%, 82%, 78%
CMY	0.2078, 0.1843, 0.2157
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.04, 0.18
HSL	105°, 8%, 80%
HSV	105°, 4%, 82%
XYZ	57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575
YIQ	205.2940, -1.0080, -3.7600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

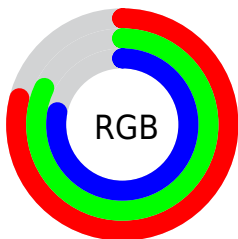
Format	Color
R_{YB}	200, 208, 206
Decimal	13291720
CIE _{Lab}	82.83, -3.50, 3.24
CIE _{LCh}	83, 4.773, 137.173
Yxy	61.8384, 0.3138, 0.3384
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291481800 (0xFFCAD0C8)
YUV	205.2940, -2.6099, -2.8888
Hunter-Lab	78.6374, -7.4625, 7.1259

Details

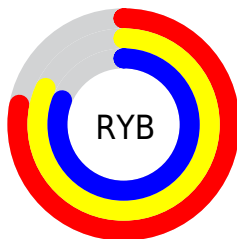
The XYZ color **57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.4954, 58.9861, 68.0328**, and the grayscale version is **58.2335, 61.2661, 66.7188**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **28.9567, 31.4824, 31.7447** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.0607, 58.8660, 51.4256**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.3771, 65.1685, 77.4541**.

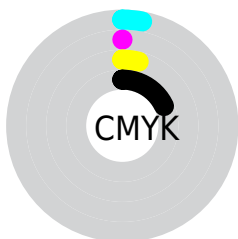
Distribution



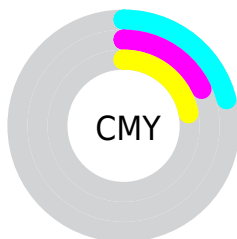
- Red (79%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.3383, 61.8384,
63.5575

■ 57.3383, 61.8384,
63.5575

404.7095,
431.3414, 455.7535

■ 41.5181, 44.9021,
45.8485

100.0872,
107.4919, 111.5667

■ 28.9136, 31.3803,
31.7785

127.7465,
136.9780, 142.7041

■ 19.1594, 20.8886,
20.9289

160.0830,
171.4161, 179.1545

■ 11.8902, 13.0426,
12.8813

197.4620,
211.1907, 221.3367

■ 6.7406, 7.4579,
7.2171

240.2487,
256.6861, 269.6692

■ 3.3453, 3.7501,
3.5177

288.8087,

■ 1.3389, 1.5348,

308.2868, 324.5704

1.3647

343.5071,
366.3771, 386.4590

■ 0.2120, 0.3130,
0.1140

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 57.3383, 61.8384,
63.5575

■ 57.3383, 61.8384,
63.5575

■ 51.0607, 58.8660,
51.4256

■ 64.3771, 65.1685,
77.4541

■ 45.5132, 56.2315,
40.9838

■ 72.1964, 68.8596,
93.1777

■ 40.6701, 53.9251,
32.1583

■ 79.6064, 72.4390,
104.3942

■ 36.5023, 51.9336,
24.8682

■ 81.8471, 73.5941,
104.4990

■ 32.9785, 50.2427,
19.0258

■ 30.0649, 48.8371,
14.5342

■ 27.7243, 47.6999,
11.2850

■ 25.9149, 46.8125,
9.1530

■ 24.5884, 46.1531,
7.9864

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.1941, 61.8384, 62.0684



57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575



56.8699, 61.8384, 66.0830

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575



58.3380, 61.8384, 73.0011



60.6836, 61.8384, 65.6745

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575



57.4954, 58.9861, 68.0328

Split Complementary

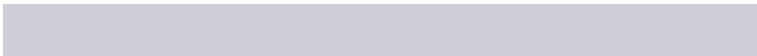
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.7232, 61.8384, 68.5957



57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575



59.3609, 61.8384, 72.8840

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575



57.4426, 61.8384, 71.5675



60.2366, 61.8384, 71.2520



60.1290, 61.8384, 63.2660

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575



56.8368, 61.8384, 68.0405



60.2366, 61.8384, 71.2520



60.7578, 61.8384, 66.6274

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.3400, 61.8411, 63.5588



93.9419, 99.4759, 106.7193



58.5116, 61.7253, 63.4748



20.1191, 21.2975, 22.8653



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.3400, 61.8411, 63.5588



89.6331, 97.4368, 98.2844



57.0378, 61.6581, 64.7735



12.4619, 13.5993, 13.5921



15.0151, 28.6095, 4.7308



0.9137, 1.6379, 0.2680

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.4954, 58.9861, 68.0328



89.9542, 91.5339, 107.5345



57.8095, 59.1763, 66.7703



12.5119, 12.6805, 15.0318



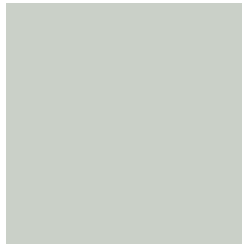
15.7364, 7.2927, 37.7707



0.9500, 0.4439, 2.1152

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

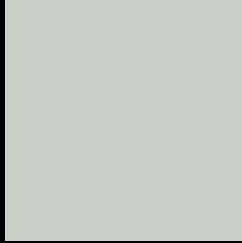
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

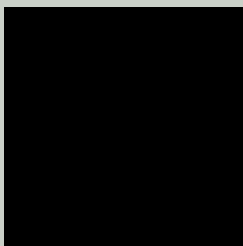
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

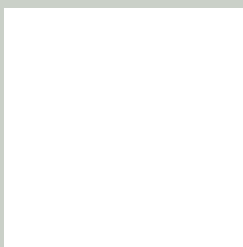
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575.

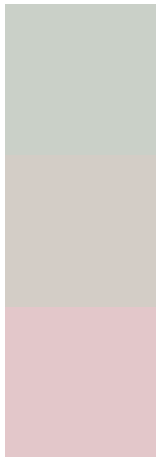


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.3383, 61.8384,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575

Protanopia

58.8883, 61.5887, 62.2101

Deuteranopia

62.7626, 61.4420, 64.4287



Tritanopia

60.0593, 61.8622, 77.1818

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575

Protanomaly

58.3925, 61.6760, 62.8599

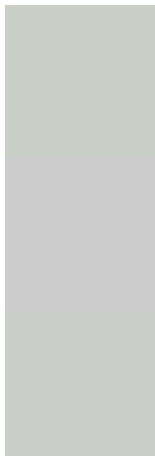
Deuteranomaly

60.5766, 61.3635, 63.9100

Tritanomaly

58.9834, 61.7841, 71.7676

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575

Achromatopsia

58.0276, 61.0496, 66.4830

Achromatomaly

57.7526, 61.2918, 65.2865

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 208, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 208, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 208, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 208, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 208, 200) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 208, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 208, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 208, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 208, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 208,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.3383, 61.8384, 63.5575 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 208, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
208, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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