

# Converting Colors

XYZ(57.3555, 70.0064, 33.5636)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(57.3555, 70.0064, 33.5636)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(57.2959, 69.8093,  
33.3764)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEE387
RGB	206, 227, 135
RGB Percent	81%, 89%, 53%
CMY	0.1922, 0.1098, 0.4706
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.41, 0.11
HSL	74°, 62%, 71%
HSV	74°, 41%, 89%
XYZ	57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764
YIQ	210.2330, 17.0160, -33.0640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

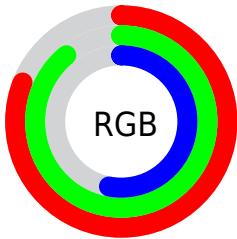
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	135, 227, 156
Decimal	13558663
CIELab	86.90, -21.17, 42.57
CIELCh	87, 47.543, 116.446
Yxy	69.8093, 0.3570, 0.4350
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291748743 (0xFFCEE387)
YUV	210.2330, -37.0899, -3.7123
Hunter-Lab	83.5520, -23.8092, 34.8019

# Details

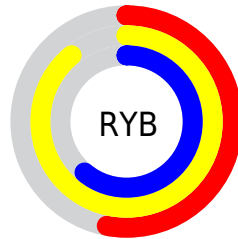
The XYZ color **57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **36.2421, 29.9438, 76.5467**, and the grayscale version is **61.6415, 64.8517, 70.6235**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.1853, 96.4541, 62.2192**, and **28.8915, 36.6136, 13.7280** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.4504, 68.5100, 25.7715**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.5331, 71.2756, 42.7811**.

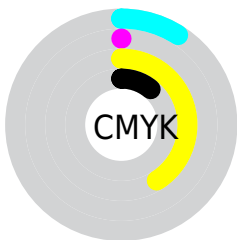
# Distribution



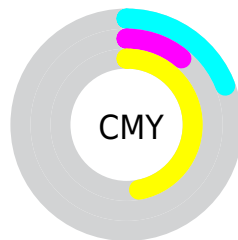
- Red (81%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 57.2959, 69.8093,  
33.3764

■ 57.2959, 69.8093,  
33.3764

404.5534,  
459.8801, 332.0263

■ 41.4839, 51.3711,  
22.1415

■ 100.0257,  
118.9368, 66.0855

■ 28.8867, 36.5040,  
13.7616

■ 127.6742,  
150.3948, 88.3968

■ 19.1390, 24.8237,  
7.8182

■ 159.9989,  
186.9616, 115.2372

■ 11.8754, 15.9458,  
3.8927

197.3653,  
229.0215, 147.0254

■ 6.7305, 9.4858,  
1.5667

240.1385,  
276.9589, 184.1799

■ 3.3389, 5.0594,  
0.2669

288.6841,

■ 1.3354, 2.2821,

331.1582, 227.1191

0.0000

343.3672,  
392.0038, 276.2618

■ 0.2095, 0.7642,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 57.2959, 69.8093,  
33.3764

■ 57.2959, 69.8093,  
33.3764

■ 54.4504, 68.5100,  
25.7715

■ 60.5331, 71.2756,  
42.7811

■ 51.9691, 67.3595,  
19.8468


■ 64.1772, 72.9077,  
54.0861


■ 49.8290, 66.3507,  
15.4753


■ 68.2487, 74.7164,  
67.3897


■ 48.0015, 65.4724,  
12.5102

■ 72.7652, 76.7088,  
82.7823


 46.4531, 64.7109,  
10.7761


 77.7433, 78.8914,  
100.3487

 45.1896, 64.0757,  
9.9861

 80.4781, 80.1825,  
105.8429

 82.2347, 81.0881,  
105.9251

 84.0418, 82.0196,  
106.0096

 85.8997, 82.9774,  
106.0966

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.6831, 69.8093, 29.8799



57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764



50.1118, 69.8093, 46.9916

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764



55.2435, 69.8093, 139.1517



90.0062, 69.8093, 79.8617

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764



36.2421, 29.9438, 76.5467

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.7680, 69.8093, 115.0341



57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764



65.0378, 69.8093, 154.7636

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764



49.0229, 69.8093, 106.6007



76.3146, 69.8093, 144.8977



87.3471, 69.8093, 51.9156



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764



47.6960, 69.8093, 62.5702



76.3146, 69.8093, 144.8977



89.3300, 69.8093, 91.2495

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.2976, 69.8124, 33.3779



87.9851, 96.8825, 84.8687



47.7645, 41.5027, 28.4160



18.6788, 20.6687, 17.6571



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

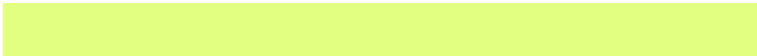


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.2976, 69.8124, 33.3779



71.3050, 89.3783, 34.6303



46.5561, 64.2749, 32.8752



15.2629, 16.6426, 15.3124



26.4593, 37.4218, 5.8286



2.0341, 2.8060, 0.4344



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.2421, 29.9438, 76.5467



40.2537, 30.5264, 98.3783



46.6010, 35.2840, 77.0315



13.8892, 14.0451, 18.1233



8.9909, 3.7008, 42.6236

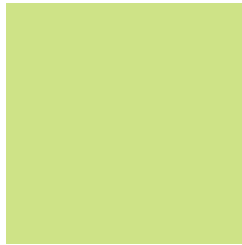


0.7442, 0.3146, 3.1535



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

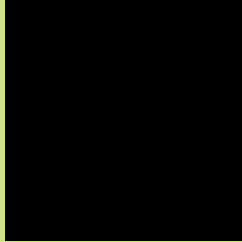
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764.



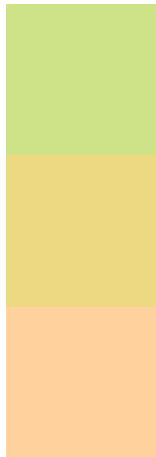
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.2959, 69.8093,

33.3764.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764

### Protanopia

64.1695, 69.4415, 31.4942

### Deuteranopia

70.0412, 69.2612, 41.1297



## Tritanopia

67.7794, 69.3325, 86.1541

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764

## Protanomaly

61.3853, 69.5476, 32.0185

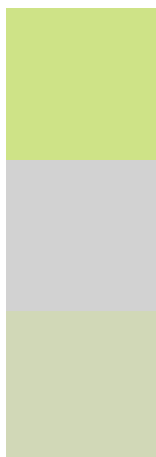
## Deuteranomaly

64.8262, 69.2544, 37.9677

## Tritanomaly

63.1411, 68.9904, 62.8119

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764

## Achromatopsia

61.2578, 64.4480, 70.1838

## Achromatomaly

59.3976, 66.0859, 54.4250

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 227, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 227, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 227, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 227, 135) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 227, 135) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 227, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 227, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 227, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 227, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 227,  
135) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.2959, 69.8093, 33.3764 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 227, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
227, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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