

# Converting Colors

XYZ(57.4323, 79.5029,  
137.3728)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(57.4323, 79.5029, 137.3728)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(53.4918, 78.1036,  
106.8639)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00FEFF
RGB	0, 254, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.0039, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 50%
HSV	180°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639
YIQ	178.1680, -151.7050, -53.5370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 127, 255
Decimal	65279
CIELab	90.83, -47.65, -14.57
CIELCh	91, 49.827, 197.004
Yxy	78.1036, 0.2243, 0.3275
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278255359 (0xFF00FEFF)
YUV	178.1680, 37.8782, -156.2533
Hunter-Lab	88.3762, -46.6171, -9.8297

# Details

The XYZ color **53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFFF**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **41.2521, 21.2835, 1.9361**, and the grayscale version is **42.2821, 44.4841, 48.4431**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.6952, 82.8049, 107.3390**, and **29.9330, 43.5571, 60.2558** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.4928, 78.1057, 106.8643**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.9399, 78.3833, 106.8943**.

# Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 53.4918, 78.1036,  
106.8639


 53.4918, 78.1036,  
106.8639


390.3992,  
488.5186, 603.4155


 38.4246, 58.1591,  
81.3964


 94.4889, 130.6962,  
172.6921


 26.4911, 41.9366,  
60.3352


 121.1495,  
164.1130, 213.8898

 17.3260, 29.0516,  
43.2618


 152.4053,  
202.7894, 261.1681

 10.5639, 19.1199,  
29.7577

 188.6216,  
247.1097, 314.9453

 5.8395, 11.7569,  
19.4042

230.1638,  
297.4584, 375.6402

 2.7875, 6.5784,  
11.7830

277.3972,

 1.0424, 3.1999,

354.2199, 443.6711

6.4753

330.6872,  
417.7785, 519.4567

■ 0.0000, 1.2369,  
3.0628

■ 0.0000, 0.0916,  
1.1268

■ 53.4918, 78.1036,  
106.8639

■ 53.4918, 78.1036,  
106.8639

■ 53.4928, 78.1057,  
106.8643

■ 53.9399, 78.3833,  
106.8943

■ 54.9254, 78.9383,  
106.9495

■ 56.6144, 79.8561,  
107.0376

■ 59.1078, 81.1885,  
107.1634

■ 62.4899, 82.9791,  
107.3307

■ 66.8344, 85.2659,  
107.5432

■ 72.2075, 88.0829,  
107.8037

■ 78.6694, 91.4613,  
108.1152

■ 86.2758, 95.4297,  
108.4803

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.1420, 78.1036, 70.4453



53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639



58.9835, 78.1036, 146.1689

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639



93.2932, 78.1036, 141.3263



79.7877, 78.1036, 33.9603

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639



41.2521, 21.2835, 1.9361

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91.9123, 78.1036, 43.8908



53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639



100.2802, 78.1036, 101.5264

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639



81.5080, 78.1036, 169.5906



99.7481, 78.1036, 66.4127



67.4083, 78.1036, 34.6423



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639



65.2126, 78.1036, 165.7108



99.7481, 78.1036, 66.4127



84.0537, 78.1036, 36.0161

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.4939, 78.1064, 106.8644



72.1897, 88.0736, 107.8028



35.7614, 71.5207, 11.9223



14.9393, 18.5830, 23.0494



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.4939, 78.1064, 106.8644



53.4928, 78.1057, 106.8643



25.7101, 22.5387, 97.6031



18.5485, 20.4686, 23.2232



27.9540, 40.8176, 55.8398



2.7237, 3.9781, 5.4376



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.1308, 28.4177, 96.1375



59.1299, 28.4160, 96.1370



48.8995, 36.5784, 4.4853



18.7895, 18.2991, 22.7746



30.8981, 14.8485, 50.2412

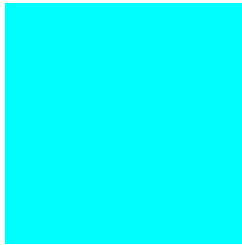


3.0094, 1.4461, 4.8969



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

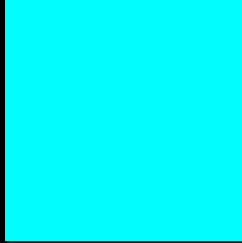
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

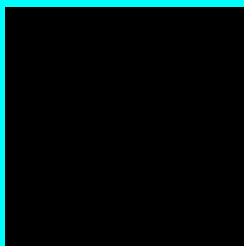
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639.



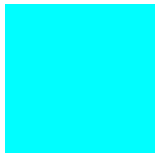
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.4918, 78.1036,



# Color Blindness Simulation

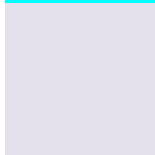
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639



### Protanopia

74.2062, 76.4588, 90.9677



### Deuteranopia

77.1263, 76.4515, 105.2994



## Tritanopia

62.7510, 77.3997, 106.2400

# Trichromacy



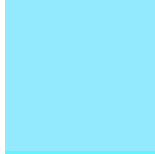
## Original Color

53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639



## Protanomaly

58.0016, 72.5423, 96.5330



## Deuteranomaly

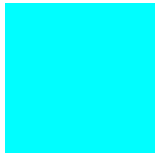
59.5054, 72.2687, 105.4207



## Tritanomaly

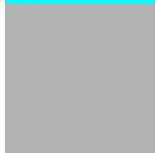
55.9355, 75.6729, 106.2660

# Monochromacy



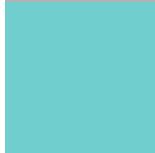
## Original Color

53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639



## Achromatopsia

42.3164, 44.5201, 48.4824



## Achromatomaly

40.0219, 52.1096, 66.3413

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 254, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 254, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 254, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 254, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 254, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 254, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 254, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 254, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 254, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 254,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.4918, 78.1036, 106.8639 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 254, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 254,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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